THE

DONNELL FAMILY.

A

HISTORY AND GENEALOGY

OF THE

DESCENDANTS OF THOMAS DONNELL,

OF SCOTLAND.

GENEALOGICAL SOCIETY

OF THE CHURCH OF JESUS CHRIST

OF LATTER BAY SAINTS

CAMILLA DONNELL

34281

EMMA A. DONNELL

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"A people which takes no pride in the noble achievements of remote ancestors will never achieve anything worthy to be remembered with pride by remote descendants."

—Mancaulay.

PREFACE.

Various expedients have been adopted by writers of family histories to prevent the confusion incident to the repetition of Christian names, and the entanglements of different lines of descent. The writers of this volume have given to each lineal descendant an individual number corresponding to the order in which his or her name occurs. Those related to the family by marriage are not numbered. These numbers come before the name, while the number of the generation to which it belongs follows the name. Following, in brackets, are the names and generation numbers of the three preceding ancestors. Such abbreviations as b., for born; d., for died, etc., are used. Two indexes present in alphabetic order first, the christian names of all whose surname is Donnell, or, in case of women, was so before marriage; second, the surnames of those born to another name. The indexes refer both to the generation number and the page, where the genealogy is given.

It is hardly necessary to state that, before the actual composition was begun, a great deal of preliminary work had to be performed. Hundreds of letters were written. Libraries were consulted in Chicago, Indianapolis, New York, Washington and other points. Innumerable telephone and personal calls had to be made. All this work, and what yet remains, has been undertaken without thought of remuneration; for the price, per copy, will represent only the cost of publication. The authors count their compensation only in the satisfaction of having preserved the history of present and preceding generations of their family, and of having helped its members, in their widely scattered homes, to a better acquaintance with their ancestors and each other, and to feel an honest pride in their blood, which has been thought an honorable distinction in all ages.

Hearty acknowledgments are herewith tendered to J. Q. Donnell, who wrote many of the most important historical sketches; and to all others who have in any way contributed to this work. Space permits mention of only a few cordial helpers, as follows: John M. Donnell, Carlisle, Ky.; Edith P. Hamilton, Kingston, Ind.; Mrs. Walter Elrod, Ockmulgee, Okla.; John A. Donnell, Los Angeles, Cal.; Ed. D. Donnell, Indianapolis, Ind.; Mrs. Edna Maddox, Chickasha, Okla., and many others.

Camilla Donnell, Emma A. Donnell.

INTRODUCTION.

The history of a family, as of an individual, requires some merit in the subject as an excuse for intruding itself upon the time and attention of its readers. The present work, which has been in contemplation several years, does not base its claim upon any great achievements, adventures, or remarkable records of any kind. It is a plain story of plain people. Yet the editors trust it may have at least a modest claim upon all friends of the family as well as its members. The lack of any thrilling episodes may be a loss of material to the historian without showing the lack of more sterling qualities in the subject. The Donnell family has kept remarkably close to the traditional Scotch instincts of its ancestors. It has ever been wary of doubtful undertakings, industrial, moral or religious. Perhaps for that reason it has achieved no phenomenal successes or reputations. But the average of comfortable living, sound thinking, helpfulness to others, and general good citizenship have been very creditable. Through many generations it has evidently not been unmindful of Scott's "Auld Laird" of Dumbedikes' deathbed advice to his son Jock, "to keep the gear thegither." Yet other and higher qualities have been dominant. There is a traditional phrase about "The Donnell caution," which younger members of the family sometimes resent, but think better of, when they are older. We naturally think of our strict Calvinistic ancestors as somewhat stern of mood, but one of the best and most characteristic traits of later generations has been a genial, lively temper, and a good old Athenian liking to "Hear or to tell some new thing." They have been called good talkers and good listeners, have generally managed to enjoy life themselves and to practice heartily the precept "Laugh and the world laughs with you."

The scope of the work has been carried beyond the genealogies to some sketches of the places where the family has resided in its various migrations, of its neighbors, its churches, its opinions on social and political questions, in order to give some notion of the tendencies that have contributed to quite unique family characteristics. Its anti-slavery record from the earliest agitation is most noteworthy, and is treated accordingly. Under the head of notes some old records and scraps of information are given. The lack of definite data on many interesting points is a shortcoming common to all

histories. It would have been gratifying, for instance, to trace our ancestry back to its home in Scotland, but this has so far been found impossible. We have gone far enough, at least, to prove that there is no danger of the cynic's suspicion that, his "Ancient, but ignoble blood. Had run through scoundrels ever since the Flood."

The Donnell History modestly craves the indulgent consideration of its readers.

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Oldest house in Decatur County, Indiana. Residence of Samuel Donnell, built 1823.

EARLY HISTORY

In preparing this sketch of the Donnell Family it is worth while to notice first, the great movement which brought its ancestors with thousands and thousands of other ancestors from the north of Ireland and Scotland to the United States. It is not unreasonable to say that millions of the most industrious, energetic and successful Americans are proud to trace their descent from some obscure participant in the great Scotch-Irish emigration that began with the Eighteenth Century. While the causes that led to this famous migration were more pressing in Ireland, the emigrants from Scotland were hardly distinguishable from their Irish relatives in religion, thrift, intelligence, and the other canny qualities that have made the race most valued immigrants.

Of the causes that led to this movement, religious persecution is popularly regarded as the chief. The Scotch, who settled in the north of Ireland in the Seventeenth Century, were subjected, especially in the reign of James II, to rigorous treatment both by the native Catholics and the Church of England government. But before the beginning of the Eighteenth Century, the Celts were crushed under a tyranny that has claimed universal commiseration, and the Episcopal government was much less intolerant of other Protestant sects than before. No doubt it was mainly because the Scotch felt themselves still foreigners in Ireland, and denied their just share in the government, that they removed in such masses to the New World. Industrial depression, always a chronic stimulus to Irish emigration, must have been unusually urgent about 1724, when the great tide of Scotch home-seekers began pouring into America. In 1681 Charles II granted to William Penn the province of Pennsylvania. No government was then more tolerant of civil and religious rights than that which Penn gave to his vast province. Such a government naturally appealed strongly to both the religious and political feelings of the Scotch. They came at the rate of six shiploads in a single week, says one authority, or a total of 45,000 in the years 1728 and '29. The southeastern section of the province was soon occupied, and the unbroken forests of the interior were invaded. As early as 1724 Indian traders and a few daring adventurers had located in what came to be known as "The Country Beyond the Susquehanna." Indians of the Six Nations occupied the

region and owned the land. Though no permanent title could be acquired, embryo settlements began forming, at least as early as 1730. There were the usual features of rough, frontier life. The Indians were friendly. The men hunted and fished with them, and wore hunting shirts and moccasins. They built rude cabins. Their wives and families dressed in home-made fabrics. But, rude as their life was, they were by no means wanting in the craving for social and religious progress. The local historians give no account of attempts at schools, but Presbyterian preachers were sent beyond the Susquehanna to preach to the settlers, as early as 1730. The Silver Spring Presbyterian Church dates back its origin to 1734; and another Presbyterian Church had its beginning in 1736 at Meetinghouse Springs, later incorporated in the Carlisle Church. These earliest churches show the Scotch character of the population; for, as Carlyle says of the whole nation at that time, "Their religion was the chief fact about them."

In 1736 the proprietary government purchased all this region from the Indians, and granted valid titles to settlers. Settlement was greatly stimulated by this measure. By 1750 the district beyond the Susquehanna, which had previously been included in Lancaster County, was organized as a new county and named Cumberland, from one of the northeastern counties of England, and its county seat got its name, Carlisle, from the same English source. If the Scotch settlers gave these names, one may fancy that they were lineal descendants of those "Stark moss troopers" who were fond of raiding Cumberland and were often hanged at Carlisle.

Among the crowds of canny Scots attracted to the fertile lands and congenial population of the Cumberland Valley was one Thomas Donnell. We only know that he came from Scotland. That he was a lowlander is practically certain, because the Highlanders were then but half-savage clansmen, and did not begin their great emigration until the breaking up of the clans after the battle of Culloden in 1746. The date of his arrival in America is also largely a matter of inference. The narrative of Samuel Donnell, which is given elsewhere in this volume, merely states that he came to Cumberland County in the first settlement of that region. This description might apply equally to the entire first half of the Eighteenth Century. But the oldest son of his oldest son was born in this country in 1739. The grandfather was not likely to have been less than fifty years old, which would fix his birth not later than 1690. He probably emigrated before his marriage, or if after marriage, before middle age. Taking into consideration the fact that the Scotch and Scotch-Irish emigration did not begin until about 1717, we may fairly conclude from all these considerations, that he came not later, probably, than 1725, landed either at Philadelphia or Newcastle, Del., remained in some one of the coast counties until the settlement beyond the Susquehanna induced the removal of himself and family thither. The exact locality of his settlement is unknown, but was probably within the limits of the Big Spring Presbyterian Church, two miles north of Carlisle, afterwards called Hopewell. As already stated, this church was organized in 1736. There is documentary proof that his oldest son settled and lived there till his death, and it is certainly a reasonable supposition that his father came to the same place. Thomas Donnell had four sons, Thomas, James, John, and Samuel. Soon after his death (date unknown), his two younger sons, John and Samuel, emigrated to North Carolina. The whole question of their connection with the Donnells of North Carolina and other southern states will be discussed under another heading. James Donnell, the second son, died, leaving no children. All the Pennsylvania Donnells must be descendants of the oldest son, Thomas. If we place his birth half-way between the known birth of his oldest son, 1739, and the assumed birth of his father, 1690, we conclude that he was born about 1715. He is mentioned by his grandson. Samuel Donnell, as having settled at Big Spring, and dving there in 1755, leaving no daughters, but six sons, James, John, Thomas, Moses, Samuel, and Alexander. James, the eldest, with whom this history chiefly deals, was born, most likely, at Big Spring, two miles north of Carlisle, in 1739. He was doubtless duly and promptly baptized into the Big Spring Church by its pastor, Rev. Thomas Craighead, unless he chanced to be born later in the year than the last of April, when that worthy divine died suddenly in his pulpit, as a result, it is said, of an exciting revival. Young James learned the trade of a sickle-maker in Carlisle, during the French War, that is, some time from 1756 to 1763. Rev. George Duffield, afterwards a noted Presbyterian minister and Chaplain to Congress, became pastor of the Carlisle and Big Spring churches in 1759; and the young sickle-maker must have enjoyed rather exceptional religious instruction. In 1764 he married Catharine Gibson. Now the name of Catharine Gibson's father is unknown. But it seems to have been a devout filial custom of the day to name the oldest son for his paternal grandfather and the second son for his maternal grandfather. According to this usage, Catharine's father must have been Samuel by name, for she named her second son Samuel, and her two brothers each named his eldest son Samuel. He was a Scotch-Irish immigrant, coming over not long before Braddock's defeat, and serving as a soldier in that expedition. If any record of troops furnished in that service is preserved, his name might be found by his descendants. He was lucky enough to escape the fate of most of his fellow soldiers; and both he and his wife, after an eventful frontier record, died in Bourbon County, Ky., near the end of the century, and were buried on the south bank of Hinkson Creek, opposite the mouth of Taylor's Creek.

After the close of the French-Indian War and the Peace of Paris in 1763, a great impetus was given to pioneer settlement, both in Pennsylvania and Virginia. The Shenandoah Valley, west of the Blue Ridge, hitherto an unoccupied wilderness, was opened with a promise of land to settlers, under what was known as the King's Grant. In 1767, James Donnell, his father-in-law and others from Cumberland County undertook the journey of about two hundred miles to this Virginia Eldorado. They crossed two counties of Pennsylvania into Maryland, thence following the Shenandoah in a southwest direction, crossing the Blue Ridge Mountains into Augusta County, then including all the Shenandoah Valley, west of the Blue Ridge, and the present counties of Rockbridge, Augusta and Rockingham. It must have been a rough trip, but the men, at least, were already seasoned frontiersmen. The region was fertile and adapted to the same crops grown in the Cumberland Valley. How the new settlement prospered, and what were its hardships and apprehensions of Indian raids, we can only conjecture. They had at least the consolation of a Presbyterian congregation, presided over by a Mr. Graham. The only relic of this Virginia sojourn is a curious little volume, entitled "The Instructor: Or Young Man's Best Companion." It undertakes in less than four hundred pages to give instruction on nearly the whole cycle of popular knowledge, from reading, writing and spelling, to accounting, geography and astronomy, including such side issues as cooking, dyeing, carpentering, etc. The book was published in Pater Noster Row, London, 1757: bound in leather, and neatly covered with dressed deerskin. It contains the following record of James Donnell's children, which shows that our ancestors, if careless about spelling, were remarkably observant of the moon's phases:

"Thomas Donneld was born the 28 of Juhn the 11th day of the moon in the year of our Lord 1765.

"Elizabeth Donneld was born the 17 of March 1767.

"Samuel Donneld was born the 26 of Nov. 1769. The 27 day of the moon, on Sabbath morning." It will be observed that the omission of the younger children, including Margaret, born in 1772, proves that the entry was made before that year. The book and the writing constitute the oldest heirloom of the family now in existence.

After eight years' residence in Virginia, James Donnell removed with his family to Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania, traveling about two hundred miles due north, and crossing the Alleghenies. One reason for this move was, doubtless, the fact that three of his brothers, John, Thomas and Moses, had already removed thither from Cumberland County in 1769. Westmoreland then included several of the western counties of the state. The Proprietary government at first vainly prohibited its settlement, fearing Indian attacks. April 3, 1768, a purchase of the Indian titles was consummated, and the Scotch-Irish, leading this movement, entered the new frontier in great numbers. The eastern part must have been already occupied when James Donnell crossed the mountains, and he seems to have located well to the west at first, but two years later, after the breaking out of the Revolutionary War, the settlements were driven back. His brother, John, was killed by the Indians at this, or some time during the troubles. James established himself in the Presbyterian congregation of Dr. Powers, who appears to have looked zealously after the spiritual instruction of the children of his flock in the shorter Catechism. Samuel Donnell relates that at six or seven years of age, he could answer every question in that abstruse summary of Presbyterian doctrine. The names of James and Thomas Donnell are to be found in the records of the Pennsylvania Rangers, who received pay for services between the years 1778 and 1784. This, the only known Revolutionary service of the family, will be presented in more detail elsewhere.

In April, 1784, James Donnell began the last of his frontier journeys, voyaging, with his family and several neighbors; in a flatboat down the Conemaugh, Allegheny and Ohio rivers, to the present site of Maysville, Ky. The distance was more than five hundred miles, and the time occupied at least ten days, yet it was, perhaps, the least toilsome of their many forest pilgrimages. The account given of it by Samuel Donnell, and of the founding of Hinkson Station on Licking River, and their subsequent misfortunes, is so graphic and complete that there is no need of its repetition here. As the result of a fever and ague epidemic that prostrated the whole settlement, James and Catharine died, the one at sunset, the other at sunrise the next morning. "It is proper to state," says their son Samuel, who was then fourteen years old, "that both had been mem-

bers of the Presbyterian Church from their youth, being raised under the ministry of the celebrated George Duffield, chaplain to Congress. Their walk and conversation was always becoming the Gospel; and they both appeared to die with comfort and peace."

They evidently belonged, both by blood and training, to what Froude calls "The people of one book, and that book the Bible." Their life had surely been a hard one. In seventeen years they had traversed a thousand miles of wilderness, had endured the hardships of four different frontier homes, and died at scarcely middle age, in the most calamitous situation they had yet faced, leaving six children from four to nineteen years old to brave the perils of such a frontier life as had brought so little to them, except six children. The history of these children and their army of descendants it is the purpose of this work to trace as fully as the lapse of time and far wanderings will permit. No attempt has been made to give the descent through the daughters of James and Catharine Donnell, beyond the brief notice given them in Samuel Donnell's Narrative, for their fortunes are wholly unknown to the present generation. Of the three sons and their descendants, even to the tenth generation from the founder, this history deals.

It was the purpose of this preliminary sketch to present only the first three generations. It is therefore only necessary to conclude with the little that is known of James Donnell's five brothers. The two younger. Samuel and Alexander, remained in Cumberland County after the departure of the other three and their mother to Westmoreland County. Samuel studied for the ministry with Rev. Duffield, but never completed his studies, and probably filled as useful a place by teaching school for twenty years at his boyhood home. Big Spring. It would appear, however, from the records of Westmoreland County that a deed, conveying 118 acres of land was conveyed to him on March 14, 1789, this tract adjoining 410 acres. conveyed on the same day to his brother Moses. He is also mentioned in the latter's will, showing that he must finally have followed the rest of the family to western Pennsylvania. Alexander, the youngest brother, married in Shippensburgh, Cumberland County, where he lived many years and brought up a large family. A recent letter from the postmaster of Shippensburg states that the name is now wholly unknown in that vicinity. There is a doubtful tradition that he and his family removed to the mouth of the Ohio River. The will of Moses Donnell, executed in April, 1793, after bequests to his wife Frances, his son Thomas, and his daug' ..ers, adds: "My big Bible, I reserve to my son Thomas, to be kept in

care of my brother Samuel. To my loving brother Thomas Donnell, my best blue straight coat." There were other bequests to these two brothers, and to his nephew John; this document strikingly confirms the accuracy of Samuel Donnell's account of his uncles and their families, except that Moses appears to have had but one son.

The main facts of this outline of the earlier history of the Donnell family are drawn from two manuscripts left by Samuel Donnell. The earlier, written in 1835, two years after his brother Thomas's death, was evidently intended for his family, but was never completed. It contains some facts, not mentioned in the later manuscript, appearing in this volume. The present sketch seemed necessary to present these omitted facts, together with such information as has been derived from other sources. The matters treated fully in his published narrative have not been repeated here any farther than seemed necessary to bring out all the facts. The subsequent history of the family, and such collateral topics as throw light upon it, are treated under appropriate heads.

OTHER FAMILIES OF THE NAME.

The name Donnell is closely related to several very common names, both in Scotland and Ireland, as McDonald, McDonnell. O'Donnell, Donnelly, Donnelson, etc. Donald, as a Christian name, was almost as typical of the Scotch Highlanders as Patrick of the Celtic Irish. A good deal of confusion in names has resulted from this similarity. But, rather oddly, the name Donnell, which appears to be the common root of several of the above-mentioned names, is much rarer than any of them. Not many years ago the name was practically unknown to members of this family outside their own relationship. Whenever the name was heard of, however, the authors of this book have written, endeavoring to trace the family history to its source.

One Donnell settlement has been located in Strabane, County Donegal, Ireland. Mr. Andrew Donnell writes that there is a large relationship of the name in that vicinity, and that their ancestors came from Scotland about the reign of Charles II. James J. Donnell, of Pittsburgh, Pa., also traces his family to Strabane, County Tyrone, Ireland, evidently the same stock, as Strabane borders on each of these counties, in the province of Ulster, northwest Ireland. Quite likely they are related to our family originally, but the connection is too remote to be traced.

B. G. Donnell, of York, Me., writes that there is a large connection of Donnells in York, and dispersed through several other New England towns. "Mainly seafaring people and farmers, the title Captain is common among them." They trace their lineage to brothers who came to York about 1640. Edwin Donnell, of Minnesota, traces his ancestry to the same York emigrants. He adds that three brothers came over about 1650, one settling in Pennsylvania. the other two in York, Me. This tradition, for it seems to be nothing more, might suggest a common ancestry with our branch, except for the difference in date. There is a record that one Thomas Donnell took the oath of fidelity to the colony of Massachusetts in 1652. Nothing more is known of him. He may have been a connecting link between the Maine and Pennsylvania branches; but no rea! evidence of such connection has been obtained. To this York branch belong the well known writers, Webb Donnell and Annie Hamilton Donnell. A Mr. Donnell, of New York City, a writer on tariff

reform, some years ago stated that his ancestors came from England and were Church of England people, though he knew very little about their history.

A good deal of correspondence has been had with descendants of the North Carolina Donnells, which pretty certainly establishes their connection with the brothers, John and Samuel Donnell, of the second generation, who went to that state after the death of their father Thomas Donnell. They doubtless settled in Guilford County, near Greensboro. Biographies of Revs. Robert and George Donnell, published some fifty years ago, show that they were prominent Presbyterian preachers of Tennessee. Rev. George was one of the founders of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church. The Rev. Robert's father, William, was born in Guilford County, North Carolina, in 1747. His brother George, father of Rev. George, was born in 1759. There was another brother, Rev. Samuel, birth not given. Mrs. Nellie Ingram Baker, of Los Angeles, Cal., writes that her ancestor, Thomas Donnell, settled first in Pennsylvania, near Philadelphia, and removed thence to Guilford County, North Carolina; that his son John served in the Revolutionary War, attaining the rank of major. It will be observed that this agrees exactly with Samuel Donnell's account, except that it was John who went to North Carolina, instead of his father, Thomas, the first emigrant. The Major John, whom Mrs. Baker counts as second, was undoubtedly of the third generation, as will be seen by a careful comparison of the dates of the first coming to America, the arrival in North Carolina, and the Revolution. This view agrees, also, with the dates assigned by the Tennessee Donnells for the birth of William Donnell in 1747. showing the arrival in Guilford County before that date. Major John clearly belonged to the same generation with William, George and Rev. Samuel, being either their brother or cousin. W. P. Waugh, of Upper Montclair, N. J., reports from another representative of the Southern Donnells, substantially the same account of their family descent from Pennsylvania emigrants to North Carolina. A Mr. James Donnell, of this same North Carolina branch, after carrying the origin of the family back to Ireland, quotes Scripture to prove that its lineage really dates back to the tribe of Dan; and that, after that tribe was carried away captive and lost to history, our irrepressible ancestors made their way to Ireland and converted the heathen to Christianity.

With due allowance for the inaccuracies of family historians, we may regard the common ancestry of the North Carolina Donnells and our own branch as fairly proven by modern testimony, and even

more definitely established by the testimony of Rev. Barton Stone, which dates back fully a hundred years, when the Tennessee ministers, referred to in Samuel Donnell's Narrative, spoke of facts within the recollection of their fathers and grandfathers. So far as heard from, all the families of the name share the same qualities in a remarkable degree.

All were of Lowland-Scotch stock, of the same creed, thrift and perseverance, enough alike, certainly, to have been of the same blood, as very possibly they were.

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SAMUEL DONNELL'S NARRATIVE.

EDITORIAL NOTE.

The original manuscript of the subjoined narration was written by Mr. Donnell during his last sickness, in his eighty-first year. It bears date only six weeks before his death, and the latter part was written after he was unable to leave his bed. The manuscript, rolled, instead of folded, is still preserved in the tin case in which it was placed by the writer. Considering his age and infirmities, this work certainly affords striking proof of the writer's clear intellect, and his resolute purpose to preserve for others all that he remembered or had learned of the history of his family. Had he yielded to the inevitable disabilities of age and sickness, the present work could hardly have been undertaken, or would have lacked most valuable data. His manuscript became the basis of a memoir written by Rev. John Rankin, and published soon after his death, which gives special prominence to his religious and anti-slavery views. The editors feel confident that his opinions of these and other topics will be read with interest, as illustrating the earlier convictions and progressive tendencies of their ancestors.

Decatur County, July 16, 1850.

Being near the close of a long life, I have thought my descendants might wish to know something about their ancestors. For that purpose I will write a short account of my family, and those connected with it.

My great-grandfather, Thomas Donnell, came from Scotland and settled in Cumberland County, Pennsylvania, at the first settling of that part of the country. He left four sons, Thomas, John, James, and Samuel. The two youngest, soon after their father's death, went to North Carolina. Forty years ago Mr. Stone (Barton Stone) told me that he was acquainted with three brothers, Thomas, James and Samuel Donnell, Presbyterian preachers in Tennessee. On his mentioning the name of our family in Kentucky, they said that their father came from Cumberland County, Pennsylvania, and we were cousins. I learned afterward that they all went to Missouri.

My grandfather, Thomas, the oldest, died in 1755, leaving six sons, no daughters, James, John, Thomas, Moses, Samuel and Alexander.

My father, James Donnell, during the French War, learned the trade of sickle-making in Carlisle. In 1764 he married Catherine Gibson. Her father came from Ireland a little before Braddock's war, and was in the defeat of Braddock. Brother Thomas was born in June, 1765, and Elizabeth, in 1767. After the Peace of Paris, in 1763. King George III gave three hundred acres of land, west of the Blue Ridge, then an unsettled part of Virginia, to settlers. Numbers of families, all Presbyterians, moved from Pennsylvania and settled in Augusta County, then the only county west of the Blue Ridge. It has since been divided into Rockingham and Rockbridge counties. I was told, a few years since, by a man living there, that Presbyterians were in a great majority, a few Methodists and Baptists. They are mostly on the old platform, laid down by John Knox, slaves not numerous, wheat being their staple. My grandfather (Gibson) and father moved to Augusta County, and got land under the King's Grant, in '67. The 23rd day of November, 1769, I was born, and Sister Margaret, in 1772. In 1775, the year after what has been called Dunmore's War, my father sold his land and moved to Westmoreland County, western Pennsylvania, and settled on the Conemaugh River, near where the salt-works now are. Two years after, the frontier settlements were driven back for twenty or thirty miles. My father moved further, and settled in Dr. Powers' congregation, till the winter of 1784. While there, sister Martha was born, 1778, and Brother James in June, 1780.

In the winter of 1784 my father and some of his neighbors concluded to move to Kentucky. They built a flatboat on the Conemaugh River, near where the salt works now are, started down the Conemaugh and gained the Allegheny the 25th of April, 1784, and landed at the mouth of Limestone Creek, now Maysville, the 5th day of May. At that time there was not a house on the Ohio or Mississippi from Wheeling to Natchez, except a station at Louisville, and on the north side of the Kentucky River, a station at Lexington, and at Bryan's Station.

Soon after we landed, other boats came from Pennsylvania. It was then concluded to settle a station on South Licking, called after Col. Hinkson, of one hundred persons, great and small. Some corn, planted late. What provisions were brought from Pennsylvania could not be brought on immediately and had to be left at Limestone. These were used or wasted by those that came on afterwards, so that from the last of May till new corn came, we had no bread, and had to live entirely on buffalo, deer and fish, all of which were abundant. When new corn came on, a general sickness ensued.

Bilious fever, and ague and fever; so that, of the one hundred persons, all but two women were down at the same time. Though the spring was but a few rods distant, water could not be had to quench the intolerable thirst, none being able to bring it. My father and mother were taken with what I now suppose was bilious fever, and the rest with ague and fever, so that the whole family were down at the same time, no one able to help another. My mother died, after extreme suffering for weeks, at sunset, and father about sunrise, the next morning. They were buried in the same grave on the north bank of Licking.

From 1784 to 1790 we were continually harrassed by Indians, killing settlers and stealing horses.

My sister, Elizabeth, married James McCoy while in the station, who died within a year, leaving a son James, now in Ohio. In '88 Thomas returned to Pennsylvania. In '89, married Nancy Barr and returned to Kentucky. In February, '90, all the family left the station and settled at the mouth of Taylor's Creek. From February, '91, to February, '93, I taught school at the head of Green Creek, Bourbon County. The 8th day of August, 1793, I married Hannah, daughter of James and Catharine Quiett, then living on Green Creek. I had bought land on Taylor's Creek, a mile above the mouth, where I settled, and remained till the spring of 1823, then moved to Decatur County, Indiana, where I now am, where I expect to be as long as I live.

While in Kentucky, the following children were born: James, October 10, 1794; Thomas, September 2, 1796; Catharine, 1799; Julian, January 28, 1801; Mary, July 8, 1803; Eliza, July 25, 1805; Samuel Addison, October 29, 1809; John Campbell, June 2, 1811; Fidelia Hamilton, October 30, 1813.

November 5, 1818, my wife died, after a long and lingering disease of the stomach. Buried at Concord. From 1793 to 1814 there was not a serious case of illness in my family. At that time, some of the family had a slight turn of the cold plague. Since then the family has had its full share of afflictions.

(Note—The marriages of his children and names of grandchildren, which follow, are omitted because given elsewhere.)

My father's brothers, John, Moses and Thomas, with their mother, moved to Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania, after the Peace of Paris, 1763. John was killed by the Indians, leaving nine daughters and one son, John. The daughters married, some remaining in Pennsylvania, others removing to Ohio. John went to Ripley, Ohio.

Samuel had no children. He was educated by Dr. Duffield, with

a view to the ministry. The Doctor being called to Philadelphia, he did not finish his studies, but followed teaching. He taught twenty years at Big Spring, near Carlisle, Pa. Thomas never married. Grandmother lived to a very old age with Moses. Moses had two sons, Thomas and James. They were in this state twenty or twenty-five years ago. I have no knowledge of them now.

My mother had two brothers, Robert and Samuel Gibson, and four sisters, Sally, Betsy, Martha and Peggy. Robert was drowned in the James River. His children, Polly, Samuel, Betsy and Rachel. They moved to Cane Ridge, Ky. Polly married Harvey Rogers. Rachel married Edward Byram. They all removed to Paint Creek, Ohio, where Greenfield now is. They are all Presbyterians.

(Note—An account of the marriages and descendants of Mr. Donnell's Gibson aunts, which follows in the manuscript, is omitted.)

Uncle Samuel Gibson, the youngest of the family, moved with his parents, first to Holsten, western Virginia, afterward to Kentucky, in the year 1790. A few years after, they (the writer's grandparents) died near the same time, being near ninety years old. They are buried with Martha Rogers and others on the south bank of Hinkson, opposite the mouth of Taylor's Creek, there being no church graveyards.

Uncle Samuel (Gibson) married Betsy Baird. Lived twenty years at the mouth of Taylor's Creek. They moved, with their children, to Rocky Fork of Paint Creek, near Hillsborough, Ohio, in 1835 or '36. He was near ninety years old. He was a very religious, devoted Christian. Followed Stone, the Newlight, a while, but turned back some years before his death.

(Note—The genealogy of James Quiett's family, Mr. Donnell's father-in-law, is omitted.)

My parents were members of Dr. Duffield's church, Carlisle, Pa. Married by him. He baptized their two oldest children. There is a certificate at Luther Donnell's, from his hand, of their membership and dismissal, when they left for Virginia. In Virginia, they were members of Mr. Graham's church, and in Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania, of Dr. Powers' church. They were very careful in instructing their children. We had at that time no school books but the New England Primer. So soon as we could read the Shorter Catechism, we had, every Sabbath, to say our questions without fail. When I was six or seven years old I could answer every question correctly. Dr. Powers visited all his members twice a year and catechised all the children in the different neighborhoods. Now that I am old, I believe that I can answer every question in

the Shorter Catechism correctly, and here let me say, that I am more indebted for what little Scripture knowledge I have to the New England Primer than to all other books besides the Bible. So deeply was my mind impressed with the danger and evil of sin, that my conscience would not suffer me to do anything that was a breach of the law of God. The station was settled mostly by those that had been raised under Presbyterian influence. Not much open immorality, except what was occasioned by drinking. The boys about my age would gather on the Sabbath for swimming and other sports. Sometimes I would go in the company, but could not join in the sport. I always felt guilty, believing that it was not keeping the Sabbath day holy. At last I took the plan of hiding myself. In this cowardly way I evaded temptation till they learned I would not join them.

We continued in the station six years. During that time there was not a sermon preached, nor any public religious exercise. Rev. David Rice had been on the south side of the Kentucky River, and had organized a church at Harrodsburg and another on Camp Creek. Mr. Rankin, from Nolachucky, came to Lexington and organized a church in '88. Soon after, a Mr. McClure came from Virginia and organized Sinking Spring, now Paris Church, and Stonemouth. A log house was soon built and people attended it, with their guns, knives and tomahawks. After '90, were not troubled with Indians. Harmar's army had gone out and was defeated, and St. Clair, the next year.

I greatly rejoiced to hear the Gospel preached, though not in a very efficient way. In 1791 I taught school, two years, six miles from Sinking Spring. I regularly attended meeting, though there was no movement of an awakening kind. I felt the burden of a sinful heart pressing on me; that there must be some change, or I would be lost. Meditating on the passage in John's Gospel, "God so loved the world," etc., I thought it was so glorious a display of immortal love that it ought to reach the heart of every sinner. I resolved to consecrate myself to His service, relying on the promise, "He that cometh to me, I will in no wise cast out." Mr. Henry was an elder in that church, and though a stranger, I took courage to open my heart to him. He encouraged me to unite with the church. He had a son, James, an amiable young man, long since dead, and a daughter, Sally, now the widow of James Thomson. Being under religious concern, we three applied for admission and were received to membership, the first received in either of the churches, Stonermouth or Sinking Spring. For two or three years

my hopes and fears alternately prevailed. When my feelings were warm, my hopes were pretty strong; but when this feeling subsided, I got into a state of darkness, fearing that all was wrong, and that I had deceived myself. But it pleased God to show me that my standing in his sight did not depend upon my feelings, or anything that I could do, but in the perfect righteousness of Christ alone. Since that time, I trust, I have been enabled to walk by faith, not by sight.

In 1793 I married and settled in the bounds of Concord Church. That and the Cane Ridge Church had been organized by Mr. Finley in 1792. In '94 I was chosen an elder in Concord Church and held that office till 1823, when I left the state. Rev. John R. Moreland organized the Sandcreek Church, Decatur County, Indiana, in the winter of 1823. I was chosen elder in that church, and endeavored to discharge the duties of that office, till 1847, when deafness disqualified me from acting.

I am now nearly eighty-one years old, in a very low state of health. My physical system worn out, I realize that I will very shortly be called to the bar of Jesus Christ to give an account of the deeds done in the body. After professing for sixty years to love and serve the Lord, I feel myself as poor, helpless and unworthy as I ever did. I can truly say I count all my righteousness as filthy rags. I leave all that I have ever done or felt in the service of God, out of sight, relying alone on what Christ has done in and for me. I have yet to meet the King of Terrors. My prayer to God is, that his promise may be made good to me, "I will never leave thee, nor forsake thee."

By the grace of God, I have lived in peace with all with whom I have been associated from boyhood to the present. I have never had an angry controversy, either in church or civil courts, adopting the Apostles' rule, to suffer loss rather than go to law. This has been, I think, a great advantage, rendering the path of life more pleasant for me than some have found it. When I had to muster in early life, I was led to ask of my own heart, "Why are we here." The answer could only be, to learn to kill your fellow men more expertly. Has God placed men on earth to murder each other? Surely this is not his design. What has the Savior said on this subject: "But I say unto you, love your enemies! Do good to them that hate you and persecute you. If thine enemy hunger, feed him. If he thirst, give him drink!" These are some of the teachings of the King of Peace. From that time to the present I have used my mite of influence against the war spirit.

I had not thought any on the subject of slavery till I heard Mr. Rice. In 1792, when the present constitution of Kentucky was formed, I took an active part with Mr. Henry and others in getting up associations throughout the county, and passing resolutions, instructing our delegates to make provision in the constitution for the emancipation of the slaves. In Bourbon County we elected the emancipation ticket by a great majority. Mr. Rice's bill was lost by a majority of only four votes, and that through the influence of George Nicholas and John Breckenridge, prominent lawyers. In 1796 the constitution was revised. Vigorous efforts were made in Bourbon County by both parties. The emancipation ticket failed by four or five votes. So completely had slavery gained the ascendency that no effort was made in the convention on the side of liberty.

Early in life I saw the daily evils resulting from drinking. We could not attend a court or muster, or even a log-rolling, or husking, without seeing some drunk, with all manner of folly and wickedness. But the universal belief was that liquor was really useful and necessary, especially to working men; in a word, a great blessing, when properly used. However strange it may now appear, this was really the universal opinion forty or fifty years ago. Priest and people. all drank—witness the deposition of Mr. Finley, the most popular preacher in the state, for drunkenness. Some others ought to have been deposed, and would have been, if they had not promised amendment. What could be done in such a state of society. In public gatherings all drank freely. He was the best fellow who could drink most without falling to the ground or from his horse, and not being able to get up again. Little difference could be seen between professors and those who were not. In Concord Church there were about a dozen members who would get drunk when they were at public gatherings where drinking was freely indulged in. When called before session, some would freely confess and profess sorrow; others would deny to the bitter end; and when the charge was clearly proved, would say, "Well, if I was drunk, I did not intend it."

"Do you profess sorrow for it, and that in future you will be more careful?"

"If I was really drunk, I am sorry for it."

"Well, we must restore Brother B., he professes sorrow for his sin." But with all his sorrow, the same offense would be repeated on the next occasion. This course was followed for years without reforming one of them. I offered a resolution in the session that those, at least, who were given to drunkenness, should not be

restored unless they would give a pledge that they would abstain from drinking except when necessary as a medicine. This was opposed warmly, as being an attempt to abridge a man's liberty; that every man had a right to make and drink as much whisky as he pleased, being accountable only for the abuse of that liberty.

The church had authority to deal with men for getting drunk, but none to restrain them from drinking—that was every man's right. This was the state of things thirty years ago. But a great change has taken place in that state, especially in the part I have referred to. May God carry on His work until the earth is redeemed from the curse of alcohol, with all its attendant evils. Now I leave my solemn protest against the crying, God-dishonoring, soul-destroying sins of war, slavery and intemperance. May God hasten the day that he has promised, when "wars shall cease to the ends of the earth." "When every man shall sit under his own vine and fig-tree; and there shall be none to hurt or destroy in all God's Holy Mountain."

To my children, and those connected with them, I need hardly say, I feel and have felt a great desire for your happiness, here and hereafter. God has been pleased to bestow on you neither poverty nor riches, but has fed you with food convenient. You are drawing near old age. The evil days will come, and the years draw nigh, when you will say: "I have no pleasure in them." Realize, that if you hope for heaven, you must work out your salvation with fear and trembling. The precious promise of the Savior to his people is: "Be thou faithful unto death, and I will give thee a crown of life." Never forget the responsibility that rests on you to bring up your children "in the nurture and admonition of the Lord." Use all your influence and means to promote the glory of God, in the extension of Christ's kingdom to the whole world.

To my grandchildren, both old and young: Dear children, I greatly desire that you may be happy, here and hereafter; but that this may be your happy lot, you must love and serve God. I want you to consider what God has said of your state by nature. "All have sinned and come short of the glory of God." And again, "The wages of sin is death." If this is true, then you need a Savior. The Bible tells us "That Jesus Christ came into the world to save sinners," and that "be bore our sins in his own body on the Cross." But this will not avail you unless you give your hearts to Christ, to love, serve, and obey him. God will only pardon those that sincerely repent of their sins, and forsake them, and seek forgiveness for Christ's sake alone. I have no fear that any of you will be openly

vicious or profligate; but I have great fear that you may neglect religion and lose your souls. I expect you will all be moral, decent, and respectable, that you will regularly attend the means of grace, give decent attention at the house of God, but nothing short of true sorrow for sin, faith in Christ, and obedience to His will, will ever save a sinner. I ask you to read seriously Matt. 25:31 (the last judgment). May God in mercy touch all your hearts, and bring you to Christ.

I have written these lines in a state of great suffering, being greatly desirous to impress your minds with the value of your souls. However little you may think of me or my advice, I entreat you for the last time to give these lines that I have written expressly for you a serious, solemn consideration. They were written by one who loves your souls. May the blessing of the God of Abraham, Isaac and Jacob rest upon each of you in life, in death, and through eternity, is my humble prayer to God.

If it is thought worth while, a plain stone may be placed at my grave, with this inscription:

HERE LIES
ALL THAT WAS MORTAL OF
SAMUEL DONNELL, SR.
BORN NOV. 23, 1769.
DIED? (SEPT. 29, 1850)
IN HOPE OF A GLORIOUS RESURRECTION

I hoped and prayed that I might live to see at least the Presbyterian Church separated from all connection with slavery. But after a struggle in the church for more than one hundred years, it is more firmly seated than at any former period. But "The Lord reigneth; let the earth rejoice."

I have lived to accomplish all that I desired, as to the things of this world. I hope that through unmerited grace I may truly say that I have a desire to depart and be with Christ, which is far better. There is but one thing that oppresses me, when I am about to go the way of all the earth; that is the apparent indifference of the youth of Sand Creek Church as respects their souls; and the low and languishing condition of the church with which I have been connected, and for which I have prayed so often. May God, in mercy, revive his work in the hearts of his children, and enable them to discharge all the duties they owe to God, themselves, their families and the world.

GENEALOGY OF THE FIRST THREE GENERATIONS.

- THOMAS DONNELL, born in Scotland not later than 1630. Emigrated to Pennsylvania before 1725. Date of death unknown. Children: 2 Thomas, 3 James, 4 John, and 5 Samuel.
- 2 THOMAS DONNELL,2 born about 1715, died 1755. Children: 6 James, 7 John, 8 Thomas, 9 Moses, 10 Samuel, and 11 Alexander.
- 6 James, born 1739, at Big Spring, Cumberland County, Pennsylvania. Married to Catherine Gibson in 1764. She was born in the north of Ireland and emigrated to America a few years before Braddock's war. James Donnell and Catherine Gibson died September, 1784, at Hinkson Station, Ky. Children: 12 Thomas, 13 Elizabeth, 14 Samuel, 15 Margaret, 16 James (died in infancy), 17 Martha, and 18 James. The sons of James Donnell, and their descendants, comprise this volume, and are found in their proper order further on. It has been found impossible to trace the descendants of James Donnell's daughters. What little is known of them and their families is given here.
- 13 ELIZABETH DONNELL, born in Pennsylvania in 1767. Married first, James McCoy, at Hinkson Station, Kentucky. One son, 19 James. Married second, John Donnelson. Children: 20 Mary. 21 Margaret, 22 Elizabeth. 23 Sally, 24 William, and 25 Israel. 25 Israel Donnelson's served as United States Marshal in Kansas during Buchanan's administration, and lived to an advanced age in Texas. 22 Elizabeth Donnelson's married James Jack, and one of their sons, 26 Rev. Andrew Jack, a Presbyterian minister, was an early missionary to Africa, and died in Kansas some years ago.
- 15 Margaret Donnell (James, Thomas, Thomas), born in Virginia, 1772. Married, near Carlisle Ky., to Samuel Knox. Six children: 27 Catherine, 28 Elizabeth, 29 Malinda, 30 David, 31 James, and 32 Samuel. The three sons removed to Illinois.
 - 17 MARTHA DONNELL4 (James, Thomas. Thomas1), born in

Pennsylvania, probably about 1778. Married, near Carlisle, Ky., to John Stevens. Ten or eleven children. All died young but one 33 son, name not given. The Stevens family moved to Illinois.

THE FAMILY OF THOMAS DONNELL.

12 THOMAS DONNELL4 (James,3 Thomas,2 Thomas1), born June 11, 1765, at Carlisle, Pa., was the oldest child of James and Catharine Donnell. He and his sister Elizabeth undoubtedly received the ordinance of baptism from Dr. Duffield before his parents took their first journey into the wilderness of the upper Shenandoah valley, when he was only two years old. Something of the rugged life of that region must have lingered always in his memory, for he was ten years old when the family undertook their second journey northward and over the Alleghenies to the newer frontier of Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania. He must have told his children of the hazardous flight from the Indians to the safer bounds of Dr. Powers' Congregation, when he was twelve years old. He may have even a more rueful recollection of the Doctor's semi-annual catechising visits. Later, he may have had a share of Indian fighting, for his name appears in the list of Pennsylvania rangers, paid for service, about this time.

Whatever the feelings of the older flatboat voyagers down the Ohio, in the spring of 1784, we may be sure the adventure was enjoyed by a boy of eighteen. So, too, was the rebuilding of the old Ruddle Station, captured four years before by the Indians, which was rechristened Hinkson. There was plenty of hunting and scouting to be done in succeeding years. But very likely young Thomas was a good deal sobered by the tragic death of his parents, leaving him the head of a very helpless family. In the spring of 1788 he returned to Pennsylvania, and on June 16 of the following year, at the age of twenty-four, he married Nancy Barr. There is a tradition that his suit was not favored by the bride's parents; that Thomas cut the Gordian knot by riding to her home and saying: "Nancy, will you go with me, or stay here." Nancy mounted behind him and went, in true Lochinvar style, never to see her home or kindred again. It may give color to this story that her father James Barr was a prominent man on the frontier, a lieutenant of militia, member of the convention of July, 1776, and afterwards of the State Legislature. The Kentucky frontiersman may not have been to his liking as a son-in-law. In the fall, the young couple voyaged down to Maysville in a flatboat, reaching Hinkson in December, 1789,

and settling on a farm near the mouth of Taylor's Creek, in February following.

There they lived more than thirty years, and their eleven children were born there.

In September, 1823, with all his family not previously settled in Indiana, Thomas Donnell removed to Decatur County and settled on land he had entered the year before, and by some believed to be the first land settled in the county, having been occupied by John Fugit in February, 1819. The farm has remained in his family ever since, now owned by his great-grandson, Luther Donnell Hamilton. Three months later Mr. Donnell and his wife became charter members of the Sandcreek, now Kingston, Presbyterian Church. They lived ten years in the new home, with most of their children settling around them. Mrs. Donnell's death was tragic. Wandering from her home in April, 1833, in a fit of mental aberration, she was found next morning, in the woods, dead from exposure. Her husband survived her only a few months, dying in December, 1833. It is said he contracted the pneumonia that caused his death while carrying on horseback a contribution of fresh meat to his pastor, in the kindly pioneer fashion. Gone for nearly eighty years, with only a few surviving grandchildren, it is not surprising that almost nothing is known of Mr. Donnell's personal characteristics. Robert A. Hamilton is probably the only person living who has even a faint recollection of his appearance. He recalls him as taller and stronger than most men of his age. In his youth he must have been like his fellow pioneers of Kentucky, whom Byron described:

> "And tall and strong and swift of foot were they, Above the dwarfing city's Pale abortions."

There were eleven children:

- 34 James, b. 1790.+
- 35 Sarah, b. Apr. 22, 1792.+
- 36 Catherine, b. Sept. 11, 1794.+
- 37 Robert B., b. Feb. 12, 1797.+
- 38 Samuel, b. June 24, 1799.+
- 39 Margaret, b. Sept. 18, 1800, d. in Kentucky, 1817.
- to Nancy, b. Apr. 1, 1804.+
 - 1 Thomas, b. Mar. 17, 1806.+
 - 2 Luther A., b. July 7, 1809.+
 - 3 Eliza J., b. July 7, 1809.+
 - 1 John R., b. Mar. 4, 1812.+

34 James Donnell' (Thomas, James, Thomas), eldest child of Thomas and Nancy (Barr) Donnell, b. 1790 in Bourbon County, Kentucky, near a little stream called Hinkston, about twelve miles from Paris, Ky. Married in Kentucky, October 23, 1810, to Elizabeth Fisher. They lived in that state for ten or fifteen years, their older children being b. there, and then moved to Decatur County, Indiana, living on a farm near Clarksburg, Ind. His wife d. June 15: 1834. He married second. February 19, 1835, Jane Hudelson, daughter of William Hudelson, who lost an arm in the Revolutionary War, and was a neighbor of the Donnells in Kentucky. Their children were b. in Decatur County, Indiana, but they moved October, 1854, to New London, Iowa, remaining there a few months, and then settled permanently on a farm which he bought in Keokuk County, Iowa, where they both died, he on February 19, 1863, and she on September 15, 1860. Both are buried in the cemetery south of Martinsburg, about six miles from their home.

There were seventeen children, twelve by the first marriage and five by the second:

- 45 Nancy, b. Sept. 4, 1811.+
- 46 William Fisher, b. Jan. 6, 1813.+
- 47 Elizabeth Eward, b. Mar. 10, 1815.+
- 48 Thomas, b. Dec. 20, 1816.+
- 49 Margaret C., b. Mar. 14, 1819, d. Aug. 14, 1824.
- 50 Celia Catherine, b. Jan. 28, 1821.+
- 51 Sarah Jane, b. Apr. 21, 1823.+
- 52 Theophilus Lowry, b. Apr. 1, 1825.+
- 53 Susan Ellen, b. Apr. 16, 1827.+
- 54 Zelek Martin, b. May 5, 1829.+
- 55 Margaret, b. Apr. 12, 1831.+
- 56 James Barr, b. Apr. 17, 1834.+
- 57 Samuel Harrison, b. May 25, 1836.+
- 58 John Alexander, b. Apr. 13, 1838.+
- 59 Oliver Hudelson, b. Oct. 14, 1839.+
- 60 Robert Luther, b. Apr. 13, 1841.+
- 61 Anne Eliza, b. July 20, 1842.+
- 45 Nancy Donnell (James, Thomas, James), oldest child of James and Elizabeth (Fisher) Donnell, was b. in Bourbon County, Kentucky, about twelve miles from where Paris now stands, September 4, 1811. Nothing is known of her girlhood. She moved with her parents to Indiana and was married May 18, 1827, to Richard Braden. They lived near Greensburg, Ind. They removed

to Washington County, Iowa, in 1843, when that was a pioneer State, and when the long journey had to be made in wagons. Both died and are buried at Oskaloosa, Iowa. There were eight children:

- 62 William Fisher, b. Nov. 30, 1829.--
- 63 James Whelock, b. Nov. 5, 1831.+
- 64 Collier F., b. about 1837.+
- 65 Jane Riley, b. about 1839.+
- 66 Susan Spicey, b. Mar. 4, 1842.+
- 67 Ann, b. about 1843.+
- 68 Katherine Elizabeth, b. Mar. 24, 1845.+
- 69 Bayless Campbell, b. Dec. 23, 1848.+

62 WILLIAM FISHER BRADEN[†] (Nancy, James, Thomas), oldest child of Nancy (Donnell) and Richard Braden, was b. at Greensburg, Ind., November 30, 1829. At the age of fourteen he moved with his parents to Washington County, Iowa. He was educated in the public schools in Brighton and at Washington Academy. In 1854 he returned to his boyhood home and was married to Sarah Jane Taylor February 9, 1854. He, with his bride, returned to Washington County, Iowa, where they resided on a farm for several years. Then they went to Bell Plain and later to Oskaloosa, lowa, for a short time and then settled permanently at Alton, Kan. Mrs. Braden died there July 20, 1892, and Mr. Braden ten years later, March 20, 1902. Eight children survived them: 70 Oral C. Braden,8 who lives near Gilroy, Cal. He is married and has three sons: 78 Leslie Braden,9 residing at Redwood, Cal.; 79 James Braden,9 at Morgan Hill, Cal.; and 80 Gregory Braden at Hollister, Cal. 71 Lucy F. Braden⁸ made a home for her father after the death of her mother, but when death removed the father, she went to live with her sisters. She is a business woman with headquarters at Boise, Idaho. 72 Bessie Braden⁸ married Mr. Whitney, who was warden of Idaho Penitentiary 1906-1910. He d. May 1, 1911. They have three daughters: 81 Mrs. Bartlett Sinclair,9 of Rathdrum, Idaho; 82 Mrs. Harry C. Shellworth,9 of Boise, Idaho; and 83 Helen Whitney,9 who lives with her mother in Boise. 73 Frank Braden⁸ lives in Ponca City, Okla. 74 Harry Braden⁸ is married and lives at Ponca City also. He has three children: 84 James,9 85 George, and 86 Kathryne. 75 Mary Braden married Frank E. Armstrong, an architect. They reside in Berkeley, Cal. They have five children: 87 Fannie,9 who married Mr. Cale and lives in Berkeley; 88 Jack, 89 Ward, 90 Ruth, and 91 Martha, who reside with

their parents. 76 George Taylor Braden⁸ is married and lives at Citrus Grove, Texas. He has two children: 92 Ruth⁹ and 93 Paul.⁹ 77 Robert Braden⁸ is married and lives at Alton, Kan. He has two children: 94 Mary Morgan⁹ and 95 Eugene.⁹

- 63 James Whelock Braden? (Nancy, James, Thomas), a son of Nancy (Donnell) and Richard Braden, was born at Greensburg, Ind., November 5, 1831. He moved to Iowa with his parents when a child. Was married March 25, 1858, at Brighton, Iowa, to Sarah Smedley. They spent the last years of their life with their foster daughter, Anna Milligan, at Rising City; Neb. Mr. Braden died January 12, 1909. Mrs. Braden died June 3, 1910, at her birthplace, Burlington, Vt.
- Nancy (Donnell) and Richard Braden, was born at Greensburg, Ind., about 1837. He removed with his parents when a boy to Washington County, Iowa. He was educated in the Brighton public schools. When quite a young man, he went with his brother, James, to California to dig gold. After his return to Iowa he married Lottie Heaton and lived on a farm in Washington County. They later went to Oskaloosa and other places in Iowa, and in 1906 to Muskogee, Okla. Mrs. Braden died at the latter place in 1910. There are five children: 96 Helen, an accomplished vocalist, having studied abroad three years; 97 Lora; 98 William, married and lives in Los Angeles, Cal.; 99 Clay; 100 Katherine. All but William live at Muskogee with their father.
- 65 Jane Riley Braden? (Nancy, James, Thomas), eldest daughter of Nancy (Donnell) and Richard Braden, was born in Greensburg, Ind., about 1839. Removed with her parents when a child to Iowa. She was educated in the Brighton public schools and Washington Academy. Married in Brighton to John Andrews. They lived at various places in Iowa, but for thirty years at Spencer. Mr. Andrews died twenty years ago and Mrs. Andrews now makes her home with her daughter at Buhl, Idaho. Two daughters: Iot Mrs. John Noble, of Stuttgart, Ark., and 102 Mrs. F. L. Constant, of Buhl, Idaho.
- 66 Susan Spicer Braden[†] (Nancy, James, Thomas), daughter of Nancy (Donnell) and Richard Braden, was b. March 4, 1842, in Indiana. Her parents moved to Iowa when she was a year old.

She was a student, and assistant teacher in mathematics at Iowa Wesleyan University during the Civil War. Married December 6, 1866, to Benjamin M. McCoy, who was born at Clarksburg, Ind. Mrs. McCoy d. in Missouri November 28, 1897, and is buried in the Masonic Cemetery, near Eaglesville. Mr. McCoy lives with his son, Lemel C. McCoy, at Belt, Mont. Three children: 103 Rush McCoy, in business in Kansas City, Mo., unmarried; 104 Ralph McCoy, stock ranchman with his brother Lemel in Montana; 105 Katherine McCoy, lives with her father.

- 67 Ann Braden⁷ (Nancy, James, Thomas), daughter of Nancy (Donnell) and Richard Braden, b. in Greensburg, Ind., 1843. Taken to Iowa when an infant, educated in the public schools of Brighton, Iowa. Married in her young womanhood to John Whitmore. The early years of their married life were spent on a farm in Washington County, Iowa. They afterward removed to the Alpha Mills, near Oskaloosa. Mrs. Whitmore died about 1905 and her husband a few years later. They were laid away in beautiful Forest Cemetery, Oskaloosa, Iowa. They had three sons: 106 Charles Whitmore, 107 John Whitmore, 108 Ernest Whitmore. The two elder ones live near Oskaloosa with their families.
- 68 KATHERINE ELIZABETH BRADEN[†] (Nancy, James, Thomas⁴), daughter of Nancy (Donnell) and Richard Braden, was b. March 24, 1845, in Washington County, Iowa. The family moved to Brighton, Iowa, in 1854 and she attended school there at Washington Academy and Iowa Wesleyan University. During the Civil War she assisted in making flags for the Union soldiers. She was married in 1867 to Thomas W. Hyde, who had served in the 30th Iowa Infantry, 1862-65. She has been active in the Ladies of G. A. R. and was Department President of Iowa, 1908-09. Their home was in Oskaloosa for thirty years. She now lives in Des Moines, Iowa, Three sons: 109 Richard W. Hyde, Mason City, Iowa; 110 Clarence Braden Hyde⁸ and 111 Erskine William Hyde, both living in Des Moines.
- 69 BAYLESS CAMPBELL BRADEN? (Nancy, James, Thomas), youngest child of Nancy (Donnell) and Richard Braden, b. in Iowa December 23, 1848. He was married in Oskaloosa to Bell Ingles. In their early married life they removed to Hollister, Cal., where they continued to reside until the death of Mrs. Braden, April 29, 1909. He now lives in San Francisco. They have five children:

112 Edmond,8 in San Francisco; 113 Olive8 and 114 Grace,8 with their families in Hollister, Cal.; 115 John and wife, in Alameda, Cal.; 116 Fern and husband in Richmond, Cal.

- 46 WILLIAM FISHER DONNELL⁶ (James,⁵ Thomas,⁴ James³), son of James⁵ and Elizabeth (Fisher) Donnell, b. in Kentucky January 6, 1813, moved to Indiana and was living on a farm near Orleans, Orange County, Indiana, at the time of his death—drowned while swimming his horse across a "sink hole," before 1850. Married Elise Ann Williamson, who remained at Orleans until her death. Five children: 117 Henry,⁷ 118 Kate,⁷ 119 Hattie,⁷ 120 William,⁷ and 121 Thomas.⁷ It has been impossible to get further information concerning this family.
- 47 ELIZABETH EWARD DONNELL⁶ (James,⁵ Thomas,⁴ James³), daughter of James⁵ and Elizabeth (Fisher) Donnell, b. in Bourbon County, Ky., March 10, 1815; moved when a child to Decatur County, Indiana; married January 18, 1835, to Thomas Hamilton Antrobus, who was b. in Bourbon County, Ky., April 8, 1811, and d. in Mitchell County, Kansas, July 30, 1901. They, with their five children, moved to Iowa, near Burlington, in 1845, where they remained until 1880, going then to Beloit, Kan., where she was called in 1897 to lay down life's burdens, her work well and faithfully done. Eleven children, the five oldest b. in Indiana, the others in Iowa:
- 122 Bolivar, b. Nov. 17, 1835.+
- 123 Merrill, b. Aug. 16, 1837.+
- 124 Augustine Monfort, b. May 16, 1839.+
- 125 Lafayette, b. Aug. 28, 1841.+
- 126 John Calvin, b. June 27, 1844.+
- 127 Isabella, b. Nov. 13, 1846.+
- 128 Thomas Hamilton, b. May 6, 1849.+
- 129 James Harvey, b. Aug. 3, 1851.+
- 130 Jeannette, b. Sept. 25, 1853.+
- 131 Alice, b. Apr. 6, 1857.+
- 132 Lillian, b. June 5, 1859.+
- 122 Dr. Bolivar Antrobus? (Elizabeth, James, Thomas), b. November 17, 1835, educated at Kossuth Academy, enlisted when Civil War began, in 1st Iowa Battery and served three years; commended for bravery at Pea Ridge and made Sergeant. Graduated in Philadelphia Medical College; practiced at Kossuth, Iowa, Jef-

ferson City, Mo., and Beloit, Kan., where he d. June 3, 1912. Married February 19, 1868, Sarah E. Hedges, of Iowa. Four children b. in Iowa: 133 Dr. Frank B. Antrobus, b. December 15, 1868, graduated Kansas City Medical College; married Frances Bull; physician, Jefferson City, Mo., d. October 2, 1907. One son, 137 John B. Antrobus, of Redlands, Cal. 134 Joash Antrobus, b. July 3, 1871, printer, Beloit, Kan., single, lives with mother. 135 Thomas Hamilton Antrobus, b. September 17, 1873, educated Kansas University; married Nellie Bunnel. A lawyer, Jefferson City, Mo. A son: 138 Louis Arthur Antrobus. 136 Richard S. Antrobus, b. September 1, 1877, educated Beloit high school. Stenographer, New York.

- 123 MERRILL ANTROBUS⁷ (Elizabeth, James, Thomas⁴), b. August 16, 1837; served four years in Civil War, 25th Iowa Infantry, Sergeant under Gen. John A. Logan; marched to sea with Sherman, discharged at Washington, D. C. Farmer in Iowa. Married January, 1875, Elizabeth Baxter. Died New London, Iowa, September 30, 1876. One daughter, 137 Opal Elizabeth, b. December, 1875; lives at New London.
- 124 Augustine Monfort Antrobus⁷ (Elizabeth, James, Thomas⁴), b. May 16, 1839, educated Kossuth Academy; married January 23, 1873, to Arpin C. Ross. Lawyer, Burlington, Iowa. Three children: 138 Margaret Dore, b. April 8, 1874, d. April 21, 1880. 139 Ernest Hamilton, b. December 10, 1876; d. July 31, 1877. 140 Edgar Hammond, b. December 10, 1876; d. July 3, 1884.
- 125 LAFAYETTE ANTROBUS⁷ (Elizabeth, James, Thomas), b. August 28, 1841. In Civil War, Sixth Iowa Infantry. Captured near Woodville, Ala., November 22, 1863, taken to Belle Island, then to Andersonville Prison, Andersonville, Ga., where he d. September 17, 1864.
- June 27, 1844. Served four years in Civil War, Sixth Iowa Infantry. Married April 25, 1867, Margaret Robinson, Middletown, Iowa. Farmer, Sterling, Kan. Six children, the four elder ones b. in Keokuk, Iowa, the other two at Mt. Pleasant, Iowa: 141 Mary Elizabeth, b. April 16, 1869, m. Frank Holder. 142 Bertha, b. July, 1871, m. Albert Hite. 143 La Fayette, b. 1873, barber, Sterling, Kan. 144 Harry, b. March 7, 1876, m. Fanny Hite. 145 Mat-

- tie May, b. 1878, m. Bert Holder, Rifle, Colo., one dau. 147 Fay Etta Holder. 146 Pearl Elizabeth, b. 1881.
- 127 ISABELLA ANTROBUS⁷ (Elizabeth, James, Thomas⁴), b. Nov. 13, 1846. Not married, farmer, living on farm near Beloit, Kan.
- 128 Thomas Hamilton Antrobus⁷ (Elizabeth, James, Thomas⁴), b. May 6, 1849, m. October, 1875, Florence Muzzy, of Monmouth, Ill. Farmer, Keokuk, Iowa. One son, 148 Ross Dunbar, deceased.
- 129 James Harvey Antrodus? (Elizabeth, James, Thomas), b. August 3, 1851. Educated Des Moines, Iowa, in law department. Married June, 1874, Drucilla J. Smith, Denmark, Iowa. Attorney and banker, Taloga, Okla. Three children, elder b. at Des Moines, the twins at Beloit, Kan.: 149 Harry E., b. February, 1875; m. Effie Hyde. 150 Forrest B., b. November 16, 1890; d. August 28, 1907. 151 Hazel Wren, b. November 16, 1890; teacher, Talago, Okla.
- 130 JEANNETTE ANTROBUS⁷ (Elizabeth, James, Thomas⁴), b. September 25, 1853; m. Feb. 6, 1880, Rev. George Benaugh, Presbyterian minister, Knockbracken Manse, Belfast, Ireland. One child, 152 Mary Elizabeth Benaugh, b. in Beloit, Kan., October 9, 1889.
- James, Thomas, born respectively April 6, 1857, and June 5, 1859.
 Both not married. The two and their sister Isabella are successful farmers, near Beloit, Kan.
- 48 Thomas Donnell, Glames, Thomas, James, Son of James and Elizabeth (Fisher) Donnell, b. in Kentucky, December 20, 1816; moved to Indiana with his parents; married November 14, 1849, to Ruth Jane Braden, who was b. near Kingston, Ind., Oct. 30, 1832, and d. in Iowa July 10, 1889. They moved to New London, Iowa, September 25, 1852. From the raw prairie they built up a fine farm and a good home. They united with the Middletown Presbyterian church, but later moved their membership to New London, where they were charter members of the Presbyterian church of that place. He d. Dec. 14, 1880. Four children, two of whom d. in infancy. The others were:
- 153 Jerusha, b. Sept. 4, 1850.+
- 154 Clay, b. Sept. 27, 1858.+

153 Jerusha Donnell (Thomas, James, Thomas), daughter of Thomas and Ruth J. (Braden) Donnell, b. at Clarksburg, Ind., September 4, 1850; graduated Iowa Wesleyan University, 1869. Married November 2, 1871, to S. O. Thomas, of Burlington, Iowa, who served in 85th Pennsylvania regiment in Civil War; principal West Hill Grammar School of Burlington, Iowa, from 1867 to 1907. and d. February 10, 1911. Mrs. Thomas resides in Burlington. Four children, b. in Burlington: 155 Frank Donnell Thomas,8 b. December 4, 1874; served in the Philippines, 1899-1901, during Spanish-American War. Married March 4, 1910, Mae Austin Millard, of Seattle, Wash. City salesman, Portland, Ore. 156 Stella Mae Thomas, b. July 10, 1878; attended Oberlin Conservatory and Sherwood School of Music at Chicago. · Killed in an elevator accident in Chicago, January 27, 1901. 157 Bert Segner Thomas,8 b. June 17, 1881; assistant superintendent Dufur Orchard Company, Dufur, Ore. 158 Jessie Marie Thomas, b. June 15, 1884; graduated at Iowa University, 1907. Teacher in Burlington public schools.

Thomas and Ruth J. (Braden) Donnell, b. September 27, 1858. Married Sallie Richards, November 6, 1878. Two sons: 159 Frederick Richards Donnell, b. June 8, 1881, in New London, Iowa. Insurance business. 160 Howard Beverly Donnell, b. in New London, Iowa, October 31, 1883. Traveling salesman for American Tobacco Company of New York.

50 Celia Catherine Donnell⁶ (James,⁵ Thomas,⁴ James³), daughter of James and Elizabeth (Fisher) Donnell, b. January 28, 1821, in Orange County, Indiana; moved to Decatur County with parents when quite young; married January 12, 1847, George C. Reeder. Moved to Iowa, where they were members of Knoxville Presbyterian church. She d. at Pleasantville, Iowa. March 19, 1889. He d. August 29, 1900. Both buried at Knoxville, Iowa. Seven children born to them:

161 Sina E., b. Aug. 1, 1848.+

- 162 Margaret Jane, b. Dec. 16, 1849; d. Sept. 13, 1865.
- 163 Otis Hall, b. Feb. 10, 1852; single, Kansas City, Mo.
- 164 Milton Huss, b. Nov. 27, 1853; d. Feb. 26, 1855.
- 165 Ella, b. Dec. 28, 1855; d. Oct. 7, 1865.
- 166 James Donnell, b. Aug. 22, 1859.+
- 167 Fannie L., b. Jan. 22, 1863.+

- 161 Sina E. Reeder! (Celia, James, Thomas), b. August 1, 1848; married at Martinsburg, Iowa, March 17, 1870, to Lorimer Ardery, druggist, Hutchinson, Kan. They have three children: 168 Roy E. Ardery, b. September 19, 1874; married Jan. 4, 1912, Alice Walker, of Hutchinson, Kan. Newspaper business, Los Angeles, Cal. 169 Faye Ardery, b. June 6, 1878; married June 6, 1900, Charles Greenlee. Milling business, Hutchinson, Kan. 170 Lois Ardery, b. March 14, 1883. Bookkeeper in A. & A. Drug Company, Hutchinson, Kan.
- 166 James Donnell Reeder (Celia, James, Thomas), b. August 22, 1859; married at Topeka, Kan., 1895, to Margaret Coyne. Photographer, Waverly, Kan. Five children: 171 Vernon, 172 Donnell, 173 George, 174 Ina, 175 Clifford.
- 167 FANNIE L. REEDER⁷ (Celia, James, Thomas), b. January 22, 1863; married in Knoxville, Iowa, September 1, 1886, to George M. Glenn. Real estate business, Liberal, Kan. Four children: 176 Mable, 177 Georgia, 178 Ruth, 179 Helen.
- 51 SARAH JANE DONNELL⁶ (James,⁵ Thomas,⁴ James³), daughter of James⁵ and Elizabeth (Fisher) Donnell, b. in Indiana April 21, 1823; married in Indiana to John C. Ardery. Moved to Iowa, where she d. July 13, 1864. Five children were born to them:
- 180 WILLIAM L. Ardery, b. Greensburg, Ind., May 21, 1846; moved to Iowa with parents; married Ann Phelps, who d. 1910. He was a dealer in fine horses. He d. at his home in Salem, Ill., December 7, 1907. There were three children, but all died in infancy.
- and John C. Ardery, b. Greensburg, Ind., Oct. 22, 1848; moved with parents to Martinsburg, Iowa; married Gilbert B. Martin, in 1867. Lived in Ottumwa four years, then in Martinsburg and Hedrick, and now in Fremont, Iowa. Four children: 185 John C. Martin, b. December 12, 1868; married Nora Richardson, June 26, 1889. Engineer, resides at Keithsburg, Ill. Six children: 189 Frank F., b. August 21, 1890, high school education, electrical engineer; 190 Claude, b. April 2, 1892, high school education, farmer; 191 Neal, b. June 27, 1893, high school education, merchant; 192 Gladys, b. April 19, 1895; 193 Harry, b. October 25, 1901; 194 John, b. December 18, 1904. 186 Bert Martin, b. May 9, 1871; married Jose-

phine Cotter, November 8, 1900; butcher, Winterset, Iowa. 187 Frank Martin, b. August 31, 1873; d. May 14, 1886. 188 Nettie M. Martin, b. February 18, 1878; high school and Normal School education; married July 12, 1905, Cap. E. Miller, superintendent public schools, Sigourney, Iowa. One child, 195 Margaret Elizabeth, b. July 21, 1910.

- 182 EMMA ARDERY, daughter of Sarah (Donnell) and John C. Ardery, b. 1850; married —— Briscoe; resides Sandoval, Ill. Six children: 196 Sadie Briscoe-Stewart, 197 John Briscoe, 198 Kate Briscoe-Bawer⁸ (dead), 199 Myrtle Briscoe⁸ (dead), 200 Edgar Briscoe⁸ (dead), 201 Flora Briscoe.
- 183 NETTA ARDERY, daughter of Sarah (Donnell) and John C. Ardery, b. 1854; married a Mr. Maine; resided at Bloomington, Ill.; d. September 27, 1907.
- 184 Lane Ardery, son of Sarah (Donnell) and John C. Ardery, b. 1858; married Eva Kephart. Engineer, Ottumwa, Iowa.
- 52 Theopilus Lowry Donnell⁶ (James,⁵ Thomas,⁴ James³), son of James⁵ and Elizabeth (Fisher) Donnell, b. Decatur County, Indiana, April 1, 1825; married first, March 14, 1849, Louisa Hamilton,⁶ b. December 25, 1826; d. January 19, 1854 (see page 93). One child:

202 Ida Louisa, b. June 30, 1853.+

Theopilus Lowry married second, October 30, 1854, Cordelia Hamilton, b. August 13, 1832, at Kingston, Ind. Prosperous farmer near Kingston, Ind., until middle life, then moving to Beloit, Kan., and later going to Cazenovia, N. Y., where he d. July 19, 1901. Buried at Kingston. Children, b. near Kingston:

- 203 Charles Zelek, b. Oct. 5, 1855.+
- 204 Cora May, b. Mar. 15, 1857.+
- 205 Cyrus Hamilton, b. Mar. 31, 1860.+
- 206 Mary Annetta, b. Dec. 2, 1864.+
- 207 Maude Willa, b. Feb. 8, 1868.+
- 208 William Hamilton, b. Aug. 2, 1875.+

202 IDA LOUISA DONNELL⁷ (T. Lowry, James, Thomas), b. June 30, 1853; married Robert E. Moore, merchant, Clarksburg, Ind., October 31, 1872, and d. June 24, 1874, leaving a baby daughter, 209 Cora Gertrude Moore, b. August 23, 1873, who moved with

her father, after his second marriage, to Indianapolis, where she was educated. She married June 14, 1899, Charles De Haas, law-yer, Indianapolis. One daughter, b. at Indianapolis: 210 Elizabeth De Haas, b. Nov. 11, 1903.

203 CHARLES ZELEK DONNELL⁷ (T. Lowry, James, Thomas), b. October 5, 1855; m. September, 1880, Lucy B. Hamilton, of Kingston. Farmer, Kingston, Ind., and Beloit, Kan. Lumber business in New York and New Jersey. Farmer, near Greensburg, Ind. Children: 211 Frederick, b. July 3, 1881, and 212 Rolland, b. February 8, 1883, both single and in lumber business, Cazenovia, N. Y.

204 CORA MAY DONNELL⁷ (T. Lowry, James, Thomas), b. March 15, 1857; educated at Kingston, Ind. Moved with parents to Beloit. Kan., and Cazenovia, N. Y., and afterwards with her mother to Upper Montclair, N. J. She now resides with her mother and two brothers on their farm near Greensburg, Ind.

205 CYRUS HAMILTON DONNELL⁷ (T. Lowry, James, Thomas), b. March 13, 1860; ranchman in Texas; farmer in Beloit, Kan. Salesman of builders' supplies in New York City eighteen years. Farmer, near Greensburg, Ind. Single.

206 MARY ANNETTA DONNELL? (T. Lowry, James, Thomas), b. Dec. 2, 1864, in Rush County, Indiana; educated Kingston, Ind. Married in Beloit, Kan., January, 1890, to John T. Lyman, who was b. in Exeter, N. H. Lumber dealer, now manufacturer of lumber, Upper Montclair, N. J. Six children; 213 John Donnell Lyman, b. September 21, 1890; in Hobart College. 214 Laura Hamilton Lyman, b. December 3, 1891; graduated in a college in Springfield, Mass. 215 William Lowery Lyman, b. October 12, 1893; in business with father. 216 Dorothy Lyman, b. June 17, 1895; in high school. 217 Theodore Cushing Lyman, b. December 20, 1900. 218 Hector Hitchings Lyman, b. April 21, 1902.

207 MAUDE WILLA DONNELL! (T. Lowry, James, Thomas), b. February 8, 1868. Married in Beloit, Kan., April 8, 1891, to William J. Sturgis, b. in Smithfield, Pa. Lawyer, Uniontown, Pa., where they now reside. Three children: 219 Dean Donnell Sturgis, b. Beloit, Kan., Dec. 1, 1892; in college. 220 Cordelia Elizabeth Sturgis, b. Beloit, Kan., January 4, 1897; in high school. 221 Cyrus Lyman Sturgis, b. Uniontown, Pa., Jan. 13, 1899.

208 WILLIAM HAMILTON DONNELL⁷ (T. Lowry, James, Thomas⁴), b. near Kingston, Ind., August 2, 1875; educated at Kingston and Beloit, Kan. Married June 29, 1899, Martha Carr, of Middlesex, N. Y. Buyer for National Casket Company of Pittsburgh. Resides at Asheville, N. C. Three children, the two elder in Cazenovia, N. Y., the other at Asheville, N. C. Children: 222 William Raymond Donnell, b. January 4, 1902. 223 Edward Carr Donnell, b. 224 Margaret Louise Donnell, b. Nov. 16, 1909.

53 Susan Ellen Donnell⁶ (James, Thomas, James), daughter of James and Elizabeth (Fisher) Donnell, b. in Decatur County, Indiana, April 16, 1827. Married May 4, 1849, to John B. Hall, who was b. in Genessee County, New York, and was a teacher in Clarksburg and Laurel, Ind., and who d. December 11, 1852. She narried second, February 20, 1855, Andrew Dyer, of Greensburg, Ind., who was b. December 16, 1803, first Auditor of Decatur County, and held that office fourteen years. He d. March 31, 1890. Mrs. Dyer, in spite of her advanced age, being over eighty-five years old, has a wonderful memory and is an encyclopedia of family history. Resides in Greensburg, Ind. One child: 225 Aurilla Gertrude Dyer, b. in Greensburg, Ind., February 24, 1851; married September 21, 1869, to Robert Cassius Hamilton, farmer, Greensburg, and d. March 1, 1873; no children.

54 Zelek Martin Donnell⁶ (James, Thomas, James), son of James and Elizabeth (Fisher) Donnell, b. in Orange County, Indiana, May 5, 1829. Married February 3, 1852, to Camilla Thomson, of Greensburg, Ind., who was b. April 3, 1827. They started March 5, 1852, on the long overland trail to Oregon, taking a steamer at Madison, Ind., and going to St. Joseph, Mo., arriving there March 27. Here they bought teams-mostly oxen-and wagons and supplies for the journey. There were 101 persons in the party, many of whom were friends and neighbors from Decatur and Rush counties, Indiana. They crossed the Missouri May 9 and 10, by rope ferry, where Omaha now stands, then an uninhabited country, except by Indians and buffaloes. They forded Platte River, where Platte City now stands, crossed the mountains and finally arrived, September 27, at Portland, Ore., then a little village in the woods. They settled in Lynn County, taking a donation claim. He was a cattleman and died at The Dalles, Ore., November 30, 1873. His wife still resides there. Four children, the two elder b. in Lynn County, the other two b. near The Dalles: 226 Lulu, b. May 29, 1854.+

- Orville Thomson, b. Jan. 16, 1856, sheepman in Grass Range, Mont.
- 228 Lowry Tenney, b. Mar. 28, 1861; d. Nov. 28, 1874.
- 229 Martin Zelek, b. April 27, 1872.+
- 226 LULU DONNELL⁷ (Zelek, James, Thomas), daughter of Zelek Martin and Camilla (Thomson) Donnell, b. May 29, 1854. Married first, George F. Sampson, a steamboat captain, who was b. at Waldsboro, Me., and d. at The Dalles, Ore., November 6, 1888. Four children, the three elder b. at The Dalles, the youngest at Almota, Wash.: 230 Georgia Kent Sampson, b. April 9, 1878; married April 18, 1903, Charles Wesley Brown, merchant, Kellogg, Wash., who was b. September 11, 1875, at Cheyenne, Wyo.; four children, the two elder b. at The Dalles, Ore., the other two at Kellogg, Wash.: 234 Camilla Brown, b. February 29, 1904; 235 Mary Lucretia Brown,9 b. November 28, 1906; 236 George Aime Brown,9 b. March 28, 1909; 237 Charles Crandall Brown, b. May 18, 1911. 231 Victor Thomson Sampson,8 b. January 13, 1880; is a railroad man at Everett, Wash., unmarried. 232 Frederick Sampson,8 b. February 20, 1882; d. at Almota, Wash., January 8, 1888. 233 Harry Sampson,8 b. April 24, 1887; d. at The Dalles, November 24, 1888. Lulu Donnell-Sampson married second, on May 25, 1892, Charles Jesse Crandall, who was b. at Silverton, Ore., August 7, 1858. Architect, The Dalles, Ore.
- 229 MARTIN ZELEK DONNELL⁷ (Zelek, James, Thomas), son of Zelek Martin and Camilla (Thomson) Donnell, b. near The Dalles, April 27, 1872. Married October 10, 1894, to Grace Marden, who was b. near Hood River, Ore., January 8, 1873. Druggist, The Dalles, Ore. Two children, b. at The Dalles: 238 Wilma Grace Donnell, b. Feb. 23, 1896. 239 Merrill Martin Donnell, b. August 3, 1897.
- 55 Margaret Donnell (James, Thomas, James), daughter of James and Elizabeth (Fisher) Donnell, b. April 12, 1831, in Indiana. She removed to Iowa with her parents. Married Rev. Adam Lowry Rankin, a Presbyterian minister, and a son of Rev. John Rankin. They have lived at Yellow Springs, Ohio, in Illinois, in Memphis, Tenn., Tulare, Cal., San Francisco, and Petaluma, Cal. Mr. Rankin d. some years ago and Mrs. Rankin now resides with her daughter Famile at Petaluma, Cal. It is to be regretted that no replies have been received to the letters of inquiry, and this family

record is far from being complete. Four children: 240 Clara Ranhin, now a widow, lives in California and has children. 241 William Rankin, lives in California. 242 Elmer Rankin, a corporation lawyer, living at Petaluma, Cal.; married and has a daughter, who is being educated in Leland Stanford, Jr., University. 243 Fannie Rankin, married a Mr. Green, resides at Petaluma, Cal., and has three children: 244 Myra Green, 245 Homer Green, 246 Lois Green.

- JAMES BARR DONNELL⁶ (James,⁵ Thomas,⁴ James³), son of James⁵ and Elizabeth (Fisher) Donnell, b. in Indiana, April 17, 1834. Moved to Iowa with parents. Married a widow, whose maiden name was Cynthia McCreary. They moved to Missouri, but afterward returned to Iowa. He d. in Hedrick, Iowa, about 1906. His widow resides there. There were five children: 247 Ralph,⁷ who is now dead. 248 June,⁷ who married Harkness and has two daughters. 249 Drusilla,⁷ who married Bain and has two sons; 250 Katherine,⁷ who married Lee; no children. 251 Alice,⁷ who also married.
- 57 Samuel Harrison Donnell, (James, Thomas, James), son of James and Jane (Hudelson) Donnell, b. May 25, 1836, in Decatur County, Indiana. Moved to Iowa with parents in 1854; then with his half-brother James to Missouri; then back to Hedrick, Iowa, where he still resides, single. Served three years in 1st Iowa Volunteer Cavalry, in Missouri and Arkansas.
- 58 John Alexander Donnell⁶ (James,⁵ Thomas,⁴ James³), son of James⁵ and Jane (Hudelson) Donnell, b. April 13, 1838, in Indiana. Moved with parents to Iowa in 1854. Attended schools in Indiana. Taught two short terms in Iowa, and then went to Washington College, where he graduated, July 4, 1861. He then enlisted in Company I, 1st Iowa Cavalry, serving as a private, quartermaster, sergeant, first lieutenant and adjutant. Discharged October, 1864. Clerk of District Court in Keokuk County, Iowa. Admitted to bar 1867, and has continued practice of law in Iowa and California ever since. He was district attorney of Sixth Judicial District in Iowa, 1882-86; moved to Los Angeles, Cal., December, 1887, where he still resides; district attorney Los Angeles County, 1894-98. Married February 11, 1868, to Susan C. Hogan, who d. October 26, 1887. Ten children, b. in Sigourney, Iowa: 252 Una Zelle Donnell,⁷ b. December 10, 1868; married W. E. B. Partridge, of Los Angeles,

Cal.; four children, b. and still living: 262 Zelle,8 263 Eleanor,8 264 Donnell,8 and 265 Gardner.8 253 Oliver Wendell Donnell,7 b. May 18, 1870; d. April 30, 1871; buried at Sigourney, Iowa. 254 William Wendell Donnell, b. November 13, 1871; graduated California State Normal, 1892; taught school in Los Angeles County for a number of years. 255 Birney Hogin Donnell,7 b. September 23, 1874; graduated California State Normal 1893, University of California 1899; vice-principal of L. A. Polytechnic High School five years; admitted to bar and practices law at Los Angeles. Married August 18, 1909, May Cotter, of Plattsburg, N. Y., a graduate of Columbia University. 256 Orrilla May Donnell, b. May 22, 1876; educated in public and music schools; church and concert singer New York City. Married April 21, 1902, to John Wesley Hunt, Jr., diamond salesman in Tiffany's, New York City; d. in that city July 16, 1905; buried at Groveland, N. Y. 257 Homer Donnell,7 b. June 13, 1878; attended California State Normal; clerked in State Bank & Trust Company for a number of years; admitted to bar in 1910, and now practicing his profession. 258 Grace Donnell,7 b. December 25, 1879; d. in Sigourney, Iowa, October 4, 1887, and is buried there. 259 Blanche Donnell, b. April 4, 1882; educated in public and music schools in Los Angeles; studied vocal music in New York City four years; taught voice in Occidental College of Music. Los Angeles, one year; went to Cape Town, South Africa, where she was married, December, 1908, to Emil Knecht, mining engineer in Johannesburg, South Africa, where they reside; one child, 266 Eleanor Knecht. b. April 19, 1910. 260 John Christfield Donnell, b. September 16, 1883; graduated Los Angeles High School, Trinity Preparatory in New York City, and Hobart College; has been secretary to president of Hobart College, a student in Columbia University, and is now in Episcopal Theological Seminary in New York City. 261 Horace Donnell, b. October 5, 1885; graduated Los Angeles High School 1906, attended University of California, and graduated from law department of University of Southern California 1911; admitted to bar 1911, and now in partnership with his father.

59 OLIVER HUDELSON DONNELL⁶ (James,⁵ Thomas,⁴ James³), son of James⁵ and Jane (Hudelson) Donnell, b. October 14, 1839. Moved to Iowa with his father. Enlisted and served three years in Company I, 1st Iowa Cavalry. Married February 20, 1899, Lella Florence Vincent (see page 66). He has retired from active business, and they reside at Algona, Iowa. No children.

60 ROBERT LUTHER DONNELL⁶ (James,⁵ Thomas,⁴ James³), son of James⁵ and Jane (Hudelson) Donnell, b. in Indiana, April 13, 1841. Moved to Iowa with parents. Served three years in Civil War, in same regiment with his brothers. Attended University of Michigan, Law School, practiced law, and for thirty years has been postal clerk on Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific railroad. Resides at Washington, Iowa. Married Arcelia Merriam, June 10, 1869. Two sons: 267 Elbert M. Donnell,⁷ b. March 7, 1874; d. May 5, 1876. 268 Elmer Donnell,⁷ b. April 11, 1877; graduated Business College, attended Chicago Art Institute one year and Frank Holmes School of Illustration two years. Cartoonist several years on various papers, and for past five years on St. Louis "Globe Democrat."

Anne Eliza Donnello (James, Thomas, James), daughter of James and Jane (Hudelson) Donnell, b. July 20, 1842. Went with parents to Iowa. Married to James Hamilton Waugh, who was a soldier in Civil War, serving in 13th Iowa Infantry. They lived for several years on a farm, now the site of Hedrick, Iowa, then went to Ottumwa, where he was in the railroad business, then in 1887 to California, and in 1889 to Kansas City, Mo., where they remained until her death, February 18, 1909, while visiting her son in Chicago. He now lives in Los Angeles, Cal. Ten children:

269 Lily May, died young.

270 William Pitt, b. Mar. 12, 1867.+

271 Walter Donnell, d. young.

272 Opal Kyle, b. Mar. 9, 1871.+

273 George Selden, b. Feb. 11, 1873; farmer and contractor in Kansas; single.

274 Ada Zelle, b. Sept., 1875; died.

275 Ida Maude, b. Oct., 1877; single; died.

276 Josephine, b. May 30, 1879; single; resides at Kansas City, Mo. Twin daughters, b. 1883; d. in infancy.

270 WILLIAM PITT WAUGH⁷ (Anne E., James, Thomas), son of Anne Eliza (Donnell) and James H. Waugh, b. March 12, 1867; studied civil engineering at Iowa Agricultural College. After leaving there he was a railroad civil engineer for several years and is now a manufacturer and resides at Upper Montclair, N. J. He married Mattie Frary, a native of Western Iowa. Two daughters: 277 Marjorie Frary, b. Nov. 24, 1897. 278 Helen Mae, b. July 11, 1899.

- 272 OPAL KYLE WAUGH? (Anne E., James, Thomas*), daughter of Anne E. (Donnell) and James H. Waugh, b. March 9, 1871. Married Jack Goldwater, who was a furniture dealer, and died about 1905. She resides at San Francisco. Cal. Three children: 279 Reginald Waugh Goldwater, 280 Lucille Goldwater, and 281 James Goldwater.
- 35 Saratt Donnell, the Thomas, James, Thomas, daughter of Thomas and Nancy (Barr) Donnell, b. April 22, 1792. Married to David Hudelson, a son of William Hudelson, who was b. in Ireland and was a soldier in the Revolutionary War. They moved to Orange County, Indiana, in 1819, and settled near Paoli, where both d. Her death occurred in 1846. There were eleven children, eight of whom died before 1887. Her family were scattered through Indiana, Illinois, Missouri and Louisiana. There is a record of but two of the sons, the eldest, William H., and the youngest, Cyrus N.
- 282 William H. Hudelson⁶ (Sarah,⁵ Thomas,⁴ James³), son of Sarah (Donnell) and David Hudelson, b. April 20, 1810; married 1831 to Elizabeth H. Springer, who d. November 20, 1883. He d. July, 1886. Ten children: 284 John A. Hudelson,⁷ b. May 31, 1832; married 1859 to Addie Lindley; six children: 285 Ella J.,⁸ 286 Lillie E.,⁵ 287 Charles M.,⁸ 288 Maud G.,⁸ 289 John W.,⁸ 290 Addie P.⁵ 291 Lydia A. Hudelson⁷; 292 David M. Hudelson⁷; 293 Henry H. Hudelson⁷; 294 Sarah J. Hudelson⁷; 295 Nicholas V. Hudelson⁷; 296 Albert L. Hudelson⁷; 297 Emma E. Hudelson⁷; 298 Lanville R. Hudelson⁷; 299 Ada F. Hudelson,⁷
- 283 Cyrus N. Hudelson⁶ (Sarah, Thomas, James), youngest son of Sarah (Donnell) and David Hudelson, b. August 19, 1832. Married September, 1854, to Martha E. Hamersly, who was b. August 18, 1833. He resided near Paoli, Ind., and d. there about 1887. Eight children: 300 Sarah E. Hudelson⁷; 301 Martha E. Hudelson⁷; 302 Lydia J. Hudelson⁷; 303 Samuel D. Hudelson⁷; 304 James C. Hudelson⁷; 305 Cyrus A. Hudelson⁷; 306 Mary A. Hudelson⁷; 307 Cyrus J. Hudelson⁷ Part of the facts were obtained from the "History of Lawrence, Orange and Washington Counties," published in 1884.
- 36 CATHERINE DONNELL⁵ (Thomas, James, Thomas²) was b. in Bourbon County, Kentucky, August 13, 1794. Married September 15, 1814, to Moses Mathers (second son of Thomas Mathers),

who was b. February 1, 1787, and d. April 10, 1860. They moved to Livonia, Ind., in 1815 and to Orange County in 1816, where he entered land in Orangeville Township in 1816. This land remained in the family until 1911. Tradition says that when they moved from Livonia to Orange County that Catherine rode horseback with the baby Elizabeth Jane in her arms and the spinning wheel tied to the ponunel of the saddle. Moses walked by her and carried the axe. That they were people of literary tastes was indicated by the care with which they preserved all pamphlets or books that came into their possession. A collection of almanacs, which they made, dating back to 1792 and containing much valuable information concerning the early post roads, is still in existence. Nine children:

- 308 Elizabeth Jane, b. June 5, 1815.+
- 309 Nancy, b. Apr. 13, 1817.+
- 310 Thomas Luther, b. Sept. 15, 1819.+
- 311 Samuel, b. Dec. 18, 1821.+
- 312 Robert R., b. Mar. 13, 1824.+
- 313 Sarah C., b. June 14, 1826.+
- 314 Mary Ann, b. Feb. 23, 1829.+
- 315 James H., b. Feb. 3. 1831.+
- 316 Harriet M., b. Aug. 1, 1833.+

308 ELIZABETH JANE MATHERS⁶ (Catherine, Thomas, James³), b. June 5, 1815. Married October 18, 1836, to Thomas Elrod, son of Jacob and Mildred (Cooper) Elrod, who was b. in Orange County, Indiana, June 16, 1817. He joined the United Brethren church in 1834, connecting himself with the Indiana Conference of that church in May, 1845, and was ordained at Union Church, Orange County, January 23, 1848, He was appointed to Jasper Circuit 1847, Corydon Circuit 1849, and Washington Circuit 1851. He d. at Hartsville, Ind., January 4, 1881. She d. November 27, 1897. Seven children:

317 Dr. Moses Newton Elrod, b. near Orleans, Ind., April 4, 1838; attended Hartsville College and Cincinnati Medical School. Began practice of medicine at Hardensburg, Ind., 1861. Hospital Steward of 24th Indiana Volunteers, and discharged in three months on account of ill health; assigned in the spring of 1862 to duty as acting assistant surgeon at Hospital No. 1, New Albany, Ind., continuing there until close of war. Graduated Kentucky School of Medicine 1864. Practiced at Dover Hill, Ind., until fall of 1867, retiring to Orleans, Ind., on account of ill health. Postmaster at Or-

leans six years; taught in Southern Indiana Normal, at Paoli, 1875; practiced medicine at Hartsville, Ind., 1877-1897; was assistant State Geologist, his scientific work including botany and natural history, as well as geology. Many geological specimens were named for him and his botanical researches received general recognition. He was a member of the Indiana Academy of Science, and Indiana Medical Society. Married near Orleans, April 14, 1859, to Fannie Barker, who was b. October 14, 1843, a daughter of Israel and Mary (Downs) Barker. He d. at Columbus, Ind., May 20, 1907. Two children: 324 Jennie M. Elrod, b. October 12, 1869; in library work, State Library, Indianapolis, before marriage. Married August 16, 1907, to Walter DeWitt Elrod, a son of Joseph Winburn and Elvira (Shields) Elrod, who was b. December 24, 1864. He is a lawyer at Okmulgee, Okla, where they reside. 325 Thomas Sloan Elrod, b. July 12, 1882. Married June 27, 1906, to Elva Reeves, b. November 30, 1883, a daughter of Jefferson B. and Angeline (Strickland) Reeves. He is a newspaper man at Columbus, Ind. One child, 326 Margaret Reeves Elrod, b. October 18, 1908.

318 Hamilton Antibus Crawford Elrod, son of Elizabeth (Mathers) and Thomas Elrod, b. September 14, 1840. Married at Orleans, Ind., November 17, 1859, to Mary E. McKnight. Died in Lincoln, Kan. Seven children: 327 Harriet C. Elrod, b. June 21, 1861; married February 7, 1884, to Benajah P. Wicker; three children: 334 Owen B. Wicker, b. November 1, 1885; 335 Earl M. Wicker, b. March 4, 1887; 336 Ada E. Wicker, b. March 15, 1889. 328 Henry F. Elrod, b. January 11, 1864, and married. 329 Frederick C. Elrod, b. April 24, 1866; d. August 30, 1873. 330 George A. Elrod, b. August 21, 1868; married November 6, 1889, to Lola Wingett. 331 Thomas E. Elrod, b. September 8, 1871. 332 Cloude M. Elrod, b. October 25, 1874. 333 Grace A. Elrod, b. June 5, 1884.

Thomas Elrod, b. May 21, 1843. Married Emma Wright, whose grandfather was a soldier in the War of 1812, and great-grandfather was killed in the Revolutionary War. Samuel A. d. November 1, 1872, at Orleans, Ind. One child: 337 Harry Virgil Elrod, b. December 27, 1864, and married.

320 EDWARD LINN ELROD, son of Elizabeth (Mathers) and Thomas Elrod, b. August 11, 1845. Married Mary Freeman, De-

cember 4, 1867; d. May 19, 1886, at Oskaloosa, Ill. Eight children: 338 Nellie, b. September 18, 1868; d. March 30, 1889. 339 Jessie Sanford, b. August 2, 1870; d. July 4, 1890. 340 Edith, b. April 15, 1872; married Hardy Hartell. 341 Albert Clinton, b. February 27, 1874; d. 1890. 342 Charles Noble, b. December 27, 1875; d. November 21, 1879. 343 Charles Earl, b. September 3, 1879. 344 Mary E., b. September 1, 1881. 345 Homer Milton, b. April 11, 1885, and married.

- 321 MILDRED CATHERINE ELROD, daughter of Elizabeth (Mathers) and Thomas Elrod, b. November 29, 1848. Married November 29, 1870, at Orleans, to John S. Jetter. Three children: 346 Eva L. Jetter, b. November 7, 1871; married May 2, 1893, to William H. Benton; two children: 349 Mildred C. Benton, b. September 29, 1902; 350 Rachel Benton, b. July 10, 1904. And two sons b. to Mildred Elrod-Jetter: 347 a son, b. February 9, 1874, d. February 19, 1874, and 348 Albert Jetter, b. December 12, 1878, d. June 26, 1879.
- Thomas Elrod, b. March 1, 1851. Married November 20, 1873, at Orleans, to John J. Lingle; d. May 16, 1894; four children: 351 Henry Lingle, b. February 20, 1876; d. December 16, 1896. 352 Thomas Lingle, b. March 14, 1878. 353 Elizabeth Anthony Lingle, b. June 19, 1880. 354 Richard Lingle.
- 323 EUPHEMA ANN ELROD, daughter of Elizabeth (Mathers) and Thomas Elrod, b. December 28, 1854. Married Millard Fillmore Dawson, August 7, 1879, at Hartsville, Ind.; d. Jan. 15, 1891; four children: 355 Gertrude Dawson, b. January 25, 1880; d. October 12, 1898. 356 Elizabeth Dawson, b. July 23, 1882; married. 357 Grace Mildred Dawson, b. April 14, 1885; d. November 26, 1904. 358 Carrie Euphema Dawson, b. October 12, 1887.
- 309 Nancy Mathers⁶ (Catherine,⁵ Thomas,⁴ James³), daughter of Catherine (Donnell) and Moses Mathers, b. April 13, 1817. Married February 25, 1836, to James Laswell. Died March 17, 1889. One child: 359 Henry Laswell.⁷
- 310 THOMAS LUTHER MATHERS⁶ (Catherine, Thomas, James), son of Catherine (Donnell) and Moses Mathers, b. September 15, 1819. Married first, September 15, 1842, to Hester Ann Spooner,

who d. in 1845. One child: 360 William C. Mathers, b. March 3, 1844; d. October 11, 1871. He married second, March 5, 1846, Ann C. Wilson. He d. November 16, 1897. Nine children: 361 Joseph H. Mathers, b. January 14, 1848. Married January 4, 1872, to Lizzie A. Hudelson, who d. August 22, 1879. He d. March 18, 1879. Three children: 370, Harry L. Mathers, b. February 6, 1873; d. January 21, 1886. 371 Clara May Mathers," and 372 Joseph Robert Mathers, b. May 7, 1875, the latter dying August 12, 1879. 362 Mary E. Mathers, b. December 29, 1849. Married April 2, 1872, to Rev. James V. Moore. Nine children: 373 Mary E. Moore, b. February 1, 1874; 374 Thomas A. Moore, b. November 28, 1875; 375 Anna B. Moore, b. September 10, 1877; 376 Elizabeth Moore, 8 b. February 27, 1879; 377 Marshall C. Moore, b. August 14, 1880; 378 Ona Alice Moore,8 b. October 25, 1881; 379 Minnie Moore,8 b. July 4, 1884; 380 James G. Moore, b. January 9, 1887; and 381 a son, b. April 7, 1889. 363 Maria J. Mathers, b. March 2, 1852. Married October 21, 1869, to Anderson Street. Six children: 382 William M. Street, b. September 15, 1871. 383 Della F. Street, b. September 22, 1873; d. June 13, 1882. 384 Pearl A. Street, b. August 8, 1875. 385 Bertha M. Street, b. May 18, 1882. 386 Ara Street, b. April 22, 1884; d. February 15, 1885. 387 Homer Street, b. August 24, 1887. 364 Florence E. Mathers, b. May 29, 1854. Married September 19, 1872, to Eli W. Monical. Three children: 388 Charles O. Monical. b. June 13, 1874; 389 Daisy M. Monical, 8 b. April 4, 1877; 390 Maggie B. Monical, b. January 1, 1880. 365 Lucy A. Mathers, b. March 29, 1856. Married February 18, 1875, to Henry Murray. Four children: 391 J. Ralph Murray, b. January 24, 1877; 392 Fred L. Murray, b. December 18, 1880; 393 Ruth M. Murray, b. December 1, 1884; 394 Earl Murray, b. August 31, 1886, d. April 26, 1887. 366 Margaret B. Mathers, b. August 15, 1858. Married February 18, 1886, to Jacob W. Cowherd. One child: 395 Lora May Cowherd, b. December 14, 1888. 367 Moses A. Mathers, b. December 30, 1860. Married July 25, 1886, to Mary L. Porter. Two children: 396 Frankie H. Mathers,8 b. July 5, 1887; 397 Lena Mathers, b. May 30, 1889. 368 Emma E. Mathers, b. August 29, 1863. Married March 16, 1891, to Douglas Burton. 369 George A. Mathers, b. March 12, 1866; d. November 30, 1879.

311 Samuel Mathers⁶ (Catherine,⁵ Thomas,⁴ James³), son of Catherine (Donnell) and Moses Mathers, b. December 18, 1821. Married Annie Wyman, February 17, 1853. Two children: 398

James L. Mathers, b. December 6, 1853. Married September 19, 1883, to Matilda Stackhouse. Two children: 402 Bertha Mathers, b. October 18, 1884; 403 Lulu Mathers, b. September 16, 1886. 399 Florence M. Mathers, b. June 5, 1885. Married November 8, 1883, to Richard Burton. Three children: 404 Ethel Burton, b. July 1, 1884; 405 Samuel Burton, b. March 10, 1886; 406 Cora Burton, b. August 15, 1888. Samuel Mathers married second, January 1, 1857, to Nancy Fields. Two more children: 400 Marion F. Mathers, b. November 16, 1859. Married December 18, 1884, to Rebecca Edwards; two children: 407 Verna Mathers, b. November 24, 1887, and 408 Claud Mathers. 401 Margaret B. Mathers, b. December 20, 1863. Married October 2, 1888, to Sherman Noblitt; one child, 409 Lawrence Noblitt, b. September 20, 1889.

312 Robert R. Mathers⁶ (Catherine, Thomas, James), son of Catherine (Donnell) and Moses Mathers, b. March 13, 1824. Married Annette Holmes March 13, 1845. Seven children: 410 Kate E. Mathers, b. September 23, 1848. 411 Mary A. Mathers, b. March 14, 1850. 412 James A. Mathers, b. February 6, 1853. Married March 6, 1875, to Agnes E. Gaddis, who d. October 11, 1882. Three children: 417 Bertie J. Mathers,8 b. March 12, 1876; 418 Walter E. Mathers, b. September 28, 1877; 419 Nora E. Mathers.8 b. September 5, 1879. As a second wife, James A. married Mellie Sheffer, February 18, 1896. 413 Newton T. Mathers, b. November 24, 1856. Married October 7, 1879, to Nora Main. Two children: 420 Mark M. Mathers,8 b. February 22, 1881; d. April 23, 1883. 421 Willis M. Mathers, b. February 22, 1886. 414 Alice H. Mathers,7 b. November 27, 1860. Married March 27, 1881, to Albert J. Pitman, who was b. January 8, 1856. Four children: 422 Pearl Pitman, b. March 22, 1882. 423 George Pitman, b. April 3, 1884. 424 Harry Pitman,8 b. May 5, 1886. 425 Frank Pitman,8 b. April 6, 1888. 415 George A. Mathers, b. October 9, 1863. 416 Hugh E. Mathers, b. November 11, 1866; d. May 30, 1869.

313 SARAH C. MATHERS⁶ (Catherine, Thomas, James³), daughter of Catherine (Donnell) and Moses Mathers, b. June 14, 1826. Married September 23, 1852, to Cyrus Elrod, who was killed at the battle of Fort Donelson, February 19, 1862. Three children: 426 Thomas E. Elrod, b. February 9, 1859. Married Margaret E. Forsythe, February 26, 1874. Six children: 429 Cyrus W. Elrod, b. January 11, 1875. 430 Harry M. Elrod, b. February 15, 1877; d. December 8, 1879. 431 Claud E. Elrod, b. December 8, 1880;

d. March 21, 1881. 432 Lola Bell Elrod, b. January 24, 1881. 433 Gertie M. Elrod, b. October 1, 1886; d. February 16, 1887. 434 Ernest E. Elrod, b. September 5, 1889. 427 John M. Elrod, b. April 26, 1858; d. March 17, 1866, 428 Minerva J. Elrod, b. January 9, 1861. Married April 2, 1879, to Loren M. Oviatt. Five children: 435 Claud M. Oviatt, b. March 20, 1880; married November 22, 1903, to Catherine May Schoppert. 436 Bertie E. Oviatt, b. October 10, 1882; married September 9, 1904, to Elsie Dickens. 437 Harvie L. Oviatt, b. November 24, 1885. 438 Mary F. Oviatt, b. March 24, 1887. 439 Nora Eva Oviatt, b. July 27, 1893. Sarah Mathers-Elrod married second, June 2, 1867, to Henry H. Heady, who d. August 22, 1884. She is now dead also.

- 314 MARY ANN MATHERS (Catherine, Thomas, James), daughter of Catherine (Donnell) and Moses Mathers, b. February 23, 1829. Married October 29, 1846, to Anderson Elrod, who was b. June 26, 1823, and d. May 7, 1892. He was a son of John Elrod. She d. March 3, 1866. Four children: 440 Dr. Edward Bedford Elrod, b. June 9, 1849. Married February 9, 1871, to Lucinda Irvine. Distinguished physician. Served as head of the Insane Hospital at Anna, Ill., for a number of years. Now dead. Seven children: 444 Emory A. Elrod, b. October 8, 1872. 445 Cadwell I. Elrod, b. November 18, 1874. 446 Raymond L. Elrod, b. December 21, 1876; d. August 11, 1881. 447 Perley G. Elrod, b. May 2, 1879. 448 Bertha E. Elrod, b. May 15, 1883. 449 Lawrence M. Elrod, b. August 31, 1885; d. May 30, 1887. 450 Lucy M. Elrod, a b. December 16, 1887. 441 Mary Eleanor Elrod, b. April 26, 1851; d. October 31, 1851. 442 James Russell Elrod, b. February 3, 1853. Married August 8, 1878, to Flora Ferrell; d. June 23, 1883. Two children: 451 Lloyd Elrod,8 b. August 18, 1879. 452 Carrie Elrod,8 b. January 1, 1881. 443 Sarah Jane Elrod, b. May 31, 1854. Married February 5, 1878, to Duncan Saunders. Two children: 453 Virgil Anderson Saunders,8 b. December 9, 1878. 454 Lucile Saunders.8 b. August 7, 1886.
- 315 James H. Mathers⁶ (Catherine, Thomas, James³), son of Catherine (Donnell) and Moses Mathers, b. February 3, 1831. Married August 31, 1854, to Amanda J. McKnight, who was b. February 4, 1835, and d. November 11, 1909. He d. February 27, 1896. Three children: 455 Elizabeth C. Mathers, b. May 8, 1856. Married March 12, 1878, to William P. Jenkins. Two sons: 458 Roscoe C. Jenkins, b. April 17, 1880; married October 22, 1903, to Lucie

316 HARRIETT M. MATHERS⁶ (Catherine, Thomas, James³), daughter of Catherine (Donnell) and Moses Mathers, b. August 1, 1833. Married March 5, 1857, to Daniel Stultz, who was b. March 25, 1832, and d. December 3, 1881. She is now dead also. Six children: 463 George H. Stultz, b. January 25, 1858. Married Aggie James, March 13, 1883. One son: 469 Frederick Stultz, b. February 15, 1884. 464 Abbie C. Stultz, b. June 16, 1858. Married July 4, 1880, to Orrin A. Shaw. Three children: 470 Clorie Shaw, b. May 12, 1881. 471 Grace Shaw, b. April 13, 1885; d. February 12, 1886. 472 Howard Shaw, b. March 15, 1887. 465 Waldo H. Stultz, b. March 30, 1861. 466 Ida A. Stultz, b. September 12, 1863. 467 Emma M. Stultz, b. May 2, 1865; d. October 8, 1867. 468 Pearl Stultz, b. September 8, 1874; d. July 15, 1888.

37 Robert Barr Donnell⁵ (Thomas, James, Thomas²), b. February 12, 1797, fourth child of Thomas and Nancy (Barr) Donnell. Nothing is known of his early life on the Kentucky farm. He received such meager education as the times afforded, and at the age of twenty, September 4, 1817, married Clarissa Harlowe Hopkins, b. February 28, 1800. Her father, John Hopkins, was a man of unusual ability, and afterwards held the office of Associate Judge of Decatur County. In March, 1821, Mr. Donnell, his wife and two children, John and Margaret, removed to Decatur County, Indiana. His father-in-law assisted in the removal, driving a second wagon. They crossed the Ohio at Lawrenceburg, where Mr. Donnell, mindful of frontier ailments, exchanged part of his slender stock of flour for a prudent supply of whisky. The writer has heard him relate with characteristic humor, how, while forcing his wagon through the spice brush that encumbered the road beyond Brookville, he resorted pretty often to the whisky barrel at the "hind end" of the wagon. He soon shook off the Kentucky superstition about the "cup that cheers," for in 1827, when Rev. Strange, a Methodist missionary, presented at the court house in Greensburg, the first total abstinence pledge in the county, he signed

and kept it for the rest of his life. He used to tell of Jim Brown, an eccentric and convivial lawyer, sitting on a stump in the court house yard, as he came from the meeting, ridiculing the new movement. He settled first on a farm east of Clarksburg, but in January, 1822, entered and removed to another farm, two miles north of Kingston, now owned by Orlando Hamilton. There he brought up his family, and there his wife died, December 25, 1853. He soon after gave his property to his married children; but when his son Orion volunteered in 1861, and died a prisoner at Salisbury, he assumed the care of his family and farm, managing and working, with the energy and ability of a young man. He spent his last years with his son Jesse in a most serene and respected old age, and died, June 22, 1882, in his eighty-sixth year. There were six children, the two elder b. in Nicholas County, Kentucky, the other four in Decatur County, Indiana. Children:

- 473 John Hopkins, b. July 8, 1818.+
- 474 Margaret Jane, b. April 5, 1820.+
- 475 Orion Wallace, b. Nov. 19, 1823.+
- 476 Almira Catherine, b. June 22, 1828.+
- 477 Jesse Gillespie, b. Dec. 25, 1830.+
- 478 Eliza Collier, b. Sept. 9, 1823.+
- James³), b. Nicholas County, Kentucky, July 8, 1818. Brought up near Kingston, Ind. Began study of medicine when eighteen years of age with various doctors and at colleges in Cincinnati and Louisville. He had ill health for some years, but when his condition improved, he settled permanently at Franklin, Ind., where he spent many years of untiring activity in his profession. He married September 1, 1842. Elizabeth Herriott, of Franklin, who was b. October 18, 1824, and d. December 21, 1886. He d. June 8, 1891. Eight children, b. in Franklin;
- 479 Orion Herriott, b. Sept. 6, 1843; d. Aug. 30, 1844.
- 480 Milton Collier, b. Oct. 4, 1845; d. Oct. 19, 1847.
- 481 Margaret Jane, b. April 15, 1848.+
- 482 Theodore, b. April 10, 1851; d. Jan. 27, 1865.
- 483 Theophilus Crosby, b. Dec. 8, 1853.+
- 484 Jesse Anderson, b. April 4, 1861,+
- 485 Orion, b. Aug. 26, 1864; d. Aug. 20, 1883.
- 486 Charles, b. Oct. 28, 1867.+

as4), b. April 15, 1848. Educated in public schools of Franklin and a college in Indianapolis. Teacher in primary department of Presbyterian Sunday school for many years. Married September 2, 1873. to William Nathaniel Burt, of Indianapolis, where they lived until 1889, moving then to Edgewood Park, Pa., a suburb of Pittsburgh, where she died, November 23, 1891. Dr. Burt was b. in Vernon, Ind., January 27, 1846. Graduated Vernon High School and Hanover College. Given degree of Ph. D. by latter, subsequently. Superintendent Western Pennsylvania Institution for Deaf and Dumb since 1889, at Edgewood Park. Elder Edgewood Presbyterian church. Married second, Mrs. Jessie B. Monroe, of Flint, Mich., in 1897. No children. Children of William N. and Margaret (Donnell) Burt, three: 487 Elizabeth Burt, b. Franklin, Ind., July 27, 1874. Educated in Indianapolis and Pittsburgh high schools, and graduated in Pennsylvania College for Women, 1895; studied violin. Married May 7, 1896, to Walter C. Mellor, of the Mellor Piano Company of Pittsburgh. Resides Edgewood Park. One son, 490 Charles Chauncey Mellor, b. February 5, 1899. 488 Dr. James Clark Burt,8 b. in Indianapolis, July 27, 1877. Educated in public schools of that city and Pittsburgh. Graduated East Liberty Academy, 1895; University of Western Pennsylvania, 1898, and in Jefferson Medical College, 1902; post-graduate work in Johns Hopkins University, 1906. Office in Pittsburgh, Residence in suburb. Married October 6, 1910, to Margaret Chalfant, of Pittsburgh. 489 William Nathaniel Burt, junior, b. in Indianapolis, June 3, 1882. Educated Edgewood public schools. Graduated at the East Liberty Academy, and had two years at Washington and Jefferson College. Broker, head of the firm of William N. Burt, Jr., & Company, of Pittsburgh. Resides with his father at Edgewood Park.

483 DR. THEOPHILUS CROSBY DONNELL⁷ (John H., Robert B., Thomas⁴), b. December 8, 1853. Educated in public schools at Franklin and medical colleges in Indianapolis and Cincinnati. Partner with, and successor of his father. Married Addie Huff, of Bloomfield, Ind., May 31, 1882. Moved to Long Beach, Cal., May, 1899, where he resides and has office. One daughter, 491, b. December 30, 1899; d. January 7, 1898.

484 Jesse Anderson Donnell⁷ (John H., Robert B., Thomas⁴), b. April 4, 1861. Educated in Franklin schools. Druggist, and senior member of Donnell Bros. of Franklin, Ind. Married Margaret Mathews, November 28, 1894. Died August 8, 1900. No children.

486 CHARLES DONNELL⁷ (John H., Robert B., Thomas⁴), b. October 28, 1867. Educated in Franklin schools. Married Bessie Bronson, of Indianapolis, April 11, 1898. Talented musician. Flutist in an orchestra. In mail service, Franklin, Ind. No children.

474 MARGARET JANE DONNELL⁶ (Robert B.,⁵ Thomas,⁴ James³), b. in Nicholas County, Kentucky, April 5, 1820. Raised near Kingston, Ind. Teacher for some years. Married January 22, 1840, to George Miller, who was b. April 8, 1816; d. October 11, 1855. She lived a long and unselfish life, devoting herself to her sons and also mothering two nieces and two grandchildren. Resided during married life on farm near Clarksburg, Ind.; during the education of her sons at Hanover, Ind., and later at Franklin and Greensburg. Died at Franklin, Ind., July 8, 1903. Children:

492 John Donnell, b. Dec. 2, 1840.+

493 Oliver Ellsworth, b. Dec. 13, 1842; d. Dec. 19, 1843.

494 Robert Melville, b. April 14, 1845.+

495 Samuel Thomas, b. June 10, 1847; d. about 1858.

496 Orion Gillespie, b. Aug. 11, 1849; d. May 4, 1851.

497 Elquist Collier, b. Sept. 8, 1851.+

492 JOHN DONNELL MILLER[†] (Margaret, Robert B., Thomas[†]), b. near Clarksburg, Ind., December 2, 1840. Was in Hanover College when Civil War began, and left it to enter the 7th Indiana Regiment, September, 1861, serving three years and participating in twenty battles. Adjutant's clerk 1862-64, beginning study of law at that time. Lawyer. Greensburg, Ind., 1866-1898. Member of Legislature 1872. Judge of Supreme Court 1891. Circuit Judge 1894-98. Married September 21, 1869, to Mary Jane Stevens, of Greensburg, who d. July 1, 1891. He died March 18, 1898. Three children b. to them: Twins, on July 6, 1870, 498 Margarets and 499 Martha.* Margaret d. October 18, 1870. Martha attended Greensburg High School and a seminary at Gambier, Ohio. Married Frank M. Thomson, of Greensburg. He is now a broker at Indianapolis, where they reside. Children: 501 Mary Louise Thomson.9 b. November 10, 1896; d. March 8, 1906. 502 Robert Miller Thomson, b. September 24, 1898. 503 John Phillips Thomson, b. March 18, 1901. 504 Nettie Josephine Thomson,9 b. December 15, 1902. 505 Myrta Katherine Thomson,9 b. September 24, 1906. 506 Jesse Frank Thomson, b. November 23, 1908. 500 Annette Glanton Miller,8 b. June 6, 1876. Educated Greensburg schools and attended Oxford, Ohio, College. Married Thomas E. Davidson, lawyer, Greensburg, Ind., December 17, 1896. She d. October 9, 1901. One son, 507 Donald Miller Davidson, b. January 7, 1898.

ROBERT MELVILLE MILLER (Margaret, Robert B., Thomas4), b. April 14, 1845. Graduated Hanover College 1865; taught school at Spring Hill, Ind.; admitted to bar in 1870, and has been in active practice for forty-two years. He is senior member of the law firm of Miller & Barnett, Franklin, Ind. He has a large private library of general literature. Married September 28, 1870, to Rebecca Angeline Donnell.7 Five children, b. at Franklin: 508 Ethelwyn Miller,8 b. December 14, 1871. Graduated Franklin College 1894; taught in Greensburg High School; studied art at Boston, and graduated in art at Columbia University 1906. Supervisor of Art in Horace Mann School of Columbia University 1906-09. Professor of Art Miami University since 1910. 509 Marcia Miller,8 b. February 12, 1873. Graduated Franklin College 1894; had one year in New England Conservatory (Boston); music teacher Johnson County public schools 1898. Married October 4, 1899, to Edgar Nelson Mendenhall, superintendent public schools, Decatur County, in Greensburg, Ind., and now superintendent of schools at Goshen, Ind. Four children, b. in Greensburg: 513 Robert Miller Mendenhall,9 b. September 10, 1901. 514 James Edgar Mendenhall,9 b. July 28, 1903. 515 Ethelwyn Mendenhall,9 b. November 25, 1905. 516 Paul Harold Mendenhall, b. January 31, 1908. 510 Bertha Melville Miller,8 b. July 15, 1876. Graduated Franklin College 1900; domestic science department Teacher's College in Columbia University 1905; instructor domestic science Franklin College 1908; lecturer farmers' institutes for Purdue University 1907-09; professor domestic science in James Milliken University 1909-12. 511 Gladys Donnell Miller,8 b. December 27, 1878. Graduated Franklin High School 1897 and Franklin College 1902; studied piano in New York one year. Married Rev. Ezra Allen Van Nuys, pastor the Presbyterian church Goshen, Ind., September 5, 1905. Two children, b. in Goshen: 517 Hervey Allen Van Nuys, b. October 29, 1906. 518 Mary Rebecca Van Nuys,9 b. January 21, 1912. 512 George Addison Miller, b. October 21, 1884; d. July 21, 1885.

497 ELQUIST COLLIER MILLER! (Margaret, Robert B., Thomas*), b. September 8, 1851. Graduated Hanover College 1872. Banker—vice-president Franklin National Bank. Member Board of School Trustees. Deacon in Presbyterian church for the past twen-

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ty-five years. Married December 27, 1877, to Louise Cressy Shryer, of Bloomfield, Ind., who was b. July 3, 1856. Resides in Franklin, Ind. Four children, b. in Franklin: 519 Edith Miller,* b. September 1, 1879. Graduated Franklin High School with first honors; attended Woman's College at Pittsburgh. Married June 9, 1909, James Houston McCrea, of Wabash, Ind., contractor and dealer in cement. They reside at Oklahoma City, Okla. 520 Mark Hunter Miller,* b. June 29, 1882. Graduated Franklin College and law department of Columbia University. Lawyer, office and residence, Indianapolis. Not married. 521 Louise Miller,* b. November 29, 1886; d. October 13, 1887. 522 Donnell D. Miller,* b. January 19, 1893. Graduated Franklin High School 1909; student in Franklin College.

475 Orion Wallace Donnell⁶ (Robert,⁵ Thomas,⁴ James³), b. November 19, 1823, near Kingston, Ind. Farmer near Greensburg, Ind. Married October 31, 1854, to Rebecca D. Ditmars, of Franklin, Ind., who was b. in Ohio, January 8, 1832. He enlisted in the 7th Indiana Regiment, August, 1861. Captured August 19, 1864, just six weeks before the expiration of his three years of service. The horrors of imprisonment cannot be described. He d. in Salisbury Prison November 14, 1864. His widow now resides with her daughter. Children, b. near Greensburg, Ind.

523 Clara Donnell, b. July 28, 1855.+

524 Cortez Donnell, b. September 20, 1857.+

523 CLARA DONNELL⁷ (Orion, Robert, Thomas⁴), b. July 28, 1855. Had one year at Oxford, Ohio, Seminary and two years at Oberlin College. Married September 28, 1882, William B. McIntyre, a graduate of Oberlin College, and admitted to bar in Minnesota 1880. Lawyer in Minneapolis, Minn. Elder in First Presbyterian church. Four children, b. in Minneapolis: 525 Ethel Marie McIntyre, b. September 15, 1883. Graduated Minneapolis High School and Minnesota University. Teacher in high school work. 526 Lois L. McIntyre, b. May 24, 1887. Graduated Minneapolis High School; attended Minnesota University; studied violin; has taught in Minneapolis schools. 527 Carol Ditmars McIntyre, b. March 2, 1892. Sought health in Arizona and California, but died at her home, September 26, 1905. 528 William Donnell McIntyre, b. January 6, 1894; d. April 29, 1895.

524 CORTEZ DONNELL⁷ (Orion, Robert, Thomas), b. Septem-

ber 20, 1857. Educated in Greensburg schools. Farmer near Greensburg, Ind. Moved to Texas 1883. Farmer and stock raiser, Abilene, Tex. Married June 7, 1894, to Katharine Baker, of Danville, Ky. Two children, b. in Abilene, Tex.: 529 Raymond Donwell, b. November 17, 1895. 530 Mark Blaine Donnell, b. December 27, 1898. Both in Abilene schools.

476 Almira Catherine Donnell' (Robert, Thomas, James), b. near Kingston, Ind., June 22, 1828. Married October 12, 1849, to Joseph Graham, farmer, b. June 28, 1828. She lived on the farm adjoining her birthplace until May, 1880, when they moved to Greensburg, Ind. A woman of many good deeds. Active member of the Greensburg Presbyterian church and of the Women's Christian Temperance Union. She d. at her home in Greensburg, May 14. 1905. Joseph Graham died at the home of his daughter, July 23, 1906. Three children, b. to them near Kingston, Ind. 531 Oscar Graham, b. September 5, 1850; d. August 7, 1851. 532 Leonidas Melville Graham, b. September 2, 1852. Educated at Kingston schools. Farmer. Moved to Greensburg with parents. Not married. Died October 2, 1880. 533 Margaret Eudora Graham,7 b. November 27, 1856. Graduated Greensburg High School; taught at Kingston. Married October 31, 1878, Charles Philander Miller. b. October 6, 1853. Farmer and stock raiser. President Decatur County Independent Telephone Company. Resides near Greensburg, Ind., where their five children were born: 534 Louise Katherine Miller, b. August 10, 1879. Graduated Greensburg High School and attended DePauw University. Married December 1, 1904, to Elbert Earl Meek, farmer near Greensburg. One son, 539 John Elbert Meek,9 b. January 19, 1906. 535 Joseph Graham Miller,8 b. December 19, 1880. Graduated Purdue University. Married November 15, 1905, to Wilhemina Jacob, of Watseka, Ill. Farmer near Greensburg, Ind. Three children: 540 Son. b. October 19, 1906; d. October 22, 1906. 541 Richard Laurence Miller,9 b. October 15, 1907. 542 Margaret Christine Miller,9 b. July 9, 1909. 536 Leonidas Melville Miller, b. April 11, 1883. Attended Greensburg High School. Married November 21, 1909, to Elizabeth Link, of Greensburg. Farmer near Greensburg, Ind. 537 Margaret Eudora Miller,8 b. January 5, 1885. Graduated Greensburg High School, and attended DePauw University. Married February 14, 1912, to James Barton McLaughlin, farmer near Greensburg, Ind. 538 Charles Ira Miller, b. February 14, 1888. Graduated Greensburg High School and Purdue University. Farmer. Resides with parents.

477 Jesse Gillespie Donnell⁶ (Robert,⁵ Thomas,⁴ James³), b. December 25, 1830, near Kingston, Ind. Educated in Kingston schools. Married April 30, 1857, to Mary Jane Donnell,6 b. September 8; d. April 1, 1890. Farmer. Moved from his birthplace to present farm near Greensburg, Ind., 1863. Residence built in 1878. Elected elder in Kingston Presbyterian church in 1866, when only thirty-three years of age, and has been serving acceptably for forty-six years. Two children, both single, living with him: 543 Emma Amanda Donnell, b. September 29, 1861. Attended Greensburg High School and Cincinnati College of Music. Missionary secretary—Presbyterial, 1895-1903; synodical since 1902. Has traveled extensively. Club woman. 544 James Arthur Donnell,7 b. April 21, 1871. Graduated Greensburg High Schol; attended Nelson Business College at Cincinnati, and Oberlin College. In music business, Cincinnati, 1896-99. Has traveled much in this country and Europe. Organist of Kingston Presbyterian church.

478 Eliza Collier Donnell⁶ (Robert,⁵ Thomas,⁴ James³), b. September 9, 1833, near Kingston, Ind., and educated there. Married November 3, 1854, to Anderson Barnes Hunter, LL. D., of Franklin, Ind., who was b. October 1, 1826, and d. August 14, 1891, prominent lawyer, with large private library. She d. in Franklin, April 5, 1805. Two children, b. in Franklin: 545 Lella Hunter, b. October 20, 1855. Educated in Franklin. Married first, to Strange Aaron Holman, of Franklin, in 1872. One child, 547 Elsie Crepin Holman, b. April 3, 1873. Graduated Franklin High School 1891, and had two years in Franklin College. Married Alva Otis Neal, of Franklin, November 8, 1893, principal Franklin High School. Superintendent schools of Madison, Ind., and now superintendent schools Kokomo, Ind., where they reside; three children, b. in Franklin: 548 Lella Elizabeth Neal, b. August 28, 1894. 549 William Hunter Neal, b. June 26, 1897. 550 Margaret Elsie Neal, b. May 11, 1902. Lella Hunter was married second to Charles B. Vawter, of Franklin, April 18, 1888, hardware dealer. She d. June 7. 1901. 546 Jessie Hunter, b. 1861; d. May, 1876.

38 Samuel Donnell, Jr. (Thomas, James, Thomas), son of Thomas and Nancy (Barr) Donnell, b. in Bourbon County, Kentucky, June 24, 1799. Moved to Indiana at an early date and settled on a farm near Clarksburg, where he remained until his death. He was one of the original members of Sand Creek church, now Kingston Presbyterian church. He was a most devoted husband and

father. He was married June 15, 1826, to Olesy Glass, who was b. December 9, 1802, and who survived him twenty years, dying of smallpox, March 6, 1866. He d. February 7, 1846, repeating the hymns he had loved throughout life. Both were buried at Kingston, Ind. There were nine children born to them in Decatur County, Indiana:

- 551 Luther A., b. Feb. 8, 1828; d. Oct. 16, 1828.
- Angeline, b. June 3, 1829; m. Barton Morgan, May 12, 1853;
 d. Jan. 5, 1854; no children.
- 553 Elizabeth Jane, b. Jan. 28, 1831.+
- 554 Martin M., b. Oct. 18, 1832; d. July 28, 1851.
- 555 Nancy Caroline, b. April 12, 1834; d. Sept. 12, 1854.
- 556 William Ambrose, b. Mar. 12, 1836.+
- 557 Rebecca, b. July 7, 1838; d. Feb. 7, 1839.
- 558 Margaret Clarissa, b. Feb. 23, 1840.+
- 559 Mary Ann, b. Sept. 9, 1844.+
- 553 ELIZABETH JANE DONNELL⁶ (Samuel,⁵ Thomas,⁴ James³), daughter of Samuel and Olesy (Glass) Donnell, b. January 28, 1831. Married February 28, 1850, to Milton P. Cartmel, farmer near Clarksburg, Ind. They moved to Shelby County in the early '50s, where they have spent the remainder of their lives. He was b. November 28, 1822, and d. May 11, 1883, at their home near Waldron, Ind. She lives with her daughter Cora, near Manilla, Ind., and has been an invalid for some years. There were six children b. to them:
- 560 Samuel Argus, b. Jan. 14, 1851.+
- 561 Mary Florence, b. Aug. 8, 1852.+
- 562 Clara Alice, b. Mar. 28, 1854.+
- 563 Adah, b. May 2, 1860; d. June 8, 1860.
- 564 John Alva, b. June 28, 1865; d. Mar. 17, 1868.
- 565 Cora May, b. Feb. 20, 1869.+

560 Samuel, Argus Cartmel, (Elizabeth, Samuel, Thomas), son of Elizabeth (Donnell) and Milton P. Cartmel, b. in Rush County, Indiana, January 14, 1851. Brought up and educated in Shelby County, Indiana. Farmer near Waldron. Married April 5, 1883, to Mary R. McNeely, who was b. March 5, 1854. Both were instantly killed by an express traction car which struck their buggy in Waldron, Ind., as they were on their way to church, on Sunday, January 23, 1910. One son b. to them: 566 Thomas Howard Cartmel, b. February 21, 1886. Educated in Shelby County and in medical college at Indianapolis. Physician and farmer, Manilla, Ind.

Married June 14, 1910, to Bessie M. Huntley, who was b. January 28, 1886.

- 561 MARY FLORENCE CARTM EL7 (Elizabeth, Samuel, Thomas⁴), daughter of Elizabeth (Donnell) and Milton P. Cartmel, b. August 8, 1852. Brought up and educated in Shelby County, Indiana. Married October 5, 1871, to J. Durbin Ballard, who was b. June 23, 1848. He was a teacher at time of their marriage, and is now a contractor and builder at Shelbyville, Ind. Two daughters: 567 Mande Ballard, b. at St. Paul, Ind., July 13, 1872. Bookkeeper in furniture factory. 568 Pauline V. Ballard, b. in Shelbyville, June 20, 1896. In public school.
- 562 CLARA ALICE CARTMEL⁷ (Elizabeth, Samuel, Thomas⁴), daughter of Elizabeth (Donnell) and Milton P. Cartmel, b. March 28, 1854, in Shelby County, Indiana. Married July 4, 1878, to James A. Wagner, farmer near Manilla, Ind., who was b. January 16, 1852. They reside on their farm near Manilla. One son: 569 Argus D. Wagner, b. August 28, 1879. Married November 23, 1904, to Ida A. Haehl, who was b. October 6, 1881. Farmer near Manilla, Ind. One son: 570 Ira R. Wagner, b. July 4, 1906.
- 565 Cora May Cartmel[†] (Elizabeth, Samuel, Thomas[†]), daughter of Elizabeth (Donnell) and Milton P. Cartmel, b. in Shelby County, February 20, 1869. Educated in Shelby County. Married September 15, 1889, to Hanagan W. Wagner, who was b. September 4, 1859. Farmer near Manilla, Ind. Two children: 570 Hal Milton Wagner, b. September 18, 1890. 571 Ebert Murl Wagner, b. Feb. 22, 1899.
- 556 WILLIAM AMBROSE DONNELL⁶ (Samuel,⁵ Thomas,⁴ James³), son of Samuel and Olesy (Glass) Donnell, b. March 12, 1836. Served in 7th Indiana Regiment in Civil War three months. Live stock commission merchant sixteen years in Cincinnati, 1869-85; farmer Kingston, Ind., 1885-87; live stock buyer, Greensburg, Ind. Married July 8, 1875, to Harriet Amanda Donnell,⁶ b. September 24, 1843 (see page 112). Two daughters, b. in Cincinnati: 572 Jessie May Donnell,⁷ b. December 21, 1876. Educated Greensburg High School and in Indiana University. Teacher before marriage. Married October 16, 1900, to William Elsworth Talbert, who was b. in Shelby County, Indiana, August 4, 1868, and was a lumber manufacturer in Greensburg. Now manufacturer of hardwood lumber

at Cincinnati, where they reside. Club woman. One daughter: 574 Dorothy Donnell Talbert,8 b. in Greensburg, Ind., September 12, 1902. 573 Mary Elizabeth Donnell,7 b. June 25, 1880. Graduated Greensburg High School and attended Indiana University and Terre Haute Normal. Teacher in Greensburg public school.

558 Margaret Clarissa Donnell⁶ (Samuel,⁵ Thomas,⁴ James³), daughter of Samuel and Olesy (Glass) Donnell, b. February 23, 1840, near Clarksburg, Ind. Married George B. Hollis, farmer near Milford, Ind. She lived in St. Paul, Ind., in Kansas, and then moved to Indianapolis, where she d. August 2, 1904. Nine children, b. in St. Paul, Ind., and in Kansas.

574 Martin B., b. Mar. 20, 1858.+

575 Thomas B., b. May 10, 1859; d. Mar. 25, 1866.

576 Milton Ambrose, b. June 1, 1861.+

577 Luther A., b. Mar. 6, 1863.+

578 Owen D., b. Oct. 20, 1867; d. Mar. 17, 1869.

579 Oley, b. Oct. 20, 1867; d. Jan. 21, 1868.

580 Cora Alice, b. June 28, 1869; d. Oct. 29, 1869.

581 Lizzie Belle, b. Feb. 23, 1870.+

Joseph D., b. Feb. 5, 1873; single; mechanic, Indianapolis.

574 MARTIN B. HOLLIS' (Clarissa, Samuel, Thomas'), son of Clarissa (Donnell) and George B. Hollis, b. March 20, 1858. Married December 24, 1879, Rebecca Ellen Francis, who was b. December 30, 1856. Railway conductor, Washington, Ind. Four children: 583 Thomas S. Hollis, b. September 25, 1880. Railroad man, Cincinnati, single. 584 Gertrude Hollis, b. January 6, 1883. Married December 4, 1905. to William H. Williams, who was b. March 6, 1883. Resides at Washington, Ind. One child, 587 Robert Thomas Williams, b. June 23, 1908. 585 John B. Hollis, b. September 16, 1887; d. February 2, 1889. 586 Irene Hollis, b. August 5, 1889; d. September 2, 1889.

576 Milton Ambrose Hollis⁷ (Clarissa, Samuel, Thomas), son of Clarissa (Donnell) and George B. Hollis, b. June 1, 1861. Married June 21, 1905, Reppa Glass. Railroad man, Indianapolis.

577 LUTHER A. HOLLIS⁷ (Clarissa, Samuel, Thomas⁴), son of Clarissa (Donnell) and George B. Hollis, b. March 6, 1863. Married April 23, 1885, to Ellen F. Smith. Passenger conductor Big Four railroad. Resides at Indianapolis. Eight children: 587

Harry H. Hollis, b. January 17, 1885. Married June 3, 1912, to Alice M. Taylor. Resides at Indianapolis. 588 Flora B. Hollis, b. November 22, 1888. Married August 16, 1908, to John McElroy. Resides Greensburg, Ind.; one child, Marcella Francis McElroy, b. September 10, 1909. 589 Mabel L. Hollis, b. Dec. 17, 1890. 590 Vera L. Hollis, b. May 18, 1894; d. May 21, 1894. 591 Raymond S. Hollis, b. July 17, 1895. 592 Lorene A. Hollis, b. January 24, 1899. 593 Luella F. Hollis, b. March 22, 1902. 594 Walter Hollis, b. January 23, 1907; d. January 26, 1907.

581 Lizzie Belle Hollis⁷ (Clarissa, Samuel, Thomas⁴), daughter of Clarissa (Donnell) and George B. Hollis, b. February 23, 1870. Married June 18, 1890, to Alonzo Dunn, of Indianapolis. She d. August 8, 1893. One child: 595 Evan Dunn, b. April 9, 1892.

582 MARY ANN DONNELL⁶ (Samuel,⁵ Thomas,⁴ James³), daughter of Samuel and Olesy (Glass) Donnell, b. September 9, 1844. Married to Newton Hazelrigg, of Greensburg, Ind., druggist, who was b. October 16, 1839, and d. April 26, 1894. She d. of tuberculosis, May 3, 1874. Four children, with parents, are all buried at Greensburg, Ind.: Marsh Hazelrigg,⁷ d. while in Greensburg High School, about 1878. Emma Hazelrigg,⁷ b. December 6, 1865; d. July 29, 1866, of smallpox. Maude Hazelrigg,⁷ b. May 21, 1867; d. June 16, 1868. Dillard Hazelrigg,⁷ d. when about four years of age, soon after the death of his mother.

40 NANCY DONNELL⁵ (Thomas, James, Thomas²), daughter of Thomas and Nancy (Barr) Donnell, b. in Bourbon County, Kentucky, April 1, 1804. Moved to Decatur County, Indiana, with her parents. Married John Linville, of Clarksburg, Ind. She d. at her home near Clarksburg, in 1846, her husband having d. some years before. Three children: 596 Jesse Linville, b. December 1, 1837. Married Sarah Bohannon, May 22, 1859. Eleven children: 599 Willie Ernest, b. April 15, 1861; d. December 16, 1864. 600 Moned Thomas, b. May 18, 1862. Married and has three sons. Resides at Clarksburg, Ind. 601 John Edwin, b. Jan. 14, 1864. Married and had two sons and a daughter. Street car conductor, Cincinnati. Died March 11, 1912. 602 Mary Jane, b. March 4, 1866. Has married twice, and resides at Rushville, Ind. 603 Nettie Gay, b. April 24, 1867. Married twice, one son and two daughters. Died April 30, 1898. 604 Carrie Dell, b. April 11, 1869. Married

and has large family, at Rushville, Ind. 605 Wilbur Jesse, b. September 13, 1871. Married and has large family, Clarksburg, Ind. 606 Clarence Walker, b. November 3, 1873. Married and lives at Clarksburg, Ind. 607 Albert Hays, b. October 25, 1875. Married and resides at Clarksburg. 608 Bertha Elizabeth, b. April 2, 1878. Resides Richland, Ind. 609 Richard Clyde, b. June 11, 1882, Clarksburg, Ind. 597 Marion Linville, married India Gordon Bohannon. Died in a soldiers' home in Kansas City, Mo. Four children: 610 Burt,7 a wealthy man in Kansas City, Mo. 611 Claude and 612 Charles, reside at Mulberry, Mo. 613 Florence, adopted by a fine family. 598 Alma Linville,6 b. February 11, 1833. Married Patrick Denany, April 15, 1856; d. at Hartford City, Ind., March 15, 1899. Four sons: 614 Everett Denany,7 b. September 1, 1857. Manufacturer of umbrellas, Anderson, Ind. 615 John Denany, b. December 1, 1859; single; d. December 6, 1896. 616 Lawrence Denany,7 b. April 26, 1862, and 617 Sherman Denany,7 b. November 3, 1864; d. October 14, 1901. Both in umbrella business with brother.

Thomas Donnell. (Thomas, James, Thomas), son of Thomas and Nancy (Barr) Donnell, b. in Bourbon County, Kentucky, March 17, 1806. He removed to Indiana and settled near Spring Hill, Indiana, in 1828. Married December 6, 1827, to Mary Lewis (sister of William B. Lewis), who was b. in Garard County, Kentucky, January 7, 1809, and was nearly ninety years of age when she passed away, at the home of her daughter in Greensburg, Ind., May 1, 1898, loved by all who knew her. Thomas Donnell was a successful farmer, a prominent citizen and active member of the Clarksburg Presbyterian church. He d. at his farm near Spring Hill, August 8, 1863. Three daughters, b. near Spring Hill, Ind.: 618 Cassandra Elizabeth, b. Jan. 4, 1829.+

619 Margaret Emily, b. Oct. 15, 1831 (see page 90).

620 Eliza Jane, b. Oct. 12, 1834; d. Feb. 1, 1849.

James³), daughter of Thomas and Mary (Lewis) Donnell, b. January 4, 1829. Married September 21, 1852, to Rev. Joseph R. Walker, who was b. in Dublin, Ireland, October 17, 1822. Came to Allegheny, Pa., in 1842. Graduated United Presbyterian Seminary, Allegheny, 1850; pastor Spring Hill United Presbyterian church 1852-67. They moved to Greensburg, Ind., 1868, where he did some ministerial work in Presbyterian churches and fitted young men for

college. He d. there in 1883. She d. January 25, 1907. Both are buried at Kingston, Ind.

42 Luther A. Donnell's (Thomas, James, Thomas), son of Thomas and Nancy (Barr) Donnell, b. in Nicholas County, Kentucky, July 7, 1809. Married Jane R. Braden, December 25, 1828. He moved to Decatur County, Indiana, 1823, living until the last few years of his life near Clarksburg, Ind. He was a wealthy farmer and stock raiser, a staunch temperance man, organizer of Clarksburg Presbyterian church and elder in it until his death. He was well known in the Abolition movement and was arrested, tried and convicted for violating laws of Indiana, for protection of slave property. This was a test case, which resulted in the entire overturning of the act, as being unconstitutional. Another suit brought by a slave owner, tried in United States District Court, in Indianapolis, found him guilty, with judgment and costs amounting to \$3,000. He was one of the builders of the Whig party in his county. Retired to Greensburg, Ind., in his declining years, and d. there a few years later, January 16, 1868. His wife d. in 1882, at the home of her daughter in Clarksburg. Three children, b. near Clarksburg, Ind.:

621 Euphemia Donnell, b. Oct. 5, 1829.+

622 Robert Donnell,6 d. in infancy.

623 William Addison Donnell, b. April 4, 1835.+

621 EUPHEMIA DONNELL⁶ (Luther,⁵ Thomas,⁴ James³), b. October 5, 1829. Married January 24, 1854, to William McCoy Hamilton, of Kingston, Ind., who was b. November 26, 1822. She was a devoted member of Clarksburg Presbyterian church, never willingly absent from any service in her forty-four years' connection with it. She d. December 6, 1892, and her husband, who was a wealthy farmer, d. February 25, 1905. Five children, b. at Clarksburg, Ind.:

624 Enrie Jane, b. Nov. 8, 1854.+

625 Grace Greenwood, b. Nov. 20, 1858.+

626 Luther Donnell, b. Mar. 9, 1860.+

627 Myrta Gay, b. Feb. 18, 1865.+

628 Mary Blanche, b. May 9, 1868.+

624 Enrie Jane Hamilton[†] (Euphemia, Luther, Thomas), b. November 8, 1854. Certificate from Oberlin, Ohio, Conservatory; organized and had charge of music department Berea, Ky., College. Married September 11, 1883, to Edwin Sumner Fee, of Berea, Ky., who was b. in Ohio, March 17, 1863. Farmer, Clarksburg, Ind Five children, b. in Clarksburg; residing there with parents: 629 Burritt Hamilton Fee,8 b. June 26, 1884. Graduated Clarksburg High School and attended Berea College. Farmer. 630 William Howard Fee,8 b. July 4, 1886. Attended Berea College. Farmer. 631 Mary Evangeline Fee,8 b. February 24, 1889. Attended Berea College, Oberlin College, and DePauw University. 632 Nellie Matilda Fee,8 b. August 4, 1891. Graduated Clarksburg High School and attended Monmouth, Ill., College. 633 Bessie Enrie Fee,8 b. July 16, 1894. Graduated Clarksburg High School, 1912.

- 625 Grace Greenwood Hamilton? (Euphemia⁶ Luther,⁵ Thomas⁴), b. November 20, 1858. Attended Oberlin College. She was a faithful worker in the church and had considerable ability as an artist. Died in Clarksburg, January 16, 1898.
- 626 LUTHER DONNELL HAMILTON⁷ (Euphemia, Luther, Luther, Thomas), b. March 9, 1860. Graduated Oberlin College 1884; member of Oberlin Glee Club during his student days. Elder Clarksburg Presbyterian church. Farmer, Clarksburg, Ind. Married February 22, 1899, to Carrie Emmert, of Clarksburg. No childen.
- 627 Myrta Gay Hamilton[†] (Euphemia, Luther, Thomas[†]), b. February 18, 1865. Graduated Oberlin Conservatory 1887; taught vocal department Knox College 1887-89; studied Berlin, Germany, 1889-91; choir and concert soprano Chicago. Married December 26, 1893, to John M. Berry, of Chicago. Died in Chicago, March 19, 1897. Buried with her new born child, at Kingston, Ind.
- 628 MARY BLANCHE HAMILTON⁷ (Euphemia, Luther, Thomas⁴), b. May 9, 1868. Attended Oberlin College. Married December 19, 1899, to George Lyons, farmer near Greensburg. One child, 634 Grace Almeda Lyons, b. September 12, 1907.
- 623 WILLIAM ADDISON D NNELL⁶ (Luther,⁵ Thomas,⁴ James³), b. near Clarksburg, Ind., April 4, 1835. Attended schools in Clarksburg. Married November 12, 1857, to Mary Elizabeth Dobyns, Moved to Greensburg, Ind., 1865. Hardware dealer; foundry owner; editor and proprietor of "The Decatur News," continuing in newspaper business until 1885. He and his family were all musical, and when the children were quite young, he took them on some successful concert tours through Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and Iowa,

where they acquired some reputation as the "Donnell Family." He d. in Greensburg, June 12, 1891. Three children, b. at Clarksburg, Ind.:

- 634 Ada L. Donnell, b. June 8, 1859.+
- 635 Edwin D. Donnell, b. Nov. 11, 1861.+
- 636 Clifton L. Donnell, b. Sept. 8, 1865.+
- 634 ADA L. DONNELL? (W. Addison, Luther, Thomas*), b. June 8, 1859. Graduated Greensburg High School. Married November 2, 1882, to John H. Batterton, of Greensburg, druggist. She d. at Greensburg, November 16, 1900. Three children, b. at Greensburg: 637 Edwin Donnell Batterton, b. September 25, 1883. Graduated Greensburg High School; studied pharmacy; druggist with father. Married November 21, 1906, to Mae Magee, of Greensburg. One child, 640 Mae Louise Batterton, b. April 6, 1910. 638 Davies Addison Batterton, b. February 11, 1886. Graduated Greensburg High School. Druggist with father; city clerk of Greensburg; not married. 639 Helen Batterton, b. February 6, 1896; in Greensburg schools.
- November 11, 1861. Attended Greensburg schools and college at Lexington, Ky. Entered newspaper business with father 1880, and has been in printing business ever since—half interest in Greensburg "New Era," proprietor Greeley, Colo., "Sun," partner in Greensburg "Review," position on Cincinnati "Enquirer," and is now clerk in Bureau of Public Printing for State of Indiana. Resides at Indianapolis. Married February 22, 1888, to Ollie O. Rogers, of Greensburg. One son, b. in Greeley, Colo.: 641 Clifton Edwin Donnell," b, April 22, 1892. In Manual Training High School, preparing for dental college.
- 636 Dr. Clifton L. Donnell' (W. Addison, Luther, Thomas'), b. September 8, 1865. Graduated Greensburg High School; attended Butler College, and graduated Ohio Medical College, in Cincinnati, April, 1888. Physician in Cincinnati. Not married.
- 43 Eliza Jane Donnell³ (Thomas, James, Thomas²), twin daughter of Thomas and Nancy (Barr) Donnell, b. in Bourbon County, Kentucky, July 7, 1809. Moved in girlhood, with parents, to Indiana, near Kingston, where she united with Presbyterian church. Married November 24, 1828, to William Blackstock Lewis,

who was b. in Garard County, Kentucky, September 4, 1806. They resided in Decatur County, Indiana, until October, 1845, when they moved to Washington County, Iowa, locating on a farm near Brighton, where they spent the remainder of their lives and celebrated their golden anniversary, honored by children, grandchildren and great-grandchildren. He died February 20, 1888, in the sixtieth year of their married life. Was an elder in Presbyterian church. Representative in State Legislature 1856-58; State Senator 1858-62. Eliza Donnell Lewis shared life's burdens with her husband. All his interests were hers also. She enjoyed church services, was a close student of the Bible and her last hours were spent in repeating passages stored away in her memory. She d. March 27, 1894. There were eleven children, seven of whom were b. in Indiana, the others in Iowa:

642 Samuel Milton, b. Oct. 21, 1829.+

643 Nancy Catherine, b. Nov. 3, 1831.+

644 Robert Porter, b. Nov. 18, 1833.+

645 James Harvey, b. Sept. 13, 1836.+

646 Mary Ellen, b. Sept. 18, 1838.+

647 Cassandra Jane, b. Dec. 12, 1840.+

648 Elizabeth Emily, b. Mar. 13, 1843.+

649 Thomas Luther, b. Jan. 7, 1846.+

650 Nathaniel Clabaugh, b. Jan. 11, 1849.+

651 John Nuton, b. Jan. 11, 1849.+

652 Josephine, b. Nov. 24, 1851.+

642 Samuel Milton Lewis⁶ (Eliza, Thomas, James), son of Eliza (Donnell) and William B. Lewis, b. in Indiana, October 21, 1829. Moved with parents to Iowa. Married June 26, 1855, to Sarah Waters, at Fairfield, Iowa. He d. at Great Bend, Kan., April 6, 1908. Buried at Washington, Iowa. Nine children, b. in Iowa: 653 Allie May Lewis, b. May 28, 1859, at Des Moines. Educated at Washington, Iowa; musical education there and at Chicago; taught music in Washington, Ottumwa and Des Moines, Iowa, and now teaching at West Superior, Wis. Married in Ottumwa, May 12, 1896, to Frederick E. Conner, who was b. in Stirkville, Iowa, December 21, 1867. They reside at West Superior, Wis. Two sons: 662 Curt Felix Conner, b. December 31, 1897, in Ottumwa; educated in St. Paul, Minn., and Superior, Wis. 663 Clate Frederick Conner,8 b. in Ottumwa, January 26, 1899; attended school in St. Paul, Minn., and now in Superior, Wis. 654 Elmer Elsworth Lewis, b. May 24, 1861; d. March 9, 1864. 655 William Edgar Lewis, b. September 1, 1863; d. February 28, 1864. 656 Etta Jane Lewis, b. January 19, 1865; d. March 5, 1875. 657 Cora Alena Lewis, b. at Washington, Iowa, March 4, 1867. Married November 15, 1886, at San Diego, Cal., to Lawrence E. Fitch, who was b. in Milwaukee, Wis., June 22, 1857, and educated in Milwaukee schools and Keokuk, Iowa, College. One son, 664 Claude Waters Fitch, b. San Diego, Cal., August 22, 1888; resides at Kansas, Utah. Cora A. Lewis-Fitch married second, at Colorado Springs, Colo., November 26, 1900, to Clarence Harold Metcalf, who was b, at Copenhagen, N. Y., February 9, 1856, and d. at Los Angeles, Cal., September 26, 1908. Three children: 665 Marjorie Diana Metcalf, b. at Colorado City, Colo., July 28, 1902; 666 Edward Clarence Metcalf.* b. at Salt Lake City, Utah, May 24, 1904; 667 Daisy June Metcalf, b. at Seattle, Wash., June 24, 1906. Cora A. Lewis Fitch-Metcalf is a concert and theater musician and teacher. 658 Iona Lewis, b. September 10, 1869, in Washington, Iowa. Married April 27, 1886, at San Diego, Cal., to Frederick Le Roy Miller, who has an art store and undertaking establishment and resides at Webster City, Iowa. Three children: 668 Mabel Adelle Miller, b. February 15, 1887; d. February 26, 1889. 669 Charles B. Miller, b. San Diego, Cal., June 30, 1888; educated at Webster City, Iowa; married June 14, 1911, to Edith Lillian Serley, of Webster City, who was b. at Iowa Falls, Iowa., August 22, 1892; art store and undertaking. 670 Frank W. Miller, b. at Ottumwa, Iowa, September 11, 1894; educated in Webster City; art store and undertaking at Webster City, Iowa. 659 Bertha Louise Lewis, b. June 28, 1871; d. February 8, 1872. 660 Clara Lewis, b. at Washington, lowa. January 21, 1873. Educated there and in a private school in San Diego, Cal. Married at Los Angeles, Cal., April 13, 1891, to Frederick Nessler, who was b. at Indianapolis, Ind., July 18, 1867, and educated there. Clara Lewis-Nessler is an actress. Two children: 671 Clara Nessler, b. at Los Angeles, Cal., Oct. 31, 1892, an actress also; married at Bemidji, Minn., in 1908, to Arthur Oxman, 672 Frederick Nessler, Jr., b. at Los Angeles, Cal., June 3, 1896; resides at Hutchinson, Kan. 661 Ida Maude Lewis, b. April 30, 1877; d. May 2, 1877.

643 Nancy Catherine Lewis⁶ (Eliza,⁵ Thomas,⁴ James³), daughter of Eliza (Donnell) and William B. Lewis, b. November 3, 1831. Married March 29, 1849, to John Gilmore Vincent, who was b. in Ohio, August 12, 1825, and d. in Algona, Iowa, No-

vember 3, 1902. Farmer and live stock shipper. She d. February 27, 1908. Twelve children:

673 Melissa Jane, b. Jan. 4, 1850.+

674 Thomas Phinando, b. Sept. 21, 1851; d. Dec. 20, 1851.

675 Helen Mar, b. Oct. 17, 1852; d. July 27, 1879.

676 Amelia Eliza, b. Feb. 12, 1854; d. May 10, 1880.

677 William Addason, b. May 25, 1856.+

678 Loretta Mary, b. May 26, 1858.+

679 Eva Dora, b. Dec. 15, 1859.+

680 Lella Florence, b. June 22, 1861.+

681 Ira Gilmore, b. Feb. 6, 1863.+

682 Robert Elsworth, b. Aug. 26, 1864.+

683 Thaddeus Joseph, b. Feb. 22, 1866.+

684 Rena, b. April 30, 1867.+

673 Melissa Jane Vincent⁷ (Nancy C., Eliza, Thomas⁴), daughter of Nancy C. (Lewis) and John Gilmore Vincent, b. January 4, 1850. Married March 17, 1874, at Washington, Iowa, to George M. Dallas Harreld, farmer, who d. at Fairfield, Iowa, August 25, 1911. Four children: 685 George Edwin Harreld,8 b. May 8, 1875; d. December 24, 1875. 686 Mont Theron Harreld, b. December 8, 1876. Farmer, Jefferson County, Iowa. Married first, January 1, 1908, to Bertha Nettie Westenhaver. Children: 689 Etta Rovena Harreld,9 b. September 15, 1898; 690 Elizabeth Harreld, b. December 13, 1899; 691 Eula Bell Harreld, b. November 10, 1900; 692 Elbert Marcelles Harreld,9 b. December 30, 1901; all in school at Fairfield, Iowa. Married second, September 6, 1904, to Bessie Durban. Children: 693 Loka Dot Harreld, b. May 10. 1905; 694 George Theron Harreld,9 b. July 21, 1907; 695 Donnell William Harreld,9 b. August 6, 1909; 696 Joseph Dallas Harreld,9 b. September 5, 1911. 687 Herschel Vincent Harreld, b. September 30, 1878. Farmer in Jefferson County, Iowa. Married September 7, 1899, to Otta Lee Pringle, who was b. December 12, 1880, and educated in Des Moines Business College. Two children: 697 Alma Otho Harreld,9 b. June 8, 1900; 698 Leta Faye Harreld,9 b. July 21, 1903. 688 Ira Percy Harreld, b. January 19, 1880. Educated in Washington County, Iowa, schools. Farmer, Jefferson County, Iowa.

677 WILLIAM ADDASON VINCENT⁷ (Nancy, Eliza, Thomas⁴), son of Nancy C. (Lewis) and John G. Vincent, b. May 25, 1856. Married February 1, 1884, Elizabeth McElroy, Mt. Ayr,

Iowa. Stock buyer, Algona, Iowa. One son: 699 Earl L. Vincent,⁸
b. October 30, 1884. Educated in Algona and in business college, Minneapolis, Minn. Cashier in bank, Algona, Iowa.

678 LORETTA MARY VINCENT⁷ (Nancy, Eliza, Thomas⁴), daughter of Nancy C. (Lewis) and John G. Vincent, b. May 26, 1858. Married March 6, 1878, to Samuel Rutherford Alexander, who was b. May 15, 1853, in Mercer County, Illinois, and educated in academy, Washington, Iowa. Merchant in Guthrie Center, Iowa. Three children: 700 Helen May Alexander, b. July 22, 1879. Educated at Adair High School. Merchant at Guthrie Center. 701 Loleta Kassell Alexander, b. April 13, 1888. Educated Adair High School and Grinnell College. High school teacher Guthrie Center, Iowa. 702 Philip Vincent Alexander, b. February 22, 1890. In senior class of electrical engineering department, Ames College.

679 Eva Dora Vincent[†] (Nancy, Eliza, Thomas[‡]), daughter of Nancy C. (Lewis) and John G. Vincent, b. December 15, 1859. Married at Washington, Iowa, July 2, 1881, to Samuel Longacre, who was b. in Morris, Ill., September 10, 1859, and d. in Los Angeles, Cal., January 8, 1899. Merchant. She now resides at Guthrie Center, Iowa, Three children, b. in Guthrie Center: 703 Percy Longacre, b. April 15, 1882; d. April 15, 1882. 704 Myrtle Lorena Longacre, b. March 26, 1884. Educated Cornell College. Married October 25, 1911, to John Burton Young. Resides at Willimantic, Conn. 705 Wayne Vincent Longacre, b. September 8, 1894; d. January 15, 1895.

680 Lella Florence Vincent[†] (Nancy, Eliza, Thomas), daughter of Nancy C. (Lewis) and John G. Vincent, b. in Brighton, lowa, June 22, 1861. Married February 20, 1899, to 59 Oliver Hudelson Donnell (see page 38).

681 IRA GILMORE VINCENT⁷ (Nancy, Eliza, Thomas), son of Nancy C. (Lewis) and John G. Vincent, b. at Brighton, Iowa, February 6, 1863. Educated in public schools. Married June 14, 1906, to Cora E. Anderson, who was b. in Washington County, Iowa, in 1865. Farmer and stockman.

682 ROBERT ELLSWORTH VINCENT⁷ (Nancy, Eliza, Thomas), son of Nancy C. (Lewis) and John G. Vincent, b. August 26, 1864. Married July 29, 1890, to Mary E. McFarland, of Washington,

Iowa, who was b. February 27, 1866. Farmer, Waterloo, Iowa. Three children, b. in Iowa: 706 Nita May Vincent, b. July 26, 1891. Educated Algona, Iowa. 707 Ellsworth Robert Vincent, b. July, 1894, in Washington County, Iowa. 708 Ora Faith Vincent, b. February 7, 1901, in Algona, Iowa.

- 683 Thaddeus Joseph Vincent? (Nancy, Eliza, Thomas), son of Nancy C. (Lewis) and John G. Vincent, b. in Washington County, Iowa, February 22, 1866. Married Anna R. McFarland, of Washington, Iowa, who was b. February 26, 1868. Traveling salesman, Algona, Iowa. Five children: 709 Verl Thaddeus Vincent, b. in Brighton, Iowa, June 16, 1892. Student in Iowa State University. 710 Don Theo Vincent, b. Mercede, Cal., April 6, 1894; d. Algona, Iowa, July 22, 1908. 711 Vina Jane Vincent, b. Algona, Iowa, October 23, 1900. 712 Naomi Katherine Vincent, b. Algona, Iowa, January 16, 1903. 713 Anna Norrinne Vincent, b. Algona, Iowa, March 16, 1905.
- 684 Rena Vincent⁷ (Nancy, Eliza⁵ Thomas⁴), daughter of Nancy C.⁶ (Lewis) and John G. Vincent, b. in Washington County, Iowa, April 30, 1867. Married first, Job Shenton, December 25, 1891, who d. at Atlanta, Iowa, May 14, 1892. Married second, William H. McElroy, February 22, 1894, in Merced, Cal. He was b. March 11, 1866, in Keokuk, Iowa. Educated Mt. Ayr, Iowa. Contractor and builder, Merced, Cal. Three children, b. in Merced, Cal.: 714 Helen Amelia McElroy, b. November 23, 1894. In high school. 715 David Vincent McElroy, b. January 3, 1896. In high school. 716 Rena Ruth McElroy, b. March 5, 1905. In grammar school.
- 644 ROBERT PORTER LEWIS⁶ (Eliza, Thomas, James³), son of Eliza (Donnell) and William B. Lewis, b. in Indiana, November 18, 1833. Moved with parents to Iowa. Married October 6, 1858, to Olivia Tracy, of Brighton, Iowa, who was b. May 2, 1839, in Ohio. In Civil War, September 1, 1862, to June 6, 1865. Retired farmer, Washington, Iowa. Five children, b. in Washington County, Iowa: 717 Mary Adella Lewis, b. July 30, 1859; d. November 1, 1862. 718 Maria Catherine Lewis, b. August 9, 1866. Educated in Washington Academy. Merchant, Washington, Iowa. 719 Harry Tracy Lewis, b. September 10, 1870; d. September 1, 1873. 720 Helen Beatrice Lewis, b. June 25, 1875. Educated Washington Academy. Married May 5, 1904, to James Harlan Baird, who was b.

September 18, 1876. In Spanish-American War, May 18 to November 30, 1908. Farmer, Washington, Iowa. Two children: 722 Mary Olivia Beatrice Baird, b. May 3, 1905; 723 Stanley Harlan Baird, b. June 6, 1909, in Rockford, Ill. 721 Earl Aston Lewis, b. October 2, 1877. Educated in Washington Academy. Married June 4, 1902, at Washington, Iowa, to Vera Van Sickle, who was b. May 19, 1882. Jeweler, Des Moines, Iowa.

645 James Harvey Lewis (Eliza, Thomas, James), son of Eliza (Donnell) and William B. Lewis, b. in Indiana, September 13, 1836. Educated in Washington College. Married May 15, 1860, Maria Elizabeth Doig, who was b. in Cambridge, N. Y., August 25, 1839, and educated in Washington College. Teacher in public schools, and d. September 13, 1863. Two children, b. in Washington County, Iowa: 724 Harvey Erskine Lewis, b. May 15, 1861. Educated Washington Academy. Married March 4, 1895, to Cora C. Bowersock. Farmer, Van Buren, Iowa. 725 Edwin Doig Lewis,7 b. February 13, 1863. Educated Washington Academy and in law department of Iowa University, but failing health closed his education and changed his future life. Resides Iowa City, Iowa. James Harvey Lewis entered Civil War, July 24, 1861, and was discharged on account of ill health, April 6, 1862. He married second, August 25. 1866, Mary Jane Moore, b. April 18, 1842. He was a lawyer and d. in Carlsbad, New Mexico, June 29, 1903. Buried at Washington, Iowa. Four children, b. in Washington, Iowa: 726 Perley Moore Lewis, b. May 25, 1867; d. August 13, 1870. 727 Clifford Conner Levels, b. April 1, 1869; d. June 26, 1870. 728 Clarence Cameron Lewis, b. December 27, 1871. Educated Washington Academy and Ames College. Married May 27, 1896, to Mary Grace Elder, who was b. February 15, 1874, and educated in Washington Academy, Manufacturer, Carlsbad, N. M. Three sons, b. in Washington County, Iowa: 730 Harvey Lytton Lewis, b. March 6, 1897; 731 Clifford Elder Lewis,8 b. August 20, 1898; 732 Donald Robb Lewis, b. October 10, 1902; d. March 10, 1905. 729 John William Lewis, b. October 25, 1873. Educated Washington Academy and civil engineering department of Ames College. Married July 14, 1903, to Pearl Irene Elder, who was educated at Washington Academy and Galesburg, Ill., Semmary. Civil engineer and fruit farmer, Carlsbad, N. M. Two children, b. in Carlsbad, N. M.: 733 John William Lewis, Jr., b. May 27, 1905; and 734 Arthur Harry Lewis, b. January 31, 1911.

646 MARY ELLEN LEWIS (Eliza, Thomas, James), daughter of Eliza⁵ (Donnell) and William B. Lewis, b. in Indiana, September 18, 1838. Educated in Washington College and Monmouth, Ill., College. Married May 9, 1865, to Henry Marshall, who was b. July 26, 1840, in Sparta, Ill. Moved to Kansas, September, 1873. Three children, b. in Washington County, Iowa: 735 May Belle Marshall, b. May 4, 1867. Educated in Kansas. Married at Clay Center, Kan., September 24, 1887, to Charles Garner McNeil, who was b. in Illinois, September 26, 1860, and educated in Kansas. Furniture dealer and undertaker, Miltonvale, Kan. Five children, b. at Miltonvale: 738 Sidney McNeil, b. June 11, 1888, educated business college, Salina, Kan., and cashier in bank, Miltonvale; 739 Verna Lorena McNeil, b. September 19, 1890; 740 Ada Leona Mc-Neil, b. January 24, 1893; 741 Vergil Alvin McNeil, b. April 24, 1895; 742 Marshall McNeil,8 b. October 27, 1908. 736 Lenard Lewis Marshall, b. January 7, 1869. Married first, May 20, 1903, to Amelia Johnson, who was b. in Michigan, October 18, 1873. Teacher in Kansas, and d. March 28, 1904. One son, 743 Leighton Johnson Marshall,8 b. March 17, 1904. Married second, August 23, 1911, Lulu Leona Dew, of Stockton, Kan. Treasurer of Rooks County, at Stockton, Kan. 737 Nellie Nichols Marshall, b. September 24, 1871. Married at Stockton, Kan., October 16, 1894, to William Robison Hendricks, who was b. in Pike County, Illinois, September 19, 1858. Farmer, Rooks County, Kansas. Four children: 744 James Marshall Hendricks, b. August 28, 1895; 745 Hester Helen Hendricks,* b. March 22, 1897; 746 Dwight Clifford Hendricks, b. April 7, 1900; 747 Marion Maria Hendricks, b. August 6, 1906.

647 CASSANDRA JANE LEWIS⁶ (Eliza, Thomas, James), daughter of Eliza⁵ (Donnell) and William B. Lewis, b. in Indiana, December 12, 1840. Educated in Washington College. She was a teacher for thirty-five years in Iowa and North Dakota. Single. Died April 4, 1894.

648 ELIZABETH EMILY LEWIS⁶ (Eliza,⁵ Thomas,⁴ James³), daughter of Eliza (Donnell) and William B. Lewis, b. in Indiana, March 13, 1843. Educated in Washington College. Single. Resides in Iowa City, Iowa.

649 Тномая Luther Lewis (Eliza, Thomas, James), son of Eliza, (Donnell) and William B. Lewis, b. in Iowa, January 7,

- 1846. Educated Washington College. Married at Washington, Iowa, January 27, 1870, to Lucy Wild, who was b. in Burlington, Iowa, August 15, 1850. Six children, b. in Washington County, Iowa: 748 Leon Rufus Lewis, b. December 8, 1872; d. April 22, 1880. 749 Ada Lewis, b. February 20, 1874; d. April 20, 1874. 750 Howard Clement Lowis, b. June 25, 1876. Married at Maravia, Iowa, January 26, 1905, to Bertha May Davis, who was b. at Albia, lowa, October 20, 1881. Superintendent of construction and repairs Bell Telephone Company, Iowa City, Iowa. One son, 754 Eugene Burton Lewis, b. July 7, 1910. 751 Albert Burton Lewis, b. March 7, 1879. Educated Iowa City Academy. Married at Iowa City, October 20, 1909, to Theckla Anna Drews, who was b. in Iowa City, August 16, 1882. Head salesman in hardware and implement store, Iowa City. One 755 daughter." b. March 31, 1912. 752 Gertrude Lewis, b. October 31, 1881. Educated Iowa City Academy. Bookkeeper and collector Bell Telephone Company, Iowa City, Iowa. 753 Edua Jane Lewis, b. June 26, 1888. Educated Iowa City. Musicai education Iowa City and Cedar Rapids, Iowa. Teacher of voice and leader of church choir, Iowa City, Iowa.
- 650 NATHANIEL CLABAUGH LEWIS (Eliza, Thomas, James), twin son of Eliza (Donnell) and William B. Lewis, b. January 11, 1849, in Washington County, Iowa. Educated there, and died there April 8, 1873.
- 651 John Nuton Lewis⁶ (Eliza,⁵ Thomas,⁴ James⁵), twin son of Eliza (Donnell) and William B. Lewis, b. January 11, 1849, in Washington County, Iowa. Educated there. Died Great Bend, Kan., December 2, 1908. Buried Washington, Iowa.
- 652 JUSEPHINE LEWIS (Eliza, Thomas, James), daughter of Eliza (Donnell) and William B. Lewis, b. in Washington County, Iowa, November 24, 1851. Ill health closed her public school and musical education. She resides at Iowa City, Iowa.
- 44 JOHN RUSSELL DONNELL⁵ (Thomas,⁴ James,³ Thomas²), youngest child of Thomas and Nancy (Barr) Donnell, b. in Nicholas County, Kentucky, March 4, 1812. Moved to Decatur County, Indiana, with his parents. Married April 26, 1832, to Mary Ann Braden, b. September 22, 1815, in Scott County, Kentucky, a daughter of William Braden, whose log cabin, built in 1823, one and a half miles southwest of Clarksburg, Ind., is still a well preserved

landmark. She attained the great age of ninety-six years a few months before her death, and was known and loved by a large circle of friends as "Grandma Mary." She d. November 28, 1911. John R. Donnell, by his industry and integrity, became one of the most prominent citizens of Decatur County. He was especially fond of a good story, and always had an interesting collection of his own. He was a farmer near Spring Hill, Ind., but retired to Greensburg, Ind., where he d. July 12, 1890. One of the important events of his married life was a trip to Brighton, Iowa, in the early forties. The party of seven traveled in an old-fashioned two-horse wagon and a one-horse surry, and were four weeks in making the round trip. During that journey they never crossed a railroad. Today there is a network of rails. They had two sons, born near Spring Hill, Ind.: 754 Luther Lewis, b. Sept. 25, 1833.+

755 Robert Samuel, b. Nov. 12, 1835; d. June 22, 1840.

754 LUTHER LEWIS DONNELL⁶ (John, Thomas, James), b. September 25, 1833. Married December 25, 1856, to Cornelia Fitz Randolph, of Carthage, Ind., who was b. October 25, 1835, and educated at the Female Academy, Nazareth, Ky. They lived on the farm where he was b. the greater part of his life. He was a druggist in Greensburg, Ind., for a time, then returned to the farm and later retired to Greensburg, where he d. April 11, 1901. His wife resides in Greensburg. Six children, b. at Spring Hill, Ind.: 756 Gertrude Donnell, b. June 29, 1860. Graduated in Greensburg High School 1878. Married October 11, 1883, to Henry Elliott Bonner, of Spring Hill, who was b. March 9, 1858. Farmer for some years, but now a hardware dealer. Senior member of Bonner, Hart & Rvan, of Greensburg, Ind. They are both active in all departments of church work in Spring Hill United Presbyterian church and she is also a club woman. Two sons: 762 William Donnell Bonner, b. February 1, 1887; d. September 20, 1889. 763 Boyd Randolph Bonner, b. July 16, 1891; graduated at Kentucky Military Institute 1910. 757 Libbie Fitz Randolph Donnell, b. October 4, 1862. Graduated Greensburg High School 1879. Charter member of the two oldest clubs in Greensburg-The Married Ladies' Musical and The Cycle. Married September 11, 1884, to Walter William Bonner, who was b. July 30, 1860. He is cashier of the Third National Bank of Greensburg. Ind. Both are active workers in the Presbyterian church. One daughter, b. at Greensburg: 764 Ruth Bonner, b. September 23, 1885; graduated Greensburg High School 1903, and attended Wilson Col'ege and DePauw University. Club woman. Married June 22, 1910, to Homer Garrard Meek, who was b. June 17, 1883. Graduated Miami University. Traveling salesman. 758 William Clarence Donnell, b. March 23, 1867; d. July 28, 1890. 759 Edward Fitz-Randolph Donnell, b. June 7, 1869. Graduated Indiana Dental College; dentist in Indianapolis several years; now a member of the firm of Thomas Moffat & Company. Married November 29, 1910, to Ethel Edna Pitt, of Indianapolis. One son, 765 John Pitt Donnell, b. February 25, 1912. 760 Samuel Russell Donnell, b. July 15, 1871. Attended school at Hicksville, Ohio. Assistant manager of the Hines Lumber Company, Forest Park, Ill., and interested in taxi-cab business at Oak Park. Single. 761 Albert Cole Donnell, b. September 8, 1872. Attended school in Chicago. Married July 3, 1909, to Lulu Edna Case. Manager of Hines Lumber Company, Forest Park, Ill. Secretary and treasurer of the taxi-cab company of Oak Park, Ill.

THE FAMILY OF SAMUEL DONNELL.

14 Samuel Donnell⁴ (James,³ Thomas², Thomas¹), b. November 23, 1769, in Augusta County, Virginia. Of his early life, religious training and removals from Virginia to Pennsylvania and thence to Kentucky, with some incidents of his station life and early manhood, the account given in his own narrative, printed in this volume, contains about all that is known. After two years of teaching, near Paris, Ky., he married, August 8, 1793, Hannah Quiett, daughter of James Quiett, b. 1775. In the same year of his marriage, Mr. Donnell settled on the farm he had purchased on Taylor's creek, above and adjoining that of his brother Thomas. His nine children were born there. His wife died, November 5, 1818. Of her, only a tradition remains, that she was of a lively, friendly disposition, and fond of young people. Though his education must have been very limited, Mr. Donnell acquired a good practical knowledge of surveying. He served several terms as justice of the peace, then a more important office than now. Besides his church office as elder, he was president of the local branch of the State Anti-Slavery Society. His business activity was no less marked. In the spring of 1806, he and a partner took a flat-boat load of flour down the Licking, Ohio and Mississippi rivers. Some extracts from his journal of this trip appear elsewhere. He made a second flat-boat voyage to New Orleans in 1820, with the proceeds of which, and the sale of his Kentucky farm, he entered 420 acres of land in what was called the "New Purchase" in Indiana, July 21, 1821. He must have visited what is now Decatur County, at that time. He accompanied his son-in-law Andrew Robison, Sr., thither, in the spring of 1823, built a house on a farm, purchased from Thomas I. Glass, for \$400, and now owned by Wilbur Donnell, and brought his family to it in September following. The house, still standing, is believed to be the oldest structure of any sort in the county, and as such, its photograph seems a fitting frontis-piece to this volume. Though then, nearly fifty-four years old, he prosecuted his farming with such success, that he was able, within the next ten or twelve years, to give each of his nine married children a farm of 160 acres. He kept nothing for himself, living with his youngest son for many years, but working, with tireless industry, even in advanced age.

His labors were by no means confined to acquiring property. In the temperance and especially the anti-slavery movements, he took a strong interest. He had considerable gift, as an argumentative public speaker, and in a modest way zealously advocated these reforms in church and neighborhood gatherings. He wrote the call for the first anti-slavery convention in Indiana, printed in "The Philanthropist" of Cincinnati. A copy of this call is still preserved, and is a notably able and temperate statement of the anti-slavery argument. Though deeply religious, as appears from his own writings. Mr. Donnell was conspicuously free from the bigotry and sectarianism that often disfigured the piety of his contemporaries. Perhaps it was this quality that led Dr. Joseph Monfort to say of him. "Though not an educated man, in the ordinary sense, yet doctors of divinity might have sat at his feet and learned wisdom." He died September 29, 1850, in his eighty-second year. In 1854 Rev. John Rankin published a memoir of Samuel Donnell.

In 1880 his three surviving children replaced the "plain stone" that first marked his grave, with a more elaborate monument, bearing the inscription he had himself composed. About the same time, the remains of his wife, buried in Concord graveyard more than sixty years before, were placed beside his. We have here "the simple life" in what seems its rudest and barest outlines, a frontier boyhood and youth, a manhood spent almost wholly in the hard labor of clearing and improving two farms, with one or more long sermons for Sunday recreation, with few books but religious tracts, and few newspapers deserving the name. The wonder grows that so strong and admirable a character could have been developed. No one can read his writings in this volume, composed, as they were for his children, with no thought of publication, without plainly discerning the unusual scope of his intellect, and the force and dignity of his convictions.

The following children were born to Samuel and Hannah Donnell:

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766 James, b. Oct. 10, 1794.+
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⁷⁶⁷ Thomas, b. Sept. 2, 1796.+

⁷⁶⁸ Catharine, b. July 12, 1799.+

⁷⁶⁹ Julia, b. Jan. 28, 1801.+

⁷⁷⁰ Mary, b. July 8, 1803.+

⁷⁷¹ Eliza, b. July 25, 1805.+

⁷⁷² Samuel Addison, b. Oct. 29, 1807.+

⁷⁷³ John Campbell, b. June 2, 1811.+

⁷⁷⁴ Fidelia Hamilton, b. Oct. 30, 1813.+

766 James Donnell⁵ (Samuel, James, Thomas²), oldest child of Samuel Donnell and Hannah Quiett, was born in Bourbon County, Kentucky, October 10, 1794. He spent his youth and early manhood on his father's farm, receiving the education and having the social opportunities open to a well-to-do farmer's family of that primitive time. As the oldest son he probably assisted his father in accumulating the means which Samuel Donnell afterwards invested in the large tracts of land in Indiana, on which he settled his children. He was a good driver with a good team, and often brought salt from the salt-licks and did other public hauling. When the exodus to Indiana began he assisted families to move thither. James Donnell was twenty-seven years old when he removed to Decatur County, Indiana, with his father's family, in 1823. Three years later, February 22, 1826, he was married to Sophia Meek. She was born near Lexington, Ky., August 31, 1805, and was the daughter of Thomas Meek and Martha Davis. Her father was born in Maryland, emigrated to Kentucky, and in 1824 came to Decatur County, Indiana. James and Sophia Donnell settled on a farm just west of Springhill church, now owned and occupied by his son Samuel A. Donnell. Springhill had the first store in the county, kept by Martin Benson about 1823 or 1824, and the first postoffice established not long after. The United Presbyterian church was organized in 1824. To this church Sophia Donnell and her parents belonged. James Donnell, like his father and brothers, was an earnest anti-slavery man. He took part in the debates on this burning question held all over the county. He is remembered as a man of unusual intelligence, and his early death was a great loss, not only to his family, but to the community. In August, 1838, Sophia Donnell died of fever, leaving a babe but a few days old. James Donnell, who was already ill of typhoid fever, was taken, with his children, to the old home, then occupied by John C. Donnell, with whom his father Samuel Donnell lived. Here he died, October 4, 1838, leaving doubly orphaned, six children: 775 Samuel Addison, 776 Martha Jane, 777 Thomas Newton, 778 Fidelia Quiett, 779 Zerelda Hannah, and 780 Sophia.

775 Samuel, Addison Donnell (James, Samuel, James), oldest son of James Donnell and Sophia Meek, was born near Springhill, Ind., March 22, 1828. Orphaned by the death of both his parents at the age of ten, he lived until his majority with his uncle John C. Donnell, near Kingston, attending the schools of the vicinity. On coming of age he settled on his father's farm near

Springhill, and buying out the other heirs has owned and lived upon it through a long life. February 10, 1857, he married Hadessah Foster, a daughter of Robert Foster and Nancy Rankin, residents of Springhill, and members of the United Presbyterian church. The Decatur County History says of him: "He is a practical farmer, and maintains the high standard of principles which characterized his ancestors, doing all in his power to advance the welfare of the community in which he lives." After some years of declining health, Mrs. Donnell died, May 8, 1904. Mr. Donnell, in a well preserved and vigorous old age, still lives at the old home with his son Robert. Three children: 781 Robert, 782 Jennie, and 783 Nettic.

781 ROBERT FOSTER DONNELL⁷ (Samuel A., Jr., James, Samuel⁴), son of Samuel Addison Donnell, Jr., and Hadessah Foster, b. at Springhill, Ind., November 30, 1857. Attended the Springhill school, under those excellent teachers, Judge Marshall Hacker, of Columbus; R. M. Miller, of Franklin, and Prof. Stanley Coulter, of Purdue University. Robert Donnell is a farmer and has always lived on the homestead where he was born, and owns the farm which belonged to his father and grandfather. He is a Republican in politics, and an elder in the Springhill church, to which he belongs. He is unmarried.

782 Jennie M. Donnell[†] (Lowe), (Samuel A., Jr., James, Samuel[‡]), daughter of Samuel Addison Donnell and Hadessah Foster, b. at Springhill. Educated at the Springhill school, and in Greensburg High School. Married Robert Sumner Lowe, son of Jackson G. Lowe and Mary Jane Hamilton, b. at Clarksburg, Ind., September 12, 1856. He is a farmer and they have always resided on their farm near Springhill. He has served a term as trustee of Fugit township. Four children:

784 Harry Lowes (Jennie M., Samuel A., Jr., James), born at Springhill, Ind., October 9, 1880. Attended school at Springhill, and took a commercial course in Indianapolis. Married May 19, 1909, Maud Reese. He has a position with the telephone company in Sullivan, Ind., where they reside. One child, 788 Juanita Lowe, b. May, 1910.

785 Gertrude Lowes (Foster), (Jennie M., Samuel A., Jr., James), daughter of Jennie M. (Donnell) and Robert Sumner Lowe, b. at Springhill, Ind., July 18, 1884. Attended Springhill

school. Was married March 3, 1904, to Clarence Foster, son of John Foster and Mary Meek. He is a farmer, and they lived in Mississippi for several years, afterwards removing to Greeley, Colo., their present residence.

786 Donald Lowes (Jennie M., Samuel A., Jr., James), son of Jennie M. (Donnell) and Robert Sumner Lowe, was born at Springhill, Ind., October 17, 1886. Educated at Springhill school, and at Clarksburg High School. Married Elsie Mae Hite, of Clarksburg. One child, 789 Hazel Marie Lowe, b. May, 1910.

787 Robert Summer Lowes (Jennie M., Samuel A., Jr., James), son of Jennie M. and Robert Summer Lowe, born at Springhill, Ind., September 20, 1896. Resides with his parents. Is a member of Clarksburg High School.

783 NETTIE MAY DONNELL⁷ (Meek), (Samuel A.,6 James,6 Samuel⁴), youngest child of Samuel Addison Donnell, Jr., and Hadessah Foster, born at the old homestead at Springhill, September 13, 1866. Attended school at Springhill. Married Adam Meek, September 29, 1889. He was born June 21, 1866. Is the son of Thomas and Nancy Meek. Attended school at Springhill, and afterward at Bloomington and Danville. Is a farmer and owns and occupies the Thomas Meek homestead. Mrs. Meek is an active worker in the United Presbyterian church and Christian Endeavor Society at Springhill. They have one son:

790 Herbert Donnell Meek* (Nettie M., Samuel, James), born September 2, 1892. Educated at Springhill, and at Clarksburg High School. Is a farmer, and resides with his parents.

776 MARTHA JANE DONNELL⁶ (Hargitt), (James, Samuel A., James³), oldest daughter of James Donnell and Sophia Meek, was born at Springhill, Ind., May 30, 1830. Her parents dying when she was eight years old, she was brought up by her uncle John C. Donnell, at whose home she was married, December 24, 1849, to George Hargitt, son of Robert Hargitt, of Ohio, who lived at that time in the Kingston neighborhood. George Hargitt was a teacher. After his marriage he removed to Rushville, Ind., where he purchased the Rushville "Jacksonian." It was here, in 1854, that Martha Hargitt died. Her husband died a year later. There were three children: 791 Lewis Cass, 792 Franklin Pierce, and 793 James Robert.

791 Lewis Cass Hargitt (Martha, James, Samuel), born in Rushville, Ind., October 12, 1850. He lost his mother when four years old and was brought up by his great-uncle and aunt, Thomas Donnell and wife, on their farm near Kingston. He was married, in 1888, to Louisa Zeigler. They lived for several years in Shelby County. Then returned to Decatur, and settled on a farm south of Greensburg, both becoming members of the Mt. Pleasant Methodist church. He died April 10, 1898. Seven children: 794 Sallie, 795 Thomas Donnell, 796 George, 797 Ethel, 798 Della, 799 Kathryn, and 800 James Frank.

794 Sallie Donnell Hargitt⁸ (Olvey), (Lewis Cass,⁷ Martha,⁶ James⁵), born November 1, 1879, in Shelby County. Attended common schools in Decatur County and Greensburg High School. Married June 3, 1903, Calvin T. Oivey. They reside in Indianapolis. Five children: 801 Miriam,⁶ b. February 26, 1904; died January 16, 1906. 802 Lawrence,⁶ b. December 25, 1907. 803 Louisa,⁶ b. April 17, 1909. 804 Thelma,⁶ b. November 21, 1910. 805 Margery,⁶ b. April 1, 1911.

James⁵), born September 30, 1881. Has spent most of his life on the farm in Decatur County. Has attended the township schools, and has taken several terms at Indiana State Normal, Terre Haute. Is a teacher and has a position in the Letts School, Decatur County. Is unmarried.

796 George Hargitt⁸ (Lewis Cass,⁷ Martha,⁶ James⁵), born April 28, 1883. Died September 31, 1898.

797 ETHEL HARGITT's (Lewis Cass, Martha, James), born February 28, 1885. Married June 30, 1908, Clifford Zetterburg. He is a teacher by profession, and is at the head of the Clarksburg school.

798 Della M. Hargitt's (Lewis Cass, Martha, James), born December 29, 1887. Married John Stapp, of Decatur County. He is a farmer, and they live on his farm south of town. One child, 806 Lavonne May, b. May 6, 1912.

799 KATHRYN HARGITT⁸ (Lewis Cass,⁷ Martha,⁶ James⁵), born September 27, 1889. Graduated at Greensburg High School, and

has attended Indiana State Normal at Terre Haute. Is a teacher by profession.

800 James Frank Hargitt* (Lewis Cass, Martha, James), born September 9, 1896. Attends school, and lives with his mother, Mrs. Louisa Hargitt.

Martha Donnell and George Hargitt, was born in Rushville, Ind., November 5, 1851. An orphan at three years old, he was brought up by his great-uncle and aunt Andrew and Catherine Robison, on their farm near Kingston. In 1871, when twenty years old, he went to Iowa, finally settling in Silver City, where he still resides. He is a carpenter, and has served a term as mayor. Was married March 9, 1878, to Nellie Herrick, of Michigan. They have four children: 807 Charles, 808 Addic E., 809 Josia Mabel, and 810 Ralph Robison.

807 CHARLES W. HARGITT's (Frank, Martha, James), born in Silver City, July 11, 1879. Resides in Seattle, Wash. Unmarried.

808 Addie E. Hargitt⁸ (Frank, Martha, James), born in Silver City, Iowa, August 11, 1881. Married William A. Tisdale, July 8, 1905. Resides in Stockton, Cal. No children.

809 Josia M. Hargitt⁸ (Frank, Martha, James), born in Silver City, Iowa, July 8, 1884. Married James E. Buckingham, June 24, 1903. One child, 811 Nina Charlotte Buckingham, b. November 12, 1904.

810 RALPH R. HARGITT⁸ (Frank, Martha, James), born in Silver City, Iowa, November 4, 1892. Is an operator on the Burlington railroad, and resides in Lincoln, Neb. Married Anna B. Lobice, June 17, 1911.

793 James Robert Hargitt, (Martha, James, Samuel), son of George and Martha (Donnell) Hargitt, born in Rushville, Ind., in 1853. Died, near New Salem, Ind., July 4, 1908. His mother died when he was about two years old, and his father a year or so later. He was cared for as a little child, by his father's family, and later as a boy, was brought up by his uncle Addison Donnell, of Springhill, Ind. Here he obtained a good, common school education. He was a teacher by profession, teaching in the county

schools of Rush County, and residing in the vicinity of New Salem practically all his life. Married Laura Brown, daughter of George Brown, of Rush County, now of Indianapolis. Four children, all born in Rush County: 812 George Hargitt,* married, and has one child, 816; resides in Indianapolis. 813 Chester Hargitt,* is married and has one child, 817; resides in Indianapolis. 814 Margaret Hargitt,* married to Guy Churchill, of Rush County, and has one child, 818; resides in Indianapolis. 815 Amy Hargitt,* resides with her mother, Mrs. Laura Hargitt, in Indianapolis.

Letters to the family of James Hargitt were unanswered, and we are therefore unable to present a complete family record.

777 THOMAS NEWTON DONNELL" (James," Samuel, James), son of James Donnell and Sophia Meek, was born at Springhill, Ind., July 8, 1832. His parents died when he was six years old, and with his older brother Addison, and sister Martha, he lived until he was of age with his uncle John C. Donnell, near Kingston. This was also the home of the grandfather Samuel Donnell, who took a deep interest in the care and training of the three children. February 23, 1853, in his twenty-first year, he settled on a farm in Rush County. September 6, 1855, he was married to Nancy Smith, born December 4, 1835, in Rush County, daughter of Seneca E. and Nancy Smith. In February, 1864, they bought a farm near Waldron, Shelby County, and removed thither. Mr. Donnell engaged in farming and bought and sold live stock. July 29, 1879, they removed to Middletown, engaging in the shoe business. August 15, 1884, they removed to Greensburg, Ind., and started the T. N. Donnell & Son shoe store. In this business he is still engaged, has prospered, and is still (1912) able to give it his undivided attention. Mrs. Donnell died May 12, 1906. Mr. Donnell resides with his son James, on East Main street.

819 James Smith Donnell? (Thomas Newton, James, Samuel), was born in Rush County, Indiana, June 21, 1858. Removed with his parents to Shelby County, in 1864. Assisted his father in farming, and was postmaster at Middletown, after 1880, and in the shoe store with his father at that place. Removed to Greensburg in 1884, and has been a partner since that time in the Donnell Shoe Store. Resides on East Main street. He was married, September 5, 1909, to Roselyn Ketchum, daughter of Benjamin and Mary Ketchum. She is a notable woman of business, having been a member of the Minear Dry Goods Company for several years, and having visited Paris in the interest of that firm.

778 FIDELIA DONNELL⁶ (Miller), (James,³ Samuel,⁴ James³), daughter of James Donnell and Sophia Meek, born at Springhill, Ind., July 16, 1834. Both her parents died when she was four years old, and she was brought up by her father's brother Thomas Donnell and wife, on the farm near Kingston. Her sister Zerelda was in the same home, and as the uncle and aunt were childless, the two children were like daughters to them. She was married May, 1856, to John W. Miller, a young farmer of Rush County, and lived upon his farm near Richland for the thirteen remaining years of her life. She died August 10, 1869. Mr. Miller was afterward twice married, and died on his farm, 1907. There were four children.

820 Laura Miller (Gordon), (Fidelia, James, Samuel), daughter of Fidelia (Donnell) and John W. Miller, born in Rush County, July 13, 1857. Married February 14, 1877, to Gillett E. Gordon, son of Taylor Gordon, born January 21, 1856. Is a machinist and engineer. They first settled near Metamora, in 1881 removing to Rush County, and finally locating in Connersville, where they lived until 1907, when they removed to Riverside, Cal., where they now reside. They are members of the Presbyterian church. They have seven children.

824 Charles Taylor Gordon* (Laura, Fidelia, James), born Metamora, Ind., November 18, 1877. Occupation, a machinist. Married Anna W. Morton, December 27, 1905. Members of First Presbyterian church, Connersville, Ind., where they reside. Two children: 831 Charles Taylor, b. December 6, 1906. 832 Elliott Morton, b. April 14, 1909.

825 JOHN ELMO GORDON⁸ (Laura,⁷ Fidelia,⁶ James⁵), son of Laura Miller and Gillett Gordon, born July 14, 1879. Married Ola Jordan, April 24, 1901. Occupation, a machinist. Died March 14, 1905. Was member of the Presbyterian church. Two children: 833 Orville Elmo,⁸ b. February 5, 1902. 834 Evelyn,⁸ b. May 11, 1903.

826 Hypatia Harriet Gordon's (Laura, Fidelia, James), born November 25, 1880. Married G. Emerson Parvis, November 1, 1905. Resided for several years at Metamora; now resides at Riverside. Cal. Is a member of the Methodist church. They have one child: 835 Katherine Laura Parvis, b. October 4, 1906.

- 827 George K. Gordon* (Laura, Fidelia, James), born October, 1882, in Rush County, Indiana. Married July, 1903, Hazel Bridgeford. Is by occupation a machinist. Resided first in Connersville. Removed to Riverside, Cal., in 1906. Present residence at Los Angeles. Is a member of the Presbyterian church. Has one child: 836 Janette Mae, b. March 6, 1905.
- 828 HERMAN DONNELL GORDON⁸ (Laura,⁷ Fidelia,⁶ James⁵), son of Laura (Miller) and G. E. Gordon, born April 19, 1887, near Metamora, Ind. Died February 14, 1904, at Connersville. Was a member of the Presbyterian church of that place.
- 829 FIDELIA QUIET GORDON⁸ (Laura, Fidelia, James), born Metamora, Ind., February 18, 1889. Removed to Riverside, Cal., April, 1907. with her parents, and died at Springhill, Ind., September 30, 1910, while on a visit to Indiana with her mother. She was a member of the Presbyterian church.
- 830 G. Edder Gordon* (Laura, Fidelia, James), son of G. E. Gordon and Laura Miller, born May 27, 1892, at Connersville, Ind. Resides with his parents at Riverside, Cal. He is a member of the high school.
- 821 Herman Miller (Fidelia, James, Samuel), son of Fidelia (Donnell) and John W. Miller, born in Rush County, Indiana, October 19, 1858. He spent seven years in the West after reaching manhood. Returned to Rush County and was married to Alma Innis, January 16, 1890. She was the daughter of Andrew and Sarah Innis. The following year, February, 1891, they removed to Riverside, Cal., where they remained nine years. Mr. Miller finally gave up the West, and in February, 1900, returned to Rush County. He resides on a farm east of Milroy, and has all his life been a farmer and stock raiser. They have one son:
- 837 Howard A. Millers (Herman, Fidelia, James), born Riverside, Cal., October 8, 1895. Resides with his parents, on their farm in Rush County.
- 822 INA MILLER[†] (Pond), (Fidelia, James, Samuel[†]), daughter of Fidelia (Donnell) and John W. Miller, born August 26, 1860, near Richland, Ind. Married Cassius C. Pond, November 14, 1878. He was born March 8, 1856, in Franklin County, Indiana. They re-

- sided near Rushville until November, 1887, when they removed to Riverside, Cal., where they now reside. Mr. Pond is a dealer in real estate. They have six children, all unmarried (May, 1912).
- 838 Edward Earle Pond* (Ina, Fidelia, James), born September 8, 1880, in Rush County, Indiana. Machinist by occupation, and has a position with the Fairbanks-Morse Company. Resides in Los Angeles.
- 839 Buel Clifford Ponds (Ina, Fidelia, James), born May 13, 1884, in Rush County, Indiana. Is employed in a clothing store in San Diego, Cal.
- 840 Benjamin Harrison Pond⁸ (Ina,⁷ Fidelia,⁶ James⁵), born in Riverside, Cal., November 6 (the day of President Harrison's election). Resides with his parents, and is bookkeeper for the California Iron Works.
- 841 Wilna Fay Pond⁸ (Ina,⁷ Fidelia,⁶ James⁵), born November 24, 1890, in Riverside, Cal. Resides with parents, and is a student at Pomona College.
- 842 Caude C. Pond⁸ (Ina, Fidelia, James), born September 19, 1893, in Riverside, Cal. Resides with his parents. Expects to become a machinist.
- 843 Doris Pond⁸ (Ina, Fidelia, James), born June 11, 1900, at Riverside, Cal. Attends the grammar school, and is studying music.
- 823 ELIZABETH MILLER[†] (Wilson), (Fidelia, James, Samuel[‡]), daughter of John Miller and Fidelia Donnell Miller, born in Rush County, Indiana, in 1862. Married November 30, 1881, Henry Wilson. He was born March 17, 1853. He is a farmer and stock raiser, and they have always lived in Rush County. Mrs. Wilson died June 7, 1906. Five children: 844 Clyde, 845 Alta, 846 Infant daughter (died the next day after birth), 847 Herbert, and 848 Beatrice.
- 844 CLYDE WILSON⁸ (Elizabeth, Fidelia, James), born November 16, 1883, in Richland township, Rush County. Attended the county schools. Married December 3, 1902, to Blanche Ruff, daughter of T. B. and Adeline Ruff. Clyde Wilson is a farmer and stock raiser, and resides in Rush County.

845 Alta Wilson⁸ (Elizabeth, Fidelia, James), born July 30, 1887; died May 22, 1908.

847 Hermert Wilson* (Elizabeth, Fidelia, James), born August 16, 1898. Resides with his father Henry Wilson.

848 Beatrice Wilson's (Elizabeth, Fidelia, James), born September 12, 1902. Resides with her father Henry Wilson.

779 Zerelda Hannah Donnell' (James, Samuel, James), daughter of James and Sophia (Meek) Donnell, born at Springhill, Ind., April 22, 1836. Lived after the death of her parents with her uncle Thomas Donnell, and was educated at the Nyce Academy at Kingston. Ind. United with the Presbyterian church there in 1849. Married May 27, 1858, to John B. Lawson. They moved to Glenwood, Iowa, in 1866, and to Kingman, Kan., in 1878. While in Kingman she helped organize, and was a charter member of the First Presbyterian church. She spent some time in Wichita, Kan., El Reno and Weatherford, Okla., and now resides at Chickashah, Okla. Four children, the two elder born in Indiana, the other two in Iowa:

849 June Donnell, b. June 8, 1859.+

850 Mary Winifred, b. Oct. 4, 1860.+

851 Thomas Donnell, b. April 22, 1872.+

852 Edna Browning, b. Aug. 17, 1876.+

849 June Donnell Lawson, daughter of Zerelda (Donnell) and John B. Lawson, born June 8, 1859. Educated at Glenwood, Iowa. Married in Nickerson, Kan., September 29, 1881, to Jay Dodge Fox, of Fonda, N. Y. He is a railroad man, and they reside at Douglas, Ariz. Two children, b. at Nickerson, Kan.: 853 Bessie Fox, b. October 17, 1882. Educated at Liberty College (Mo.), and graduated in vocal music there. Married at Douglas, Ariz., June 26, 1907, to Frederick William Nichols, of Utica, N. Y., real estate dealer, Vancouver, British Columbia. Two children: 855 Eleanor Virginia Nichols, b. in Douglas, Ariz., September 21, 1908, and 856 Margaret June Nichols, b. April 30, 1912, at Vancouver, B. C. 854 Walter Jay Fox, b. August 31, 1885. Educated at Jewell College. Chemical assayer for the Copper Queen Company, Douglas, Ariz. Single.

850 MARY WINIFRED LAWSON, daughter of Zerelda (Donnell)

and John B. Lawson, was born October 4, 1860. Educated in Glenwood, Iowa. Married at Kingman, Kan., to Joseph Clark McClelland, November 26, 1878. This was the first wedding in Kingman and the second in the county. They resided in Nickerson, Kan., three years, then in Pueblo, Colo., returning to Kingman in 1885, where Mr. McClelland was sheriff four years. When the Cherokee Strip was opened, in 1893, they took a claim near Pond Creek, Okla. Mr. McClelland was United States Clerk of District Court two years, with residence at Enid. While at Pond Creek Mrs. McClelland helped organize and became charter member of the Presbyterian church. They now reside at Oklahoma City, where Mr. McClelland is a banker. Children: 857 Helen West McClelland, b. November 20, 1879. Attended private school at Kansas City. Graduated at Hardin College (Mo.), in 1898, and spent four months, in 1903, in foreign travel with her mother, remaining a year in Paris, where she studied the language and attended lectures on history and art. Resides with parents at Oklahoma City. 858 John Lawson McClelland,8 b. in Nickerson, Kan., October 16, 1881. Attended Missouri Military Academy and during his second year there the building burned and he jumped from the third floor. After recovering from his injuries he was transferred to the school in Marmont, Ind., remaining there two years, then going to business college in Wichita, Kan. In bank at Pond Creek, Okla., for a time. Moved to Oklahoma City 1905, where he is an automobile dealer. Married June 3, 1908, to Katherine Antoinette Paxton of El Paso, Tex. One child: 860 Katherine Paxton McClelland,9 b. in El Paso, August 4, 1910. 859 Nevin Delzell McClelland,8 b. in Kingman County, Kansas, February 14, 1894.

851 Thomas Donnell Lawson, son of Zerelda (Donnell) and John B. Lawson, born April 22, 1872. Educated at Kingman, Kan. Moved to Pond Creek, Okla., in 1898, and was married there December 28, 1898, to Gertrude Enyeart. Charter member of Presbyterian church in Pond Creek. Cashier of First National Bank there, and later cashier First National Bank at Goltry, Okla. Moved to El Reno in 1904. Head bookkeeper for a corporation. Moved to Anadarko, Okla., in 1907, where he was cashier of First State Bank; then to Hays, Kan., in 1910, where he is now in produce business. Three children: 861 Marjorie Donnell Lawson, b. September 29, 1900. 862 Edna Gertrude Lawson, b. March 30, 1902. 863 Walter Ellis Lawson, b. January 27, 1905.

852 EDNA BROWNING LAWSON, daughter of Zerelda (Donnell) and John B. Lawson, born August 17, 1876. Graduated from Kingman High School 1894; attended Kansas State Normal and taught in Kingman several years. Married January 1, 1900, in Kingman, to Jacob Maddox, Jr., a farmer and stock buyer, of McCredie, Mo. He died May 8, 1902, and their son, 864 Joseph McClelland Maddox, born December 20, 1901, died May 19, 1902. She then went to Pond Creek, Okla. Attended Wichita Business College 1903; principal of a department in it until 1905; then principal commercial department in El Reno (Okla.) High School. In 1908 she became professor of commercial education in Southwestern State Normal, Weatherford, Okla. Is now professor in the college at Chickasha, Okla.

780 SOPHIA DONNELL⁶ (Morgan), (James, Samuel, James), youngest child of James Donnell and Sophia Meek, was born at Springhill, Ind., August 17, 1838. Her mother died when she was a few days old, and her father a few weeks later. The babe was taken by her uncle and aunt Thomas and Julia (Donnell) Hamilton, and grew up in their home at Kingston, receiving from them all the care and attention of parents. Married October 1, 1858, to Henry C. Morgan, a son of James Morgan, an early and prominent pioneer from Kentucky. Henry Morgan was a farmer and they lived upon his farm at McCoy's Station during their married life of sixteen years. With his father he was engaged for many years in the pork packing business in Cincinnati, and in buying and shipping live stock. He died suddenly, August 3, 1874. Mrs. Morgan was left with a great responsibility in the bringing up of her large tamily, alone. Her living children are all married, and settled in life, and she has lived for several years in Greensburg. They had seven children, all born on the farm at McCoy's Station: 865 Edmond D., 866 James L., 867 Lulu, 868 Almira May, 869 Harry Clay, 870 Clifford M., and 871 Bert.

865 Edmond Donnell Morgan⁷ (Sophia, James, Samuel), born July 8, 1859. Married Cora Davis, November 13, 1893. He is a paper hanger and decorator by occupation, and they reside in Greensburg. Two children: 872 Eura Morgan, b. October 22, 1894. 873 Walter Morgan, b. December 18, 1896.

866 James Morgan⁷ (Sophia, James, Samuel⁴), son of Sophia (Donnell) and Henry C. Morgan, born October 10, 1860. Died at

his mother's home in Greensburg, February 25, 1901. Was unmarried.

- 867 Lulu L. Morgan[†] (Mason), (Sophia, James, Samuel[†]), born September 23, 1863. Was a successful teacher for several years in Decatur County schools. Married Benjamin F. Mason, a merchant of St. Paul, Ind., December 27, 1893. They reside in St. Paul, and Mrs. Mason owns a millinery establishment.
- 868 Almira May Morgan⁷. (Sophia, James, Samuel), daughter of Sophia Donnell and Henry C. Morgan, born October 23, 1865. Died December 15, 1878.
- 869 Harry Clay Morgan⁷ (Sophia, James, Samuel), son of Sophia (Donnell) and Henry C. Morgan, born August 29, 1867. Died July 4, 1902, at his mother's home in Greensburg.
- 870 Clifford Mills Morgan⁷ (Sophia,⁶ James,⁵ Samuel⁴), born April 1, 1870. Was employed by the Indianapolis Street Car Company. Residence unknown.
- 871 Bert C. Morgan⁷ (Sophia, James, Samuel⁴), born July 17, 1872. Graduated at Greensburg High School. Studied medicine in Chicago and Louisville medical colleges. Has taught in the county and city schools, and was for several years principal at the East End city school in Greensburg. He is, like his father and grandfather, an active Republican, and has been honored with offices. Has been Coroner one year, City Clerk three years, and is the present postmaster of Greensburg. Married October 26, 1904, Bertha Hitchell, of Greensburg, born August 20, 1876. One child: 874 Henry Hitchell Morgan, b. September 15, 1906.
- 767 Thomas Donnell, (Samuel, James, Thomas), second son of Samuel and Hannah (Quiett) Donnell, was born near Carlisle, Ky., September 2, 1796. In this community he grew up and passed his early manhood, and its influences must have largely formed his character. He was married about 1820 to Nancy Stokes, Of her family, and of their married life nothing is now known. She died within three years, in 1823, leaving two children. The babe Samuel, was taken charge of by its mother's family during its childhood, and the husband, with the elder child John, returned to his father's home. In the fall of the same year, 1823, he removed

with his father's family to Decatur County, Indiana. Twelve years later, February 5, 1835, he was married to Sarah (Sally) Hamilton, born April 14, 1809, in Nicholas County, Kentucky, daughter of Robert and Mary (Eward) Hamilton. She removed to Indiana in the same year, and resided in the same community as her husband.

After his marriage Thomas Donnell settled on his own farm, just across the road from his father's home, now owned and occupied by Orlando Hamilton. He soon built a comfortable farm house, which was his home until his death, thirty-six years afterwards. The death of both his sons, a few years apart, in boyhood, and early manhood, left him childless, and doubtless gave his disposition the somewhat melancholy tinge it had in old age.

On the death of their parents, in 1838, he took into his home two little daughters of his brother James, Fidelia (Mrs. J. W. Miller) and Zerelda (Mrs. J. B. Lawson), who lived with him until their marriage. He also brought up a grandson of James Donnell, Cass Hargitt. In person Mr. Donnell was a florid, portly man, of fine appearance, and his manner had something of the pomp and stateliness of the old school. He was witty and sarcastic, an unusually entertaining talker. His wife, a woman of great, native intelligence, had also excellent social gifts, and both were favorites in a large circle of nephews and nieces. Mr. Donnell died suddenly of heart disease, June 6, 1871. His widow removed to Greensburg, where she died. January 11, 1892. At her death the fortune they had accumulated, by careful and conservative management, after a few bequests to relatives, passed to benevolent causes. The Kingston Presbyterian church, of which both had been members, had already received \$1,000 for its endowment fund. Hanover College received \$22,000, and the Mission Boards and Board of Education of the Presbyterian church about \$20,000.

875 JOHN S. DONNELL⁶ (Thomas,⁵ Samuel,⁴ James³), son of Thomas and Nancy (Stokes) Donnell, born in Bourbon County, Kentucky, in 1821, was brought by his father to Decatur County, Indiana, in 1823. Was thrown from a runaway horse and died from injuries received, 1835, aged fourteen years.

876 Samuel Donnell (Thomas, Samuel, James), son of Thomas and Nancy (Stokes) Donnell, was born in Bourbon County, Kentucky, in 1823. His mother dying when he was but a few days old, he was brought up by her family and came to live with his father, near Kingston, after the death of his only brother, when he

was twelve years old. He became a young man of unusual promise. Died in 1842, aged nineteen.

768 CATHERINE DONNELL⁵ (Samuel, James, Thomas²), was born July 12, 1799, in Bourbon County, Kentucky, the daughter of Samuel Donnell. She was married to Andrew Robison, Sr., February 24, 1820. He was born near Ruddles Mill, Bourbon County, Kentucky, his father having emigrated from Franklin County, Pennsylvania. Mr. Robison was a volunteer soldier in the War of 1812. On March 12, 1823, Andrew Robison and wife, with their two little children, accompanied her father Samuel Donnell, to the new home in Decatur County, Indiana. They made the journey by Cincinnati, then little more than a frontier town. They spent the first year with her father on his farm north of Kingston, removing the following spring to the quarter section southeast, where a cabin had been built. This farm was their home through life. The present residence was built in 1850. Beside her own family, Mrs. Robison brought up a grandson of her brother James Donnell, Frank Hargitt. The writer remembers her, as a kind, motherly old lady of a type that has about passed away. February 24, 1870, they celebrated their golden wedding. All of the nine sons and daughters of Samuel Donnell were then living, save three, and were present. The following year, January 23, 1871, Catherine Robison died. Andrew Robison died at his home in the village of Kingston, where he had been living with a daughter Polly Ann Robison, August 22, 1884, in his ninety-second year.

Seven children:

877 Polly Ann, b. Jan. 9, 1821.+

878 James Samuel, b. Dec. 18, 1822; d. Oct. 28, 1825.

879 Elspa Jane, b. Feb. 13, 1825.+

880 Samuel Donnell, b. Aug. 20, 1827.+

881 Elizabeth H., b. Dec. 9, 1829.+

882 Julia A., b. Nov. 28, 1833.+

883 John C., b. Feb. 21, 1838.+

877 Polly Ann Robison⁶ (Catharine, Samuel, James³), daughter of Catharine (Donnell) and Andrew Robison, born in Kentucky, January 9, 1821. Moved to Indiana with parents when but two years old, spending all her life in Decatur County, Indiana, except a few years after marriage, when they resided in Shelby County, Indiana. Married February 28, 1885, to Joseph Jones, a farmer, who died some years later. She died at her home in Kingston, Ind., January 3, 1906. No children.

879 ELPSA JANE ROBISON⁶ (Catharine,⁵ Samuel,⁴ James³), daughter of Catharine (Donnell) and Andrew Robison, born February 13, 1825, in Decatur County, Indiana. Married March 23, 1842, to John Crist, a plasterer by trade. She died August 1, 1844. No children.

880 Samuel Donnell Robison⁶ (Catharine, Samuel, James), son of Catharine (Donnell) and Andrew Robison, born August 20, 1827. Married first, November 12, 1857, at Springhill, Ind., to Margaret Emily Donnell⁶ (see page 59), who was born October 15, 1831, and died December 23, 1858. One son, 884 Thomas Chalmers Robison, who was b. August 27, 1858. Married Luella Vanderbur, October 7, 1879. Farmer. Country residence on the farm formerly owned by his grandfather Thomas Donnell, near Springhill, and town residence in Greensburg, Ind. Samuel D. Robison married second, on November 21, 1866, to Mary Lane-McCoy, who was born September 5, 1842, and died at Maitland, Mo., April 8, 1899. He was a soldier in the Civil War for a short time, and was a farmer in Decatur County, Indiana, in Iowa, and in Missouri, now residing at Maitland, Mo. Five children by second marriage: 885 Rev. Emmitt Lanc Robison, b. July 22, 1867. Attended high school in Maitland, Mo., and Missouri Wesleyan College. Pastor Methodist Episcopal church, Westboro, Mo. Married at Maitland, Mo., February 25, 1891, to Lulu Jane Medsker. Four children: 890 Mary Bess Robison,8 b. November 30, 1891; 891 Emmitt Merrill Robison, b. May 28, 1897; 892 Lulu Louise Robison, b. January 9, 1900; 893 Lucy Mildred Robison,8 b. December 4, 1902. 886 James Clifford Robison, b. near Kingston, Ind., July 31, 1869. Farmer, Spearfish, South Dakota. Married February 25, 1892, to Laura C. Bear, of Tarkeo, Mo., who was b. March 4, 1870. Two children: 894 Mary Katherine Robison, b. in Spearfish, S. D., March 23, 1900, and 895 Roger Raymond Robison,8 b. March 8, 1912. They legally adopted a boy from the Children's Aid Society of Brooklyn, N. Y., in June, 1895, 896 Henry W. Robison, b. in Brooklyn, N. Y., January 20, 1884. Graduated Spearfish State Normal; took postgraduate course and holds teacher's certificate for life. Commission business, Carbondale, Colo. Married there December 22, 1911, to Julia Katherine White. 887 Harry Walker Robison, b. December 16, 1871. Attended high school Maitland, Mo. Married at Oklahoma City, Okla., January 17, 1895, to Florence McNeal, who was b. in Nodaway County, Missouri, March 17, 1874. Farmer and breeder of Jersey cattle, Maitland, Mo. Four children, b. at Maitland: 897 Ruth Robison,8 b. June 4, 1896; 898 Thomas Clifford Robison,8 b. August 9, 1897; 899 Doris Mary Robison,8 b. September 5, 1898; 900 Clara Elizabeth Robison,8 b. March 31, 1900, 888 Elizabeth Robison,7 b. January 14, 1876. Attended high school at Maitland, Mo., and married there, December 5, 1895, to John Metcalf. Farmer. Resides at Bozeman, Mont. Four children: 901 Warren Ralph Metcalf,8 b. Parnell, Mo., August 30, 1897; 902 Bryant Otis Metcalf, b. at Parnell, December 1, 1899; 903 Glen Robison Metcalf,8 b. at Lewiston, Idaho, January 29, 1904; 904 Doris Elizabeth Metcalf,8 b. at Bozeman, Mont., November 26, 1910. 889 Jennie Robison,7 b. February 8, 1880. Graduated from Maitland, Mo., High School, 1808. Married April 5, 1899, to Claude M. Thompson, of Maitland, who was b. December 30, 1877. Farmer, but for past year in Globe Express Company. Resides at Montrose, Colo. One child: 905 Alfreda E. Thompson,8 b. June 9, 1903.

881 ELIZABETH H. ROBISON⁶ (Catharine, Samuel, James³), daughter of Catharine (Donnell) and Andrew Robison, born December 9, 1829. Married April 17, 1856, to Benjamin M. McCoy, who was born 1832, and died in January, 1912. She died August 11, 1859. One son: 906 Lemuel C. McCoy, b. in Washington County, Iowa, February 15, 1857. Married Tillie Abernethy, December 21, 1898. Has a large ranch at Great Falls, Mont. No children.

882 Julia A. Robison⁶ (Catharine, Samuel, James³), daughter of Catharine (Donnell) and Andrew Robison, born November 28, 1833. Married Jackson G. Braden, November 20, 1851. She died October 21, 1861. One son: 907 Arthur S. Braden, farmer in Keokuk County, Iowa. Married and had one son, 908, who died a week after graduation.

883 JOHN C. Robison⁶ (Catharine,⁵ Samuel,⁴ James³), son of Catharine (Donnell) and Andrew Robison, born February 21, 1838. Married Alice M. Stewart, of Kingston, Ind., October 3, 1864. Soldier in Civil War for a short time in 1863—104th Indiana. Special Allotting Agent to Indians in Oklahoma, December 2, 1890, to April 1, 1892. For the Iowa Cheyenne and Arapaho Indians. Choir leader and Sunday school superintendent at Kingston, Presbyterian church, for many years. Farmer in Decatur County, Indiana. Now resides in Kingston. Three sons:

909 Frank H. Robison, born September 19, 1865. Attended

Nelson Business College. Grocer in Greensburg, Ind., for a number of years. Then graduated from Chicago Optromete School, and is now an optician at Indianapolis. Married May 13, 1891, to Mary E. Stoops, who was born October 7, 1865. Two sons, born in Greensburg: 912 Edwin H. Robison, b. February 27, 1892. In business in Indianapolis. 913 Harry S. Robison, born August 5, 1901.

Nelson Business College. Bookkeeper in Citizens' National Bank, Greensburg, Ind., for the past fifteen years. Married Cassie Dille, teacher in Greensburg before marriage, June 18, 1901. One child: 914 Margaret Alice Robison,8 born August 22, 1909.

911 Dr. Warren A. Robison, born February 14, 1875. Graduated Cincinnati Dental College 1894. Dentist at Greensburg, Ind. Married October 11, 1897, to Mary K. Gilmore, of Liberty, Ind., who was born October 26, 1879. Three children, born in Greensburg: 915 John G. Robison, born July 4, 1898; 916 Clara Adelaide Robison, b. August 14, 1900; 917 Charles Stewart Robison, born February 21, 1909; d. February 25, 1910.

760 JULIA DONNELL⁵ (Samuel, James, Thomas²), the fourth child of Samuel Donnell, was born in Bourbon County, Kentucky, January 28, 1801. She grew up in her father's home near Carlisle, removing with the family to Decatur County, Indiana, in September, 1823, when twenty-two years old. She was married, February 23, 1826, to Thomas Hamilton, son of Robert and Mary (Eward) Hamilton, born in Bourbon County, Kentucky, August 25, 1798. He removed to Indiana with his widowed mother and family, at the same time, and settled in the same community with his future wife.

After their marriage Thomas and Julia Hamilton settled on a farm now owned by Rev. B. M. Nyce, just south of what is now the village of Kingston. In a few years they built a comfortable brick house (afterward remodeled by their son S. H. Hamilton), which was their home until death. They gave to the community the land where the cemetery, the school house, and the old church were placed. He was made an elder in the church in 1829, and served it faithfully in this capacity for fifty years. Perhaps no man has enjoyed the confidence and affection of the community more than did "Uncle Tommy Hamilton" during his long life among us. Mrs. Hamilton died after a brief illness, August 3, 1855, at the age of

fifty-four. Mr. Hamilton lived on in the old home, with the family of his son S. H. Hamilton, until his death, June 16, 1880. Children of Thomas and Julia (Donnell) Hamilton.

- 918 LOUISA HAMILTON⁶ (Julia, Samuel, James), born December 25, 1826, at Kingston, Decatur County, Indiana. Educated at public school. Married Theophilus Lowry Donnell, March 14, 1849. Died January 19, 1854. One child, *Ida Louisa Donnell*, married Robert Moore. Died June 14, 1874. One child, Cora Gertrude, born August, 1873. (For family of Louisa H. Donnell see Theophilus Lowry Donnell.)
- 919 Samuel, Horace Hamilton⁶ (Julia, Samuel, James³), son of Thomas and Julia (Donnell) Hamilton, was born February 28, 1831, at Kingston, Decatur County, Indiana. Was one of the older pupils of Rev. B. M. Nyce, and desired an education, and a profession, but a delicate constitution decided him in favor of farming, which he followed through life. He married Martha Herrick, October 10, 1855. She was born in Louden County, Virginia, December 31, 1833, and came when a child with her father William Herrick, to Decatur County, Indiana. After his marriage Samuel Hamilton continued to reside on the farm where he was born for thirty years, his father Thomas Hamilton, living with him. He succeeded his father as elder in the Kingston Presbyterian church, to which all his family belonged, in 1881. In 1885 he removed to Kingman, Kingman County, Kansas, where he bought a farm, but with his family resided in the town, where he again served as elder in the Presbyterian church. He died November 6, 1887. Mrs. Hamilton died September 18, 1910. Both are buried in the Kingman cemetery. Six children were born to them at Kingston, Ind.: 921 Julia, 922 Emma, 923 William, 924 Henry W. B., 925 Anna, and 926 Jessie.
- 921 Julia Hamilton[†] (Samuel H., Julia, Samuel[‡]), born at the old Thomas Hamilton home, Kingston, Ind., August, 1856. Attended school in Kingston, and Greensburg High School. Died at her father's home in Kingston, April 10, 1876. Buried in Kingston cemetery.
- 922 EMMA HAMILTON[†] (Samuel H., Julia, Samuel), born November 16, 1857, at Kingston. Attended school at Kingston, Greensburg and Oxford Seminary. Married April 16, 1885, Charles Lowe,

born May 30, 1857, near Kingston, Ind. Farmer by occupation. Son of Alfred Lowe, and grandson of Seth Lowe. Removed immediately after their marriage to Kingman, Kan., residing for several years on the Hamilton ranch near the town. Removed to the town of Kingman, after the father Samuel Hamilton's death, to care for the mother. Have resided there ever since, except for a short residence in Kansas City, Kan. They have had three children: 927 Thomas Hamilton Lowe,8 b. September 9, 1886; d. January 6, 1888. 928 Helen Lowe,8 b. February 25, 1889. Educated Kingman graded and high schools. Is now a teacher in Kingman city schools. 929 Jessie Lowe,8 b. September 14, 1891. Educated Kingman graded and high schools. Is now a teacher in Kingman County schools.

- November 10, 1859. Removed with his father Samuel H. Hamilton, to Kingman, Kan., 1885. Mr. Hamilton is a farmer and stock raiser by occupation. Is unmarried, and resides in Kingman, Kan.
- 924 Henry W. B. Hamilton[†] (Samuel H., Julia, Samuel⁴), born June 20, 1863, at Kingston, Ind. Studied at the University of California. Graduated at University of Kansas, Lawrence, Kan., in 1887. Gave promise of unusual ability. Died of consumption, at his father's home in Kingman, September 8, 1887. Is buried at Kingman.
- 925 Anna Hamilton⁷ (Samuel H.,⁸ Julia,⁵ Samuel⁴), born at Kingston, Ind., May 29, 1865. Attended Kingston graded school; graduated Greensburg High School. Removed with her father to Kingman, Kan., in 1885. Married June 1, 1893, to Albert Watkins, of Kingman. Mr. Watkins is a lawyer. After several years they removed to Topeka, and after some years' residence there, located permanently in Dodge City, where he has a lucrative business. They have two sons: 930 Horace Hamilton Watkins,⁸ b. at Topeka, Kan., September 1, 1901. 931 William Watkins,⁸ b. November 10, 1905, at Topeka.
- 926 Jessie Hamilton[†] (Samuel H., Julia, Samuel[‡]), youngest child of Samuel H. Hamilton, was born at Kingston, Ind., July 31, 1870. Educated at Kingston graded school, and Kingman High School. Removed with the family to Kingman, Kan., 1885. Died June 30, 1889. Is buried at Kingman.

920 Thomas Clarkson Hamilton⁶ (Julia, Samuel, James³), son of Thomas and Julia (Donnell) Hamilton, was born at the old homestead at Kingston, where he grew up surrounded by Donnell and Hamilton relatives, and where he received his education under Rev. Nyce. He was a farmer, and spent most of his life on a farm near Kingston. He was a member of the Presbyterian church of that place, and a lifelong Republican. He was married January 5, 1864, to Helen Adams, of Clarksburg, born January 9, 1847, and died March 4, 1865. He was again married, February 19, 1867, to Angeline McCormick, born January 15, 1849, and died July 17, 1880. Soon after her death he removed to Greensburg where, on November 22, 1882, he married Rena Elder, of Greensburg. He resided there until his death, after a brief illness of pneumonia, January 12, 1892. He had no children. Mrs. Hamilton was again married about 1908 to William Hamilton, and lives in Macedonia, Iowa.

770 Mary Donnell⁵ (Robison), (Samuel,* James,³ Thomas²), fifth child of Samuel Donnell and Hannah Quiett, was born July 8, 1803, near Carlisle, Ky. She attended school, and received her early training in the bounds of Concord church. In 1823, when twenty years old, she came with her father Samuel Donnell, to Decatur County, Indiana. March 3, 1824, she was married to Andrew Robison, Jr. He was born April 1, 1801, in Franklin County, Pennsylvania, and walked the entire distance to Bourbon County, Kentucky, when but nineteen years old. He came to Indiana about 1823. He had been bred a tanner, and owned and operated a tanyard on what is now the farm of Stanton Hamilton, near Clarksburg. Here they lived about two years after their marriage, removing then to a farm adjoining her father on the south, where they spent their lives, surrounded by the farms and homes of her brothers and sisters.

In 1848 Mr. Robison took his wife and two children back to visit his old home in Pennsylvania. The trip, made by carriage, by boat, and by stage, was for those days a memorable and never-to-be-forgotten journey.

Mr. Robison was an industrious and energetic farmer, an ardent reformer, speaking in the public debates then held on the questions of Temperance and Abolition. He held the office of elder in the Kingston church from 1844 until his death, July 23, 1853. Mrs. Robison survived her husband thirty-seven years. Although living in the home of her son James, she maintained a well-kept and hospitable establishment of her own, until disabled by age and feebleness.

She died August 27, 1890, aged eighty-seven. Four children: 932 William Rankin, 933 Samuel Emmet, 934 James Buchanan, and 935 Hannah Elizabeth.

- 932 WILLIAM RANKIN ROBISON⁶ (Mary, Samuel, James), oldest son of Mary (Donnell) and Andrew Robison, Jr., born December 20, 1824. Died at the home of his parents, May 21, 1844.
- 933 Samuel, Emmet Robison (Mary, Samuel, James), second son of Mary (Donnell) and Andrew Robison, Jr., born May 26, 1831, near Kingston, Ind. Died at the home of his parents, June 22, 1844.
- 934 James Buchanan Robison⁶ (Mary, Samuel, James), born near Kingston, Ind., July 11, 1834. His business career began with the death of his father Andrew Robison, when he was but nineteen years old, which left him as the only son, in charge of the family, and the farm. He was married, May 19, 1863, to Margaret Meek, born December 25, 1844, daughter of John Meek, of the Springhill community, and great-granddaughter of Thomas Meek, an early pioneer from Kentucky. Mr. Robison spent most of his life on the homestead near Kingston, engaged in farming, and has also been a dealer in, and shipper of live stock. In politics he has been an active Republican, and was elected to the State Legislature in 1880, and again in 1888. He has served as elder in the Presbyterian church at Kingston since 1886. In 1896 he removed to Greensburg, leaving the farm in charge of his son Will. He did not retire from business, however, but bought a farm near town, which he personally superintends. Mr. Robison served as member of the city council from 1906 to 1910. Three children: 936 William E., 937 Stella, and 938 Clara J.
- 936 WILLIAM E. ROBISON? (James B., Mary, Samuel), born in Fugit township, Decatur County, Indiana, July 31, 1864. Is a farmer, an active Republican, and is, with his family, a member of the Kingston Presbyterian church. He was married to Clara Taintor, born December 31, 1867, in Sterling, Ill., daughter of George L. and Martha (Hughes) Taintor. They own and reside in the Robison homestead east of Kingston. They have three children: 939 Mary, 940 Margaret, and 941 Mildred.
- 939 Mary Robison, b. June 10, 1890. Graduated Greensburg High School. Student at DePauw University.

- 940 Margaret Robison,8 b. August 20, 1894. Graduated Greensburg High school 1911.
- 941 Mildred Robison,8 b. December 20, 1899. Attending school at Kingston.
- 937 Stella Robison? (Reed), (James B., Mary, Samuel*), born near Kingston, December 10, 1870. Attended school at Kingston, and at Oxford College. Married January 21, 1891, to Alva M. Reed, born October 2, 1866, son of James B. F. and Hulda Reed, of Greensburg. Mr. Reed taught in the county schools when a young man. After his marriage resided several years on a farm near Greensburg, which he still owns. Now owns a general store at Sandusky, Ind., where they reside. They are members of the First Methodist church of Grensburg. One son:
- 942 Rollin Reed,⁸ b. December 26, 1892. Is a graduate of Greensburg High School. Has taken a commercial course, and has a position in the Citizens' National Bank of Greensburg.
- 938 CLARA ROBISON⁷ (Davis), (James B., Mary, Samuel⁴), youngest child of James B. and Margaret (Meek) Robison, born near Kingston, Ind., November 25, 1875. Attended school at Kingston, Greensburg High School, and Oxford College. Married April 2, 1902, to George Davis, son of James Davis, of Letts. Was a railway mail clerk, afterwards engaged in mercantile business in Greensburg. Resided in Library Square. October 30, 1909, Mrs. Davis died suddenly in Alberta Province, Canada, where she and her husband had been spending the summer. She is buried in the Kingston cemetery.
- Gaughter of Andrew Robison and Mary (Donnell) Robison, was born at the old family homestead, near Kingston, Decatur County, Indiana. As an only daughter she was always in an especial sense the companion of her widowed mother. As a young girl she attended the school of Rev. Nyce, at Kingston. Was married March 10, 1859, to Joseph Austin McCoy, born McCoy's Station, Ind., February 15, 1835, son of Judge Angus C. and Elizabeth (Smith) McCoy. Mr. McCoy was a farmer, and they lived for most of their married life on their farm, east of Kingston, near the Robison homestead. Both were earnest workers in the church, and Mr. McCoy organized a Sunday school, out of which the Memorial Presbyterian church afterwards grew. He was elected elder in the Kingston

Presbyterian church in Kingston, in 1866. They removed to Greensburg in 1889, where Mr. McCoy died, March 21, 1899. Mrs. McCoy has since resided with her daughter, Mrs. Cowles, in St. Louis. One child.

943 Mary McCoy[†] (Cowles), (Hannah, Mary, Samuel), born at Kingston, Decatur County, Indiana, January 3, 1861. Attended school at Kingston. Married first, January 15, 1880, Fritz O. Patton. Business, farmer. Resided near Clarksburg, Ind. Two children: 944 Carl H., and 945 Herbert M. Married second, March 17, 1896. Edwin E. Cowles. Resided first in Cincinnati, removing to St. Louis, Mo., in 1897, where they now reside. Mr. Cowles is city agent of the Big Four railroad.

944 Carl H. Patton⁸ (Mary,⁷ Hannah,⁶ Mary⁵), born January 10, 1881. Attended Greensburg High School. Afterwards took a business course in St. Louis, where he has resided since 1898. He had first a position in the offices of the Big Four, and afterwards with the Wabash railroad. Married June 2, 1911, Eleanor McCrae, born in Canada, of Scotch descent. Mr. and Mrs. Patton are members of the Presbyterian church. One child, 946 Vivian Selkirk,⁹ b. April 4, 1912.

945 Herbert Pattons (Mary, Hannah, Mary), born July 16, 1885. Graduated from St. Louis High School 1903, and from Washington University 1907. Represents St. Louis and Detroit Iron Products. Resides in St. Louis, Is unmarried.

771 ELIZA DONNELL⁵ (Samuel, James, Thomas²), was born near Carlisle, Ky., July 24, 1805. At eighteen she came with the family to Decatur County, Indiana, and was married four years later, March 8, 1827, to Preston E. Hopkins, son of George Washington Hopkins, born near Carlisle, Ky., January 26, 1805. The Hopkins family came originally from Virginia or Maryland, and claim a probable relationship to the famous founder of Johns Hopkins University. After their marriage they resided for a time near Greensburg, finally settling on the farm one-half mile east of Kingston, now owned and occupied by Thomas Hamilton. Mrs. Hopkins had, as her nearest neighbors her two sisters, Mrs. Catherine Robison and Mrs. Mary Robison, and a close intimacy always existed among the three families. Mrs. Hopkins's early married life was saddened by the death, in childhood, of four little daughters. She was a woman of excellent understanding, and of a quiet, domestic temperament, and suffered in later years from ill health. Mr. and Mrs. Hopkins, with all their children, were members of the Presbyterian church, and both showed the warmth of their anti-slavery sentiments in the name of their only son James Birney. Mrs. Hopkins died April 7, 1866. Mr. Hopkins died February 29, 1876. They were the parents of eight children.

- 947 Dianthe, b. November 27, 1827; d. August 4, 1831.
- 948 Sarah,6 b. April 9, 1830; d. August 9, 1831.
- 949 Fidelia,6 b. May 24, 1832; d. January 20, 1833.
- 950 Livonia Hopkins⁶ (Anderson), (Eliza,⁵ Samuel,⁴ James³), born near Kingston, Ind., January 20, 1834. Attended the Kingston district school. Was married October 16, 1851, to William Anderson. Mr. Anderson's parents died when he was a child and he was brought up by an uncle William Anderson, at Springhill, Ind. After their marriage they resided on a farm near Richland, Rush County, Indiana. Mr. Anderson was a farmer and stock raiser and traded largely in real estate. Both were members of the Methodist church. They were the parents of six children: Alice, Samuel Birney and Mary Eliza (twins), John, Samuel, Lyle, and James. Mr. Anderson died in 1892. Mrs. Anderson died May 26, 1905.
- 955 Alice Anderson, born December 28, 1852, near Richland, Ind. Married William Winship, of Rush County, June 24, 1872. Mr. Winship was a farmer and they resided on a farm in Rush County. Mrs. Winship died December 23, 1907. Children: 961 Livonia, b. November 3, 1875, in Rush County, Indiana. Is by profession a stenographer and bookkeeper. Resides in Indianapolis. 962 Blanche Winship (Tompkins), daughter of William Winship and Alice (Anderson) Winship, b. in Rush County, Indiana, July 6, 1878. Married to Rush Tompkins. He is a merchant and owns a grocery store in Milroy, Ind., where they reside. One child, 964 Alice Maurine Tompkins, b. May 30, 1902. 963 Vera Winship, daughter of William and Alice Anderson Winship, b. October 2, 1889. Educated at Indiana University. Resides in Milroy.
- 956 Samuel Birney Anderson⁷ (Livonia, Eliza, Samuel), born near Richland, Ind., September 29, 1857. Is a farmer and stock raiser, and resides near Rushville. Married March 5, 1884, Lola Bartlett, born March 11, 1861. Eight children, all born in Rush County: 965 William Anderson, b. 1885; d. in infancy. 966 Bernice Anderson, b. June 13, 1887. 967 Samuel Anderson, b. November 15, 1889. 968 Jesse Anderson, b. September, 1891. 969 Mary Anderson, b. May 30, 1893. 970 Robert, b. June 1, 1895.

- 971 Lucian Anderson,8 b. June 2, 1897. 972 Esther Anderson,8 b. January 29, 1899.
- 957 Mary Eliza Anderson? (Livonia, Eliza, Samuel), born near Richland, Ind., September 29, 1857. Has a good common school education. She nursed her mother through her long illness, and now resides with her brothers at the old Anderson homestead.
- 958 John, son of William Anderson and Livonia Hopkins, born June 9, 1869. Died April 10, 1870...
- 959 Lyle Anderson⁷ (Livonia, Eliza, Samuel), born near Richland, May 26, 1871. He is a farmer and stock raiser, and lives at the family home.
- 960 James Anderson⁷ (Livonia, Eliza, Samuel⁴), born near Richland, Ind., August 5, 1874. He is a farmer and stock raiser, and lives at the family home.
- 951 ELIZA HOPKINS, daughter of Preston Hopkins and Eliza (Donnell) Hopkins, born November 4, 1836. Died November 4, 1838.
- 952 James Birney Hopkins6 (Eliza, Samuel, James3), born December 29, 1838, near Kingston, Ind. Educated under Rev. Nyce, and was a private pupil in Latin and the higher branches after the close of Mr. Nyce's public school work. Married October 3, 1864. Susan Emily Stewart, born March 8, 1845, in Butler County, Ohio, the daughter of Rev. S. R. Stewart, who came with his family to Kingston about 1858 or 1859. Mr. Hopkins was a farmer, and lived almost all his life on the home farm, one-half mile east of. Kingston. He was an elder in the Kingston Presbyterian church from 1860 until his death. He had a fine, bass voice, and a tablet in the choir of his native church commemorates his long service as leader of the choir. Without seeking it, he enjoyed a rather unusual degree of personal popularity. Served one term as township trustee. Mrs. Hopkins died October 17, 1890. Mr. Hopkins died December 1, 1901, at the home of his son-in-law P. L. Doles. They were the parents of four children.
 - 973 Samuel Lyle, born July 17, 1865. Died February 10, 1865.

- 974 Nellie Hopkins* (Doles), (James Birney, Eliza, Samuel*), born near Kingston, Ind., December 8, 1866. Was a teacher in the Kingston school for several years. Married September 14, 1893, to Pleasant L. Doles, son of J. T. Doles. Taught school for a number of years. Is a farmer. They reside on a farm south of Kingston. Two sons: 977 Harold Hopkins, b. June 10, 1894. Graduated Greensburg High School 1912. 978 Donald Burke, b. April 24, 1897. Attending Greensburg High School.
- 975 Elizabeth Hopkins⁷ (James Birney, Eliza, Samuel⁴), daughter of James Birney and Susan Hopkins, born August 29, 1869, at family home, Kingston, Ind. Married Edwin Bruce McCoy, September 19, 1889. He was a son of Leander McCoy, born Kingston, Ind., January 30, 1869. Was by profession a dentist. Elizabeth McCoy died April 20, 1901, at their home, Berea, Ky. They had two sons, both residing with relatives in Greensburg, and attending high school: 979 Walter Blaine McCoy, b. February 22, 1892. 980 Birney Leander McCoy, b. January 14, 1894.
- 976 Harry Stewart Hopkins⁷ (James Birney, Eliza, Samuel), son of James Birney and Susan (Stewart) Hopkins, was born at the old Hopkins homestead, near Kingston, May 30, 1874. Educated in the Kingston school. Graduated at Ohio College of Dental Surgery, in April, 1896. Married July 27, 1897, to Ida Hollensbe, daughter of Henry Hollensbe. Dr. Hopkins resides and practices his profession as dentist in Greensburg, Ind. They have two children: 981 Mary Catherine, b. August 13, 1898. 982 Helen Susan, b. January 3, 1904.
- 953 Priscilla Hopkins⁶ (Anderson), (Eliza,⁵ Samuel,⁴ James³), daughter of Eliza (Donnell) and Preston Hopkins, born near Kingston, Ind., June 3, 1841. She is remembered in her old community as a beautiful girl, with unusual social gifts. She was married January 17, 1867, to John Anderson, who after the death of his parents, had been brought up by an uncle WilliamAnderson, near Springhill. He was a farmer, and traded in real estate, and other values, and accumulated a large property. They resided on a farm near Clarksburg, where Mr. Anderson died, August 1, 1869. Mrs. Anderson made her home with her husband's brother, and her sister, Mr. and Mrs. William Anderson, until her death, a year later, July 1, 1870. Two children.

983 Infant daughter, born June 21, 1868. Died December 15, 1868.

g84 John William Anderson* (Priscilla, Eliza, Samuel*), born at the home of his uncle William Anderson, near Richland, Ind., after his father's death, September 29, 1869. Left an orphan in less than a year, he was brought up by his uncle and aunt with all the affection of parents, which he warmly returned. Mr. Anderson inherited a fortune from his father, and is the largest land owner in Rush County. He is a practical farmer, and resides upon one of his farms in Rush County. Married February 14, 1895, to May Davis, daughter of Samuel Davis, of Rush County. They have four children: 985 Lois Priscilla, b. October 28, 1904. 986 William Leland, b. September 11, 1906. 987 Alice Elizabeth, b. August 12, 1900. 988 Margery Wilna, b. July 16, 1911.

954 MARY JANE HOPKINS (Eliza, Samuel, James), daughter of Eliza (Donnell) and Preston E. Hopkins, was born at the family homestead, east of Kingston, October 14, 1843. She was the youngest child and after the death of her mother, and the marriage of her sister Priscilla, the companion and housekeeper of her father until her marriage, November 10, 1870, to Everett Hamilton, born October 16, 1841, near Kingston, Ind., son of Cyrus Hamilton, an early and influential pioneer, who came from Bourbon County, Kentucky, March 11, 1822. Everett Hamilton has been a successful farmer, and a very efficient public official. He served as county commissioner, from 1886 to 1889. He has been president of the Clarksburg Bank since its organization, and is treasurer of the Kingston church, to which he and his family belong. They lived for forty-one years on their farm one and one-half miles south of Clarksburg. In 1883 they built a handsome brick residence, the latest in date of the large brick houses on the Clarksburg pike, and now owned and occupied by their son E. S. Hamilton. In 1911 they removed to Greensburg, building a new home on East Main street, where they reside. They have three sons.

989 Paul Hamilton[†] (Mary, Eliza, Samuel[‡]), born near Clarks-burg, Ind., October 5, 1871. Educated at Oberlin College and at Michigan University. He is engineer of maintenance of way of a division of the New York Central, and resides at Galion, Ohio. He was married to Calla Hart Hill, daughter of Rev. Hill, a Presbyterian minister of Springfield, Ohio, on October 31, 1907. They have lost two sons, 992, 993, dying in early infancy.

990 Edwin Stanton Hamilton⁷ (Mary, Eliza, Samuel⁴), son of Mary (Hopkins) and Everett Hamilton, born near Clarksburg, Ind., August 20, 1873. Educated in Clarksburg graded and high school. Married October 7, 1896, Ethel L. Bartholomew, born March 2, 1872, at Olena, Ohio. She was the daughter of Rev. Thomas Donnell Bartholomew, a Presbyterian minister, and granddaughter of Minerva Hamilton Donnell, with whom she lived at the time of her marriage. Edwin S. Hamilton has always been a farmer, living for several years on a farm north of his father, now owned by Cyrus Donnell. He now owns and occupies the Everett Hamilton homestead. They have one adopted child, 994 Herbert Hamilton, b. January 19, 1904.

991 Frank Hamilton² (Mary, Eliza, Samuel⁴), son of Mary J. (Hopkins) and Everett Hamilton, was born at the homestead, near Clarksburg, April 2, 1883. Educated at Clarksburg High School, at Indiana University, in Bloomington, and Indianapolis Law School, Is a lawyer by profession, and a member of the firm of Osborne, Hamilton and Harding. Has been active, as a Republican, in local politics. Married Mary Frances Isgrigg, a daughter of William H. Isgrigg, a contractor of Greensburg, December 14, 1907. Resides on East Main street. They have one child, 995 William Everett Hamilton, b. January 24, 1909.

772 Samuel Addison Donnell, Sr. (Samuel, James, Thomas²), was born in Bourbon County, Kentucky, September 29, 1807, and received most of his slender stock of education in the Kentucky common schools of the period. At the age of fourteen he emigrated with his father Samuel Donnell, to Decatur County, Indiana, in September, 1823. The county had been opened to settlement but two years, and his early manhood was spent like that of his three brothers, in helping to clear up the almost unbroken forest. October 16, 1832, he was married to Mary Lowe, born September 15, 1811, in Bath County, Kentucky. She was the daughter of Seth Lowe, an early pioneer, whose family originally came from Wilkes County, North Carolina. She died November 1, 1858. They were the parents of six children: 995 Hester, 996 Luther, 997 Hannah, 998 Seth, 999 Thomas, and 1000 Angeline.

Mr. Donnell was married a second time to Mrs. Mary Imlay, widow of John Imlay, a former sheriff of the county, who survived him a number of years.

Mr. Donnell united with the Presbyterian church at Kingston, in

1828. He always took a warm interest in the Sunday school, serving as superintendent and teacher for many years. He was liberal in matters of doctrine, and an early reader of the New York Independent, and of the Christian Union. In politics he was an anti-slavery Whig, and afterward a Republican.

Mr. Donnell was a successful farmer, living all his life on the farm on which he first settled, one-half mile west of Kingston. The homestead on the farm was built about 1844, and remodeled on an extensive scale in 1869. In the church and neighborhood he was a liberal and public-spirited citizen, and in his home very hospitable. He died, September 30, 1870, after a brief illness, aged sixty-one.

James³), born near Kingston, Ind., November 12, 1833. Attended the Kingston school under Rev. Nyce. Married January 2, 1855, James Rankin, son of Andrew Rankin. He was a farmer, and during the Civil War served in 16th Regiment, Indiana Volunteers. After their marriage they lived on a farm in Richland township, Rush County, until 1879, when they removed to Thorntown, Ind. In 1889 they returned to Greensburg, where Mrs. Rankin now resides with her two sons. Mr. Rankin died in 1901. They had two sons: 1001 Melville T., and 1002 Eugene A.

1001 Melville Tappan Rankin⁷ (Hester, Samuel A., Samuel⁴), born Rush County, Indiana, December 12, 1856. Was brought up a farmer. Was for many years a successful traveling salesman in hardware and farming implement business. Resides at the family home on Central avenue, Greensburg, Ind.

1002 Eugene Addison Rankin[†] (Hester, Samuel A., Samuel⁴), born December 28, 1867, in Rush County, Indiana. Removed to Thorntown with his parents about 1879. Returned to Greensburg, Ind., about 1889. Mr. Rankin is an undertaker by profession. Is a Republican in politics, and treasurer of the Presbyterian church. Resides with his mother, East Central avenue, Greensburg. Is unmarried.

996 LUTHER DONNELL⁶ (Samuel A., Samuel, James), born at the old homestead near Kingston, Ind., February 10, 1835. He received his education under Rev. Nyce, and was instrumental in bringing about the Nyce Reunion of former pupils in 1896. In September, 1861, he enlisted in Company F, 16th Indiana Volunteers.

In July, 1862, was chosen Captain of Company C, 76th Indiana, and also served in 134th Indiana. He was married December 3, 1872, to Elizabeth J. Dobyns, born October 22, 1842. Died April 7, 1886. From 1872 to 1893 he owned and resided on the farm now the home of Mason Murphy. He then bought the farm north of Kingston, so long the home of the Hood heirs, where he spent the rest of his life. He was sorely bereaved in the death of his wife and only daughter, but he is best remembered for his unvarying cheerfulness, his active helpfulness and interest in all neighborhood undertakings, and his kindness to the poor. He was liberal in religion, and in politics a Cleveland Democrat. He was an active promoter of literary societies, and long a Bible class teacher. Always eager for the best and newest thought. Mr. Donnell died May 15, 1910. He had four children: 1003 Ralph, b. October 11, 1873. 1004 Bessie, b. August 2, 1875; d. December 25, 1894. 1005 Ben, b. May 28, 1881. 1006 Myron A., b. April 3, 1883.

1003 Ralph Donneil⁷ (Luther, Samuel A., Samuel⁴), born October 11, 1873. Attended the Kingston school. Married November 2, 1898, Mabel J. Kincaid, daughter of David and Laura Kincaid, born in Fugit township, near Clarksburg, June 18, 1878. Mr. Donnell is a farmer and owns and occupies his father's homestead, north of Kingston. He is now (1912) serving as trustee of Fugit township, and is a trustee in Kingston Presbyterian church. They have two children: 1007 Ralph Shirley, b. September 22, 1904. 1008 Gladys Elizabeth, b. September 6, 1907.

1005 Ben Dobyns Donnell⁷ (Luther,⁶ Samuel A.,⁵ Samuel⁴), born May 28, 1881, near Kingston, Ind. Graduated from Greensburg High School 1899. Attended Indiana University a year. Was reporter on Greensburg News for a time. Removed to Texas in 1907. Is now managing editor of the Wichita Times, and assistant manager and a director in the Times Publishing Company. Married January 15, 1909, Mathilde Emilie Christainsen, born Copenhagen, Denmark, October 3, 1890. Came to this country with her father, in 1898, and to Texas in 1908. Two children: 1009 Mary Elizabeth,⁸ b. December 15, 1909, at Fort Worth, Tex. 1010 Mathilde Emilie,⁸ b. December 5, 1911, at Wichita Falls, Tex.

1006 Myron Addison Donnell⁷ (Luther, Samuel A., Samuel⁴), born near Kingston, Ind., April 3, 1883. Graduated Greensburg High School and attended Indiana University a year. Married September 22, 1910, Bessie E. Springmire, born August 12, 1888, near Kingston, daughter of Fred and Louisa Springmire. Mr. Donnell is a farmer. Resides on the Clarksburg pike, a mile north of Kingston. Has recently built a home and other farm buildings. One child, 1011 Lois Audrey, b. October 8, 1911.

997 HANNAH DONNELL⁶ (Stewart), (Samuel A., Samuel, Samuel, James³), daughter of Samuel Addison Donnell and Mary Lowe, was born near Kingston, August 9, 1837. She attended school at Kingston, and after her mother's death was at the head of her father's home. November 9, 1865, she was married to Samuel Hood Stewart, born January 26, 1837, son of Adam Stewart and Isabella Hood, of Clinton township, Decatur County, and members of the Springhill church and community. Samuel Stewart served in the beginning of the Civil War in the 7th Regiment, Indiana Volunteers. He is a farmer and stock raiser, and was for many years one of the large cattle dealers of the county. Mr. and Mrs. Stewart resided on their farm in Clinton township about five years, removing to Greensburg in 1871, where they built the home on Central avenue, where they have ever since resided. They and their family are members of the Presbyterian church in Greensburg. While interested in public affairs, Mrs. Stewart has been always a homekeeping woman, devoted to her family. They have four children.

1012 Mary Stewart⁷ (Erdman), (Hannah, Samuel A., Samuel⁴), eldest daughter of Hannah (Donnell) and Samuel H. Stewart, was born in Clinton township, Decatur County, March 10, 1869. Graduated Greensburg High School. Studied at Indiana University, where she was a member of Pi Beta Phi fraternity. Taught in township schools a few years. Graduated from Nurses' Training School in Cincinnati Hospital in 1902, and became superintendent of Dr. Holmes' Hospital. Married September 6, 1904, Charles J. Erdman, son of Charles Erdman, Sr. Mr. Erdman was interested in the cigar manufactory of Charles Erdman and Sons for a number of years, and is now a broker for the sale of stocks and bonds. They reside in Greensburg.

1013 Edna E. Stewart[†] (Hannah, Samuel A., Samuel⁴), second daughter of Hannah (Donnell) and Samuel H. Stewart, born in Greensburg, February 19, 1871. Graduated at Greensburg High School and at Indiana University, where she became a member of

Pi Beta Pi fraternity. Held a position as teacher of English in the Indianapolis schools. Resides in Indianapolis.

1014 Anna Stewart⁷ (Hannah, Samuel A., Samuel⁴), daughter of Hannah (Donnell) and Samuel Stewart, born in Greensburg, Ind., December 26, 1873. Graduated Greensburg High School and student at State University. Is a member of Pi Beta Pi fraternity. Taught for a number of years in the county and city schools. Made the European tour in 1901. Resides with her parents in Greensburg.

1015 Kate D. Stewart⁷ (Hannah, Samuel A., Samuel⁴), daughter of Hannah (Donnell) and Samuel Stewart, born in Greensburg, Ind., August 14, 1874. Graduated Greensburg High School. A student at Indiana University, and a member of Pi Beta Phi fraternity. Resides with her parents in Greensburg.

998 Seth Donnell⁶ (Samuel A., Samuel, James), son of Samuel A. Donnell and Mary Lowe, was born near Kingston, Ind., May 6, 1841. He was educated at the Kingston school, afterward attending a commercial college at Cincinnati, and spent his early manhood on his father's farm. He was married October 14, 1869, to Helen Stewart, daughter of William and Elizabeth Stewart, of Cincinnati, born July 3, 1845. They lived some four years on Mr. Donnell's farm, adjoining his old home near Kingston. In 1873 they removed to Greensburg where they resided until his death. He was one of the earliest insurance men in Greensburg, and had for many years a large clientage. He had from boyhood a considerable talent for music, and was until near the close of his life leader of the choir in the Greensburg Presbyterian church, of which he and his family were members. In politics he was a lifelong Republican. He was of a genial temper, and had a very large circle of acquaintances. In his later years he suffered much from bronchial trouble, which finally caused his death, December 30, 1911. Mr. and Mrs. Donnell were the parents of five children: 1016 Elizabeth, 1017 Clarence, 1018 Nellie, 1019 Jennie, and 1020 Frank.

1016 Elizabeth Donnell⁷ (Woodfill), (Seth,⁶ Samuel,⁵ Samuel⁴), daughter of Seth Donnell and Helen Stewart Donnell, born February 26, 1871, near Kingston, Ind. Graduated from Greensburg High School and studied music in Cincinnati and in Oberlin Conservatory. Was married to William C. Woodfill, October 4, 1893. Mr. Woodfill is a son of James Woodfill, and Margaret Cones, and is senior

member of the clothing firm of J. M. Woodfill's Sons, and a member of the school board. They have four children: 1021 James Donnell Woodfill, b. October 16, 1894; graduated Greensburg High School 1912. 1022 William Stewart Woodfill, b. August 19, 1896; in Greensburg High School. 1023 Elizabeth Woodfill, b. April 27, 1906. 1024 Margaret Woodfill, b. February 22, 1908.

Seth Donnell and Helen Stewart Donnell, was born September 16, 1873. Attended Greensburg schools, and for a number of years was in the insurance business in his home city. Is now engaged in the saw mill and lumber business at Morris, Ind., and resides there. Is unmarried.

1018 Nellie Donnell' (Erdman), (Seth, Samuel A., Samuel'), daughter of Seth Donnell and Helen Stewart Donnell, born January 1, 1876, at Greensburg. Was educated in the city schools. Graduated from the high school. Married Charles J. Erdman, October 4, 1897. Died October 14, 1899.

daughter of Seth Donnell* (Ewing), (Seth, Samuel A., Samuel*), daughter of Seth Donnell and Helen Stewart Donnell, born September 21, 1879. Educated in the city schools. Married June 30, 1903, to Charles Ewing, born September 13, 1877, son of Putnam Ewing, of Greensburg. Is editor of the Daily Times. Resides in Greensburg. They have two children: 1025 Charles Gregory Ewing, b. April 12, 1897. 1026 Herbert Donnell Ewing, b. November 16, 1910.

of Seth Donnell and Helen Stewart Donnell, born November 12, 1882. Educated in Greensburg schools. He is engaged in the saw mill and lumber business at Morris, Ind. Is also a dealer in hardwood lumber. He has an office and a residence in Greensburg, and his mother resides with him. He is unmarried.

of Samuel A. Donnell and Mary Lowe, was born near Kingston, February 1, 1845. He attended school at Kingston, and owned and resided at the old homestead for several years after his father's death. He later sold the farm, which finally became the home of

Frank Kitchen. Thomas Donnell has for some years lived in Greensburg.

Samuel, James, youngest child of Samuel Donnell and Mary Lowe, born September 28, 1848. She attended school at Kingston, and had a year at Oberlin College. She has a talent for music, which has been cultivated, and is a member of musical and literary clubs. She was married September 28, 1870, to Robert M. Miller, of Franklin, Ind. Mr. Miller was a grandson of Robert Donnell and a great-grandson of Thomas Donnell, and is by profession a lawyer. They have always resided in Franklin, Ind. They are the parents of five children: Ethelwyn, Marcia, Bertha, Gladys, and George Addison (see page 51).

773 JOHN CAMPBELL DONNELL⁵ (Samuel, James, Thomas²), youngest, save one, of the nine children of Samuel and Hannah (Quiett) Donnell, was born in Bourbon County, Kentucky, June 2, 1811. He lost his mother at seven. In the fall of 1823, when twelve years old, he came with his father to Decatur County, Indiana, to the farm one and one-quarter miles north of Kingston, where he lived continuously to the day of his death, a period of sixty years. He was married to Amanda N. Hood, October 13, 1833. She was born in Fleming County, Kentucky, November 27, 1813, and died in 1844. She was the daughter of Samuel and Isabella (Lee) Hood, neighbors, and members of the United Presbyterian church at Springhill. The Hood family originally came from Kentucky.

Mr. Donnell was married second, March 3, 1845, to Mrs. Minerva (Hamilton) Bartholomew, born Nicholas County, Kentucky, January 2, 1817. She was the daughter of Robert and Mary (Eward) Hamilton, and came with her widowed mother to Decatur County, Indiana, in 1823. She was the widow of Peter J. Bartholomew. All of the seven children of John C. Donnell were born in the old Samuel Donnell homestead, shown in frontis-piece. In 1858 he built the first of the large brick houses which have become a feature of the Kingston neighborhood, and the writer's earliest recollections are of the interest taken by the parents, and all the children in the building of the house and the planting of the trees that surround it.

Mr. Donnell was of a very quiet, retiring disposition in public as well as private life. But few men took a deeper interest in the great fight waged against oppression and wrong in his day. He was a constant reader of both books and newspapers, and had an unusually large and intelligent grasp of public questions, and a most just and tolerant estimate of men. He was one of the pioneers in the good roads movement, serving as director, and assisting in the building of the Clarksburg turnpike, one of the first and longest turnpikes in the county. He succeeded his father as elder in the Kingston church in 1844, serving until his death. Besides his seven children he brought up a step-son Thomas Bartholomew, and the three older children of his brother James. His father also lived with him. He lived the simple, comfortable, wholesome country life of his day, enjoying almost perfect health, and even to the end freedom from suffering. He died suddenly, from heart disease, April 13, 1883. His widow survived him twenty years, dying at the family home, November 25, 1903. Seven children. Children by the first marriage: 1027 Mary Jane, 1028 Samuel Hood, 1029 James Thomas, and 1030 Harriet Amanda. Children of the second marriage: 1031 John Quincy, 1032 Camilla, and 1033 Wilbur.

daughter of John C. and Amanda (Hood) Donnell, born September 8, 1834, near Kingston, Ind. Married April 30, 1857, Jesse G. Donnell, son of Robert Barr Donnell, and grandson of Thomas Donnell. Jesse G. Donnell has been a successful farmer and a very active member and an elder in the Presbyterian church. Mrs. Donnell was a woman of much force of character and a conscientious and earnest worker in the church. She died April 1, 1890. Two children: Emma A. Donnell, b. September 29, 1861. James Arthur Donnell, b. April 21, 1871. For fuller account of the family of Jesse Donnell, see page 54.

son of John C. and Amanda (Hood) Donnell, born March 4, 1836, near Kingston, Decatur County, Indiana. He grew up on the farm, attending Rev. Nyce's Academy, and remained at home until the fall of 1869, when he removed to Mills County, Iowa, and bought a farm near Glenwood. He was married, November 22, 1870, to Mary Hester Meek, born March 15, 1846, daughter of Adam and Rachel Miller Meek, and granddaughter of Thomas Meek, an early emigrant from Kentucky, and ancestor of a large and influential posterity. Samuel Donnell and wife resided on their farm near Glenwood about twenty-five years. He was an extensive dealer in live stock as well as a farmer. About 1896 he sold the farm, residing for a time in Glenwood, and afterwards for a few years in Stanton,

Iowa, where he owned and operated a grain elevator. In 1902 he retired from the grain business, and after prospecting in the West, bought a farm near La Monte, Mo., where he now resides. Mr. Donnell has never held office, but has been an active and influential Republican. They have had seven children, all born on the farm in Glenwood, Iowa.

1034 James Thomas Donnell, born November 2, 1871. Died October 14, 1872.

1035 Rachel Pearl Donnell, born August 15, 1874. Graduated Glenwood High School and attended Tabor College. Died Glenwood, Iowa, May 29, 1897.

Glenwood High School. Attended college at Cedar Falls, Iowa, and at Warrensburg, Mo. Has taught for several years in Decatur County, Indiana. Has now a position in Clarksburg schools.

1037 Grace Donnell, born August 18, 1879. Graduated Glenwood High School. Attended college at Cedar Falls, Iowa. Graduated from Nurses' Training School, Kansas City. Resides and practices her profession in Kansas City.

1038 Samuel B. Donnell, born October 3, 1881. Attended school in Glenwood, Iowa. Removed with his parents to La Monte, Mo., where he resides. Is a farmer. Unmarried.

1039 Mary Elsie Donnell, born June 24, 1883. Attended school in Glenwood, Iowa. Removed with parents to La Monte, Mo. Died 1907.

1040 John C. Donnell, born April 9, 1887. Attended high school in La Monte, Mo., where he resides with his parents. Is a farmer.

James Thomas Donnell⁶ (John C., Samuel, James³), second son of John C. and Amanda (Hood) Donnell, born near Kingston, Ind., August 30, 1841. He attended school at Kingston, and had a term in commercial college in Cincinnati. Served in the 76th and 134th Regiments. In the fall of 1867 he went to Iowa, buying a farm in Pottawattamie County, but residing in Glenwood. He engaged with his brother Samuel in buying and selling live stock. On the night of May 11, 1871, while shipping cattle to Chicago, he fell from a stock train near Chariton, Iowa. One limb was badly crushed by the wheels, and he died the next morning, May 12, 1871. He was buried in the family lot in the cemetery at Kingston. He was unmarried.

- youngest daughter of John C. and Amanda (Hood) Donnell, born September 24, 1843, near Kingston, Ind. After her mother's death she was brought up by her grandparents, Samuel and Isabella Hood, until about fourteen, when she returned to her father's home. She attended school at Kingston, and taught in the county schools for several years. Married July 8, 1875, William Ambrose Donnell, son of Samuel Donnell, and grandson of Thomas Donnell. He was a member of a live stock commission firm in Cincinnati, where they resided for about ten years, removing to Decatur County, in 1885. They have resided for a number of years at 528 North Broadway, Greensburg. Two children: Jessie May Donnell, 5 b. December 21, 1876. Mary Elizabeth Donnell, 5 b. June 25, 1880. For full account of family of William A. Donnell see page 56.
- 1031 John Quincy Donnell. (John C., Samuel, James), son of John C. and Minerva (Hamilton) Donnell, born February 26, 1848. Graduated from Oberlin College, 1870. Elected representative in the Indiana Legislature, 1878. Practiced law in Greensburg, 1879 to 1883. Editor and part owner of the Greensburg Review, 1884 and 1885. Editor and owner of the Anderson Herald, 1892 to 1895. Present residence, Greensburg, Ind.
- ter of John C. and Minerva (Hamilton) Donnell, born near Kingston, Ind., January 6, 1852. Attended school at Kingston. Always lived in the family home until November, 1905, when, with her brother John Quincy Donnell, she removed to Greensburg, where they now reside, 602 North Franklin street. Is a member of several literary clubs, and has always been interested in, and has done some local historical work. Is one of the authors of this book.
- est child of John C. and Minerva (Hamilton) Donnell, born near Kingston, Ind., September 1, 1856. He received, as did all his brothers and sisters, a good common school education at Kingston. He is a farmer, was born and has continuously lived upon the farm which was the home of his father and grandfather since the emigration of Samuel Donnell from Kentucky to Indiana, in March, 1823. He was married, October 25, 1905, to Hannah H. Evans, born December 20, 1871, in Butler County, Ohio, of Welsh descent, daughter of Rhys and Mary (Vaughn) Evans. Attended school at King-

ston. Graduated Nurses' Training School, Cincinnati. Four children: 1041 Minerva, b. September 26, 1906. 1042 Mary, b. December 12, 1907. 1043 Margaret, b. December 14, 1909. 1044 John Rhys, b. November 24, 1911, d. August 24, 1912.

774 FIDELIA HAMILTON DONNELL⁵ (Samuel, James, Thomas²), youngest child of Samuel Donnell, was born October 30, 1813, in Bourbon County, Kentucky. In 1823 she came, with the family, to Decatur County, Indiana, when a child of ten. After the marriage of her sisters she was housekeeper in her father's home until her marriage, May 20, 1835, to William Harvey Antrobus. Mr. Antrobus was born August 20, 1813, the son of John and Isabella Antrobus. He was a cabinet maker, and a partner in business of James Gageby. They lived in Greensburg about five years after their marriage. In 1840 they settled on a farm three miles east of Greensburg, on which they afterward built a comfortable home, and where they spent the remainder of their lives. Both were members of the Kingston Presbyterian church. August 20, 1870, Mr. Antrobus died, in Iowa, while on a journey undertaken for his health. Mrs. Antrobus survived her husband twenty-four years, dying October 14, 1894, at the age of eighty-one. She also survived four of her five children, and all her brothers and sisters. Her only remaining daughter Mrs. William Rudolph, lived with her, and cared for her during her declining years. Children of Fidelia (Donnell) and W. H. Antrobus:

February 22, 1836, in Greensburg, Ind. Was married August 3, 1854, to Nathaniel Scott Patton, merchant, Richland, Rush County, Indiana. He afterward served in the Civil War, as Captain in the 68th Regiment, Indiana Volunteers. At the close of the war he engaged in business in Greensburg, where Mrs. Patton died, February 16, 1866. Mr. Patton died November 1, 1884. Children:

1050 William Harvey Patton, born November 5, 1855, in Rush County, Indiana. Educated Greensburg public schools, Spiceland Academy. Married Ida Welborn, April 23, 1879. Occupation, merchant tailor. Spent two years in government position at Panama. Present residence, Indianapolis. Has two sons: 1052 Frost Patton, b. February 28, 1881. Married Clara Evandinger. Occupation, car inspector. Residence, Indianapolis. Has one child, 1054 Richard Welborn, b. May 6, 1908. 1053 Blaine Patton, son of W. H. Pat-

ton, b. November 5, 1884. Educated at Shortridge High School and at Wabash College. Profession, journalist. Has an editorial position on the Indianapolis Star. Traveled extensively in South America and Panama.

1051 Emma Patton⁷ (Josephine,⁶ Fidelia,⁵ Samuel⁴), born in Rush County, February 27, 1859. Educated Greensburg public schools and Spiceland Academy. Married March 1, 1875, Thomas Copeland, farmer. Divorced, Married second, May 7, 1887, Harry Woodward, of Colorado, Mining engineer. Resided in Colorado until her death, July 17, 1897. Children: 1055 Claude Copeland,⁸ b. February 6, 1876. Married. Residence unknown. 1056 Fred Copeland,⁸ b. March 6, 1878. Married. Residence unknown.

1046 CATHERINE ANTROBUS (Fidelia, Samuel, James), daughter of W. H. and Fidelia (Donnell) Antrobus, born February 16, 1838, at Greensburg, Ind. Married Dr. Loraine W. French, dentist, January 2, 1860. Resided in Greensburg until her death, August 11, 1861. Dr. French removed to California.

1047 Livonia Antrobus⁶ (Fidelia, Samuel, James), born in Greensburg, Ind., June 21, 1840. Was educated in public schools, and at Richland Academy. Resided with her parents, on their farm east of Greensburg, until her death, March 3, 1872.

1048 ISABELLA HANNAH ANTROBUS" (Fidelia, Samuel, James^a), born May 7, 1843, on farm east of Greensburg, Ind. Married first, May 7, 1866, James Holby, who died in Iowa, where they had just removed. October 9, 1867. Was a soldier in 123d Regiment, Indiana Volunteers. One child, Livva Holby. Isabella Holby returned to her father's home until her second marriage, November 25. 1876, to William Rudolph, of Decatur County, Indiana. Was a soldier in 26th Regiment, Indiana Volunteers, Rigby's Battery. Occupation, farmer. They resided two years in Iowa. Since 1888 in Decatur County, where he died, March 22, 1905. Isabella Rudolph owns and occupies the old homestead. Children: 1057 Livra Holby. b. March 13, 1867. Resides with her mother. 1058 Kenneth Rudolph, b. June 19, 1883, in Decatur County, Indiana. Educated public schools. Farmer by occupation. Married December 4, 1905, to Pearl Dickinson. They reside with his mother on the farm. No children.

1049 Samuel Donnell Antrobus (Fidelia, Samuel, James), born February 7, 1846, in Decatur County, Indiana. Educated Kingston district school. Occupation, farmer, and also engaged in breeding and training horses. He lived with his mother until 1885, when he spent two years in Beloit, Kan. Returned, in failing health, to the old home, where he died, February 23, 1888.

THE FAMILY OF JAMES DONNELL.

18 James Donnell (James, Thomas, Thomas), born in Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania, June 20, 1780, the youngest of six children of James and Catharine (Gibson) Donnell. He was but four years old, when doubly orphaned by their death at Hinkson Station, in September, 1874. It requires no stretch of imagination to conjecture that, like Topsy, he must have just "growed," with only such instruction and care as his young brothers and sisters found time to bestow, during six years of hard and crowded station life. He was but ten years old when it was at last safe for the family to leave the station, and settle on Taylor's Creek. He not only survived these "slings and arrows of outrageous fortune," but prospered; for at the age of twenty-two he had acquired a farm not far from those of his two brothers, and was married, October 2, 1802, to Mary (Polly) Quiett, a sister of Samuel Donnell's wife, and a daughter of James Quiett, born August 19, 1785. The children born to them were:

1059 John Newton, b. July 20, 1803; d. of cold plague, Nov. 24, 1813.

1060 James Quiett, b. Dec. 24, 1804.+

1061 Thomas Addison, b. Nov. 20, 1806; farmer, single; d. Aug. 31, 1829.

1062 Samuel Milton, b. Nov. 10, 1809.+

1063 Ellen Eliza, b. Dec. 24, 1811.+

Their married life was brief. Mr. Donnell died December 17, 1813, of a malady, described as "cold plague," which appears to have been epidemic at that time; for his son John Newton, died of it, three weeks before, and his mother-in-law Mrs. Quiett, about the same time.

After a hundred years, not much survives of any man's life or work. But to judge from his descendants, there was no lack of sterling and virile qualities in this ancestor. If he had lived, he would probably have removed with his brothers to Indiana. The case was quite different with his widow, whose relatives remained in Kentucky, and whose children were still young, when the Northern exodus took place. She was a woman of resolute and decided character. Surviving her husband nearly fifty years, she had the satisfaction of settling her children about her as prosperous and

esteemed members of the community. When she visited her Indiana relatives, a few years before her death, while she found them fairly well satisfied, she had no cause, on her side, to be discontented with her share of the "Blue Grass Region" of Kentucky. She died suddenly, August 6, 1860, and lies beside her husband and two sons, in Concord graveyard.

While much the least numerous of the three branches of the Donnell family, the descendants of James Donnell have the distinction of constituting one of the oldest Kentucky families, having resided, most of them, continuously in the same locality, to which their muchmoving ancestors, James and Catharine Donnell, brought their children, and found their common grave, 128 years ago. In politics, they naturally differed from their Northern cousins. A few sided with the Confederate cause, though most adhered to the Union party. But in the essential instincts of thrift and good citizenship, there has been no difference, north or south of the Ohio.

of James Quiett Donnell. (James, James, Thomas), son of James and Mary (Quiett) Donnell, born December 24, 1804. Married Tabitha Jones-Letton, widow of Caleb Letton. She was born in Nicholas County, Kentucky, on the adjoining farm to the Donnells, just across Hinkston creek, which forms the boundary between Nicholas and Bourbon counties. They lived on the adjoining farm to the home place, in Bourbon County. Their farm is now owned by their nephew W. F. Parker. James Quiett Donnell was a farmer, and died February 19, 1871, on the farm where he had spent the whole of his life. His wife died September, 1878. They had no children.

1062 Samuel Milton Donnell, (James, James, Thomas²), son of James and Mary Quiett Donnell, born in Bourbon County, Kentucky, November 10, 1809. Married September 3, 1840, to Margaret Parker, who was born February 28, 1823, a daughter of Charles Parker, of Nicholas County, Kentucky. Their married life was spent on the farm purchased by him on Taylor's creek, in Nicholas County. He died there, of kidney trouble, June 28, 1878. His wife continued her residence on the farm eleven years after his death, and then moved to Carlisle, Nicholas County, Kentucky. She died in Carlisle, July 4, 1910. The farm is now owned by their son John Milton Donnell. Samuel Milton Donnell was a farmer during his entire life, and was active, industrious and prosperous. Eight children, born in Nicholas County, Kentucky:

1064 Louisa, b. July 2, 1841.+

- 1065 William Henry, b. Sept. 14, 1843; d. of measles, May 8, 1866. Unmarried.
- 1066 Charles Thomas, b. Aug. 21, 1846.+
- 1067 Tabitha Ann, b. Feb. 19, 1849.+
- 1068 James Lemuel, b. Dec. 7, 1852.+
- 1069 Mary Elizabeth, b. March 17, 1855; d. Dec. 25, 1860.
- 1070 John Milton, b. Aug. 27, 1858.+
- 1071 Margaret Levinia, b. May 26, 1862; d. Dec. 25, 1874.

1064 LOUISA DONNELL⁶ (S. Milton, James, James), daughter of Samuel Milton and Margaret (Parker) Donnell, born July 2, 1841; died of typhoid fever, January 14, 1857. A few years after her burial, when the vault was opened, it was discovered that the body had petrified. Her clothing, a pink silk dress, with a necklace of coral beads, were in perfect condition. The body of her sister Mary Elizabeth, who died two years earlier, was also found petrified.

to66 Charles Thomas Donnell (Milton, James, James), son of Samuel Milton and Margaret (Parker) Donnell, born August 21, 1846. He married September 1, 1870, Martha S. Potts, daughter of Henry T. Potts, of Nicholas County, Kentucky. He was a farmer and dealer in fancy horses. He moved to Carlisle in 1898, having been elected sheriff of Nicholas County. He served in that office two terms. He died in Carlisle, December 2, 1911. His funeral was attended by all classes—both white and colored—showing the regard in which he was held by the people. His widow resides in Carlisle. There were several children, but all died in infancy.

daughter of Samuel Milton and Margaret (Parker) Donnell, born February 19, 1849. Married May 5, 1870, to Lee Taylor Potts, a brother of Mrs. Charles T. Donnell. He was born November 4, 1847. He was a farmer for some years after marriage, and then moved to Carlisle, where he was a grocer for a time, and afterwards was an undertaker, retiring from business some years ago. They now reside in Carlisle, Ky. Four children:

- 1072 Henry Milton, b. March 22, 1871.+
- 1073 Louisa Edna, b. Oct. 9, 1875.+-
- 1074 A son, b. Jan. 17, 1880; d. March 7, 1880.
- 1075 Martha Taylor, b. Aug. 6, 1889.+

of Tabitha A. (Donnell) and L. T. Potts, born March 22, 1871, Married October 20, 1896, to Annie Varden King, born July 7, 1873, daughter of Robert Cleon King, a merchant in Carlisle, Ky. He moved to Carlisle with his parents, and was engaged in business with his father for a time. Became bookkeeper of the Deposit Bank of Carlisle about the time of his marriage, and has continued in the bank since then, now being assistant cashier and teller. Three children, born in Carlisle, Ky.: 1076 Louise Elizabeth Potts,8 b. August 5, 1897. 1077 Mary Donnell Potts,8 b. December 10, 1900. 1078 Roberta Ross Potts,8 b. March 17, 1910.

1073 Louisa Edna Potts⁷ (Tabitha, Milton, James⁴), daughter of Tabitha (Donnell) and L. T. Potts, born October 9, 1875. Married May 14, 1896, to Stanley Withers Keller, who was born January 12, 1874, youngest son of Green Remington Keller, editor of "The Carlisle Mercury," and Representative in Kentucky Legislature. Stanley W. Keller is associate editor and proprietor with his father in the paper. Two children: 1079 Henry Taylor Potts Keller, b. August 24, 1897. 1080 Ann Margaret Keller, b. December 9, 1898.

1075 MARTHA TAYLOR POTTS? (Tabitha, Milton, James), daughter of Tabitha (Donnell) and L. T. Potts, born August 6, 1889. Married April 21, 1910, to Madison Rhodes Burton, who was born December 12, 1911, son of John Wesley Burton, of Montgomery County, Kentucky. He is a prosperous farmer. They reside in Carlisle, Ky.

of Samuel Milton and Margaret (Parker) Donnell, born December 7, 1852. Married March 20, 1877, to Rhoda Spencer, a daughter of James Spencer, of Nicholas County. Farmer and dealer in fancy horses. Treasurer of Nicholas County for a number of years. Seven children: 1081 Charles William Donnell, b. March 24, 1878. Farmer in Nicholas County. Married Elspie Tune, a daughter of James Tune, of Nicholas County. 1082 Jesse Hargis Donnell, b. August 5, 1880. Horse dealer in Nicholas County. Married Elizabeth Young, daughter of William B. Young, of Nicholas County. 1083 Green Keller Donnell, born December 10, 1882. Married Martha Young, a daughter of Lot D. Young, of Nicholas County, a Confederate soldier in Morgan's Brigade, and a noted writer on Confederate soldier in Morgan's Brigad

federate history. One son, 1088 Samuel Howe Donnell.⁸ 1084 Ida Lillian Donnell,⁷ b. January 25, 1885; d. December 2, 1887. 1085 Margaret Leland Donnell,⁷ b. August 9, 1888. Married March 8, 1911, to Albert Anderson, son of Albert Anderson, of Montgomery County, Kentucky. Farmer. Residence, in Montgomery County. 1086 Malcolm Dills Donnell,⁷ b. March 9, 1891. 1087 James Parker Donnell,⁷ b. August 14, 1893.

1070 JOHN MILTON DONNELL⁶ (Milton,⁵ James,⁴ James³), son of Samuel Milton and Margaret (Parker) Donnell, born August 27, 1858. Married November 2, 1892, to Lida Ola Rhodes, born December 14, 1864, daughter of John Rhodes, of Mason County, Kentucky. He has been a farmer all his life, with exception of a few years in mercantile business in Carlisle. He resides upon and owns his father's old home place. He has a large body of land, well stocked, and is also a dealer in fancy horses and other fine live stock. Eight children: 1089 Rolla Hart Donnell, b. November 20, 1893; d. November 28, 1893. 1090 Margaret Elizabeth, b. April 25, 1895. 1001 Ada Laura Donnell, b. September 6, 1896. 1092 Charles Rhodes Donnell, b. December 17, 1898. 1093 Anna Howe Donnell, b. November 29, 1900. 1094 Carrie Milton Donnell, b. April 9, 1902. 1095 John Henry Donnell, b. March 24, 1904; d. August 7, 1905. 1006 Wilber Franklin Donnell, b. October 16, 1905.

daughter of James and Mary (Quiett) Donnell, born December 24, 1811. Married September 14, 1830, to Robert Parker, who was born June 6, 1808, a son of Charles Parker, of Nicholas County, Kentucky. They resided on the farm joining that of Samuel Milton Donnell, who was a brother of Mrs. Parker, and Mrs. Donnell was a sister of Mr. Parker, making a double relationship. He was quite a successful farmer, a member of the Presbyterian church in Carlisle, a favorite in the Mason's fraternity, taking all the degrees to Knight Templar. He died of cancer, January 11, 1879. She died suddenly, of heart trouble, April 29, 1889. Five children, born in Nicholas County:

1007 James Donnell, b. July 28, 1831.+

1098 Mary A., b. May 3, 1836.+

1099 Emily, b. Jan. 24, 1839.+

1100 Elizabeth A., b. March 24, 1845.+

1101 William Thomas, b. Feb. 18, 1850.+

1097 James Donnell Parker⁶ (Eliza, James, James), son of Eliza (Donnell) and Robert Parker, born July 28, 1831. He served during the Civil War in Morgan's Brigade, 9th Kentucky Confederates, of which W. C. T. Breckenridge was Colonel. He was a farmer, and returned to his native county and to farm work after the war ended. He married, December 21, 1869, Lou M. Emrick, of Ohio, who was teacher at Taylor's Creek school, and boarded at the home of Samuel Milton Donnell, where the courtship began. He died November 20, 1902. Two children: 1102 Mary Parker,7 who married W. T. Norton, son of William Norton, a prominent farmer of Nicholas County. She died July 8, 1902: Two children: 1104 Robert Lee Norton, b. May 24, 1893. Insurance business, Carlisle, Ky. Married October 18, 1911, to Mabel Edwards. 1105 Hiram Parker Norton,8 b. February 3, 1901. 1103 Lida Parker,7 married February 12, 1903, to Jesse H. Norton, son of William Norton and brother of her sister's husband. Mr. Norton died three months later, May 19, 1903. No children. Lida Parker-Norton married second, February 10, 1909, to James L. Hamm. One son, 1106 James Parker Hamm, b. November 5, 1909.

1098 Mary A. Parker⁶ (Eliza,⁵ James,⁴ James³), daughter of Eliza (Donnell) and Robert Parker, born May 3, 1836. Married November 9, 1858, to John H. Bowles, a son of Robert Bowles, of Bourbon County, Kentucky. They resided in Nicholas County until the Civil War was over, and then moved to Marion County, Missouri, where Mr. Bowles died. He was in Morgan's Brigade, 9th Kentucky Confederates, during the Civil War. Mrs. Bowles still resides at Palmyra, Mo. Eight children: 1107 Anna Bowles,⁷ who d. in infancy; 1108 Elizabeth Bowles⁷; 1109 Alfred Bowles⁷; 1110 Emma Bowles⁷; 1111 Rose Bowles⁷; 1112 Janie Bowles⁷; 1113 Sallie Bowles⁷; and 1114 Jetta Bowles.⁷

1099 EMILY PARKER⁶ (Eliza, James, James), daughter of Eliza (Donnell) and Robert Parker, born January 24, 1839. Married September 28, 1871, to Jesse N. Fishback, a son of Josiah Fishback. He was a farmer and resided in Nicholas County. Killed by lightning, May 26, 1873. She died July 30, 1905. One child: 1115 Jessie Elizabeth Fishback, born August 7, 1872. Married November 28, 1894, to Harry Kennedy, a son of Thomas Kennedy, a lawyer in Carlisle. Mr. Kennedy is also a lawyer and is cashier of the Farmers' Bank, in Carlisle, Ky. Four children: 1116 a son, who d. at birth, September 2, 1896; 1117 Thomas S. Kennedy, b. April

2, 1900, d. July 27, 1900; 1118 Emily Ruth Kennedy, b. February 2, 1904; 1119 Frances Louise Kennedy, b. August 13, 1906.

of Eliza (Donnell) and Robert Parker, born March 24, 1845. Married January 14, 1869, to George Luther Parker, a son of William Parker, of Bloomington, Ill. They resided in Bloomington, Ill., where she died, April 14, 1894. No children.

1101 WILLIAM THOMAS PARKER⁶ (Eliza, James, James), son of Eliza (Donnell) and Robert Parker, born February 18, 1850. Married July 20, 1871, to Nancy Jane Smith, of Bourbon County, Kentucky, a daughter of Warren Smith. He resides on the Parker home place, and also owns the old home place of his grandfather James Quiett Donnell. He is a prosperous farmer, and owns a large amount of land. Four children: 1120 Sallie Lavinia Parker,7 b. June 15, 1873. Married June 15, 1897, to Innes B. Ross, son of William Parks Ross, a prominent attorney at Carlisle, and Judge of Nicholas County Court for a number of years. Mr. Ross is also an attorney at Carlisle, a member of the firm of Holmes & Ross, and is city attorney for Carlisle. He received his education at Kentucky Wesleyan College. Two children: 1124 John Parker Ross, b. October 15, 1900; 1125 Lucy Jane Ross,8 b. March 13, 1912. 1121 Robert L. Parker, b. April 24, 1877. Married August 5, 1901, to Nannie Howell, a daughter of John D. Howell, of Tureman & Howell, druggists, Carlisle, Ky. Mr. Parker is a farmer. One child: 1126 Elizabeth Parker, b. August 31, 1903. 1122 Infant son, b. September 19, 1880; d. September 22, 1880. 1123 James Warren Parker, b. March 20, 1882. Married November 15, 1905, to Florence Bostain, of Carlisle, Ky. He is a graduate of Central University, Danville, Ky., and is now a banker, connected with the Deposit Bank of Carlisle, Ky. His wife is a daughter of M. V. Bostain, a prominent busines man and miller, of Carlisle. One son: 1127 William Bostain Parker, b. November 30, 1908.

MILITARY SERVICE.

The love for home and country is a remarkable characteristic of the Scotch people. It was, no doubt, developed by the clan spirit, and afterwards by the rule, or misrule, of the English. When persecution came and it was impossible to enjoy civil or religious liberty in their own country, they sailed away to the land of promise. They did not lose their patriotism in the transplanting, but gave their allegiance to their adopted country. They and their descendants have had some part in every war that America has waged. They were sturdy men, making ideal soldiers, and when peace came, they quietly went back to their every-day tasks. The family to which we belong, although not a fighting people, has been true to its race characteristics, and has been ready to serve in every time of need. It furnished several patriots during the Revolutionary War, and there are already several of their descendants, in Pennsylvania, Indiana, Oklahoma, Missouri, Iowa, Oregon, and California, who have become Daughters of the American Revolution, through their services. For the benefit of others, who may desire to become Sons, or Daughters of the American Revolution, we furnish definite information.

James Donnell served as a Frontier Ranger and Private in Western Pennsylvania, between the years 1778-83, as shown by the Pennsylvania Archives, Third Series, Volume 23, page 239, which says
that he was in Shrader's Rangers, New Levies in Bedford County,
Jacob Creamer, Lieutenant. In Volume 24, page 393, his name
again appears. The Fifth Series, Volume 4, page 213, gives the New
Levies without any county designation. Here he is listed as private
among "Soldiers who have received depreciation pay as per cancelled certificate on file in the division of Public Records in the
Pennsylvania State Library." His name again appears on page
763. The following note from Third Series, Volume 23, page 194,
explains why the exact date of service is not given:

"The list of Revolutionary soldiers which follows is copied from a volume recently discovered, of payments made to the individuals noted for services chiefly on the Frontiers as Rangers between the years 1778-83. As the majority of the names appear more than once upon the list, this is owing to the fact that they were paid for different tours of duty. It is to be regretted that the Company designation is not attached to each individual, for had that been the case the men might have been arranged into companies. No year is given for the specified service."

It has, perhaps, been noted that in one of these lists James Donnell has been classed in Bedford County, when his residence was in Westmoreland County. A letter written by Governor Reed to Col. William Scott, under date of July 12, 1780, acknowledging the raising of volunteers, probably explains that: "The inhabitants of the Frontier are very much alarmed with apprehensions of the Indians during harvest. You will, therefore, immediately direct them to march one-half to Bedford County and the other to Westmoreland County, when they are to be directed by the several Lieutenants of the Companies as to Station, etc."

Thomas Donnell, the eldest son of James Donnell, was a lad in his teens at the time of the Revolution, and as he had been a frontiersman ever since birth, it was natural that he should serve in these border campaigns. Thomas Donnell served as a Frontier Ranger in Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania, between the years 1778-83, as shown by the Pennsylvania Archives, Third Series, Volume 23, page 283. In the Fifth Series, Volume 4, page 435, Thomas Donnell, private, is listed in the Westmoreland County Militia, and on page 740 again as a private in list of "Soldiers of the Revolution, Westmoreland County." The note, previously given, explains why exact date is not recorded.

The historical and biographical "Atlas of Decatur County, Indiana, 1882, page 82, says of Thomas Donnell: "Thomas Donnell was a man of iron nerve, who loved the woods and the exciting scenes of the frontier. He is known to have served in some of the historic expeditions against the Indians during the latter part of the last century."

Some idea of the hardships of the service may be gained from the official correspondence of Governor Reed. In a letter dated April 15, 1779, he speaks of the companies raising for the defense of the Frontiers of Westmoreland for a term of nine months: "It is to be wished that Congress will order an extra number of Shoes and Linens for this Department. I assure you soldiers are continually on their feet in this service and require double the number of shoes worn by the same number in the Grand Army." In another, under date of September 16, 1779, speaking of a campaign just completed: "It is remarkable that neither man or beast has fallen into the enemies hands on this expedition, and I have a happy presage that the Counties of Westmoreland, Bedford and Northumberland, if not the whole Western Frontier, will experience the good effect of it. Too much praise cannot be given to both officers and soldiers of every Corps during the whole expedition. Their perseverance and zeal during the whole march thro' a Country too inaccessible to be described, can scarcely be equalled in history. Notwithstanding, many of them returned barefooted and naked, they disdained to complain, and to my great mortification, I have neither Shoes, Shirts, Blankets, Hats, Stockings, nor Leggings to relieve their necessities."

Another soldier of the Revolution was John Donnell, a brother of James, who served in the Pennsylvania Navy on the headwaters of the Ohio. He was killed by the Indians. There were other soldiers in the North Carolina branch of the family. William Donnell, who served under Greene, Major John Donnell, whose company gained distinction in the service, and George Donnell, who was a member of his company. There were also several Revolutionary soldiers in the New England family.

It may be of interest to mention here that James Donnell's father-in-law, Samuel Gibson, was with General Braddock in his famous defeat at Fort Duquesne, in 1755. Braddock's army was joined in Pennsylvania by a company of fifty Indians, who acted as scouts, and by Captain Jack, "the wild hunter of the Juniata," and his band. Samuel Gibson belonged to this band. They were all resolute men, well acquainted with the country and inured to hardships. It was said of them, "They require no shelter for the night, they ask no pay. If the whole army were composed of such men, there would be no cause of apprehension." But the army was not like them, and met a humiliating defeat.

Another patriot ancestor, but not a member of the family, was James Barr, father-in-law of Thomas Donnell. As has been already stated in another part of this book, he was active in Revolutionary circles in Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania, and was a Lieutenant of Militia and a member of the convention in 1776.

The Civil War had many supporters in the family. Two were martyrs—captured in battle and died in Southern prisons—Orion W. Donnell and Lafayette Antrobus, in Salisbury and Andersonville Prisons. Those who served were: Dr. Bolivar Antrobus, Sergeant 1st Iowa Battery; Lafayette and John C. Antrobus, in 6th Iowa Infantry; Lieut. John A. Donnell, Samuel H. Donnell, Robert L. Donnell and Oliver H. Donnell, in 1st Iowa Cavalry; and James H. Lewis, also in an Iowa regiment. In Indiana regiments there were in the 7th Indiana Infantry: Orion W. Donnell, John D. Miller and

Marion Linville. Luther Donnell was in the 16th Indiana, Captain in 76th, and also served in 134th. In the 100-day service there were, W. Ambrose Donnell in the 7th, and Robert M. Miller. In the thirty-day service, T. Clarkson Hamilton, J. B. Hopkins, James T. Donnell, Samuel D. Robison, and J. B. Robison, all in the 76th. Dr. Moses N. Elrod was in hospital service at New Albany, Ind. Another member of the family, with different environment, wore the gray—James D. Parker, in the 9th Kentucky Confederates. There were probably several others of the family in the Civil War, whose names have not been reported.

The Spanish-American War enlisted one member of the family, Frank D. Thomas, who served in the Philippines.

All of these wars seemed to be righteous ones, but we look forward to the time when "Nation shall not lift up sword against Nation, neither shall they learn war any more."

CRADLES OF THE CLAN.

In the history of a family, as of a race or people, the place of its nurture for even one generation, may have much to do with its development. It becomes a part of the Donnell history, therefore, to sketch briefly their several abiding places.

Regret has been expressed elsewhere that their ancestral home in Scotland could not have been located. Perhaps it is reserved to a second edition of this work by some later historian to relate the exact locality from whence they came. Perhaps it will be found on the Tweed or somewhere along the English border, where for uncounted generations, they raided the English counties and repelled counter raids as best they could; or, if dwelling farther north, they may have given "Black mail," to keep the highland robbers back in their hills. Very likely some of them got to Flodden Field, and never got home again; for Scott says, the battle brought mourning to nearly every household in Scotland. Just so, more than a hundred years later, they may have met Cromwell at Dunbar, and got another fill of fighting. A little later, they may have helped to chase Claverhouse at Drumclog, or been harried by his troopers after Bothwell Brig.

In short, there is no end of brilliant or direful possibilities for our ancestors in Scottish history. The only regret is, we cannot say to what grim castle they looked for defense, in what ancient "Kirk" they sang 'Rous's version of the Psalms, as they undoubtedly did on many a long Sunday after 1650, or on what moss-grown slabs their names and pious aspirations were inscribed.

Next to Scotland as a family habitat, comes the north of Ireland. For, through the Gibson line, comes our latest foreign blood. Samuel Gibson came from thence to Pennsylvania not long before Braddock's defeat, says his grandson, Samuel Donnell; and, as his daughter Catharine married James Donnell only nine years after that action, Ireland must have been her birthplace, thus making the Scotch-Irish descent, two generations later than the Scotch, and clearly entitling all her descendants to membership in the Scotch-Irish societies. If the Scotch, "to the manner born," were staunch Presbyterians, and hearty haters of Popery and Prelacy, their zeal was languid compared with the Scotch-Irish, who had the Catholic Celts on one side, and the Episcopal government on the other, to

keep their sectarian zeal at white heat. They had not forgotten the Siege of Londonderry; and their descendants, who never emigrated, celebrate the Battle of the Boyne to this day, and are still so anti-Irish in feeling that the Home Rulers could not get a hearing in Belfast this very year without military protection. Surely, there were never bluer strains of Presbyterian blood than those thus joined in old Carlisle, Pa., in 1764.

Cumberland County, Pennsylvania, the first permanent home of the Donnells in this country, has already been described, as it was at its first settlement. It has fulfilled its early promise, being a prosperous, agricultural community. Carlisle, still its county seat, is about seventeen miles southwest of Harrisburg, about a hundred miles northwest from Philadelphia, and nearly the same distance from Newcastle, Del. One of these latter points was the probable landing place of emigrant Thomas Donnell, and the difference between his journey thither, and the Pullman ride of today requires no comment.

The upper Shenandoah valley was James Donnell's Virginia home for so short a time that it could have exercised but little influence. One division of Lord Dunmore's expedition against the Ohio Indians was recruited there, and commanded by a frontier officer named Lewis. James Donnell had given too many "hostages to fortune," however, to be a likely volunteer, and his father-in-law, Samuel Gibson, besides being at least sixty years old at that time, 1774, had doubtless had enough of Indian fighting with Braddock. The banks of the Conemaugh River, in Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania, the next settlement was then as silent, as in Bryant's time, "Where rolls the Oregon, and hears no sound save its own dashing." There is documentary proof that James Donnell, or one of his brothers, lived in Derry township, in the east part of Westmoreland; but whether this was his first settlement, and where he subsequently embarked for Kentucky, or within the safer bounds of Dr. Powers' congregation, is left to conjecture. Silent as this region was then, a rough, forest country, it is busy and noisy enough now, being on the main line of the Pennsylvania railroad, some thirty miles east of Pittsburgh, the center of a vast iron and coal industry, with steel mills and blast furnaces, replacing the modest "salt works" of sixty years ago, and supporting by its mineral wealth a vast population.

Hinkston Station, the next family cradle, is located by Mr. John M. Donnell, of Carlisle, Ky., as three miles above Cynthiana, and in Samuel Donnell's narrative, as three miles below the mouth of Stoner Creek. There is no description extant of its construction;

but judging from many similar structures of which we have records, it may be safely conjectured to have been a stockade, enclosing a parallelogram some two hundred by one hundred feet, with twostory log cabins at the four corners, partly projecting beyond the enclosure, having the walls of the upper story pierced with loopholes, so as to enable the garrison to command with their rifles all its approaches, from which the forest had been cleared away. The walls were made partly of the outer wall of the settlers' cabins, without windows on that side, and covered with heavy puncheons to prevent the roofs being fired. The stockade wall proper was composed of hewn timbers set upright in the ground, and braced together by stout stringers on the inside, pinned to the vertical timbers. There were usually two heavy gates at either end, and the iocation was selected with special reference to a spring, either within, or just outside the enclosure. Except against cannon, which the Indians could only obtain through the co-operation of British officers from Detroit, and which seems never to have been used but once, these stockades formed quite reliable defenses. All trace of Hinkston Station has disappeared. It figures less in Kentucky history than some of its contemporaries, because never captured. The very name appears to have undergone a change, for descendants of the valiant pioneer whose name it bore, spell it "Hinkston," while the old documents we have followed uniformly give the spelling here adopted.

Another version of its founding is given in a local history of Cynthiana (Chronicles of Cynthiana), where, on the authority of a grandson, Col. John Hinkston is credited with having established a station bearing his own name, in April, 1775. It was attacked by Indians, commanded by Simon Girty. To save the rest of the garrison, the Colonel surrendered himself, and that night made one of those thrilling escapes with which Kentucky annals are filled, got back to his station and led the garrison to a safer refuge, leaving his own station abandoned for some time. Whether this incident corresponds with Girty's attack on Bryan's Station, in 1782, or whether it was the place our ancestors re-occupied and called by the same name, in 1784, can only be conjectured. It seems likely the narrative was confused with the capture of Ruddle's Station, which occupied the same site, by Captain Bird, in 1780, which is well attested; and the escape of Colonel Hinkston at that time may have suggested the name given to the succeeding station, when rebuilt in 1784.

These "Chronicles of Cynthiana" also relate that in 1794, after its

abandonment as a station, "Hinkston" became the site of the first copper still set up in Kentucky. As its location was then within the limits of Bourbon County, we may have here the mysterious reason why the liquor, which still appeals most strongly to the Kentucky palate, is affectionately called "Old Bourbon."

When the Donnells left the station, they journeyed about twenty miles southeastward to Taylor's Creek, within a mile of its junction with Hinkson Creek, which latter name they may have brought with them. The three brothers soon had farms, four or five miles south of Carlisle, which became the county seat of Nicholas County, on its separation from Bourbon County, in 1800. Concord church became the neighborhood center in 1792, showing the Scotch-Presbyterian origin of the community. Perhaps the most noteworthy feature of the surrounding country was the Blue Lick springs on South Licking, ten or a dozen miles away, from which the settlers obtained their supply of salt, and brought back, no doubt, marvelous stories of the big bones found there, telling of beasts, vastly larger than any Father Adam had named, that in uncounted ages past, had come thither for salt, and left their huge skeletons embedded in the saline marshes that then surrounded the springs. This whole Licking Valley, extending to a point opposite Cincinnati, might be called one of the most crimson quarters of "The Dark and Bloody Ground." To say nothing of the slaughter of the great beasts that had been going on before the glacial ages, it had been a favorite war path of the Indians for some centuries before the white man came, and continued for many years the route most dreaded for savage raids from beyond the Ohio.

During the thirty-three peaceful and prosperous years that followed their station life, just twenty-five children were born to the Donnell brothers. With so many "Hostages to Fortune," another move from what all Kentuckians consider its garden spot—the Blue Grass Region—could hardly have been expected. But hostility to slavery, and the attraction of cheaper lands for their children, induced the removal of the two surviving brothers and their entire families, married and single, to Decatur County, Indiana, as related elsewhere. The "New Purchase," as it was called by the first settlers, comprising the greater part of Central Indiana, was purchased from the Delaware Indians by the Government in 1819, at the treaty of St. Mary, Ohio. The Delawares seem never to have had any villages or permanent settlements within the limits of Decatur County, but roamed over it, as a hunting ground. This usage must have gone on for centuries; for arrow heads, hatchets and other

flint and sand-tone implements of the chase and camp were turned up by the plow in great numbers, until quite recently. A few settlers ventured over the border as early as February, 1819, though no title to the land could be acquired until its survey had been completed, and a land office opened at Brookville, Ind., in October of the following year. The county was not organized until 1822, when the county seat was laid out and named Greensburg, after the county seat of Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania.

The northeastern township, where all the Donnells settled, beginning with Robert Barr Donnell, in March, 1821, was named Fugit after its and the county's first settler. It is a curious instance of the pioneer poverty of original designations that, of the eight other townships, six were named after Revolutionary and political heroes, Washington, Clinton, Adams, Marion, Clay and Jackson; and these names were repeated over and over in county and township designations throughout the State. A scattered fringe of settlements along the southern, southwestern and southeastern borders of the State had existed from, and in some instances long before, the admission of the State, in 1816, when the white population was estimated at ten thousand. Decatur County formed part of the eastern boundary of the "New Purchase." Its western limit is thirtysix miles from Indianapolis, and its eastern fifty-four miles from Cincinnati. It is traversed by the Cincinnati and Chicago division of the Big Four railroad, including two branch lines, all now a part of the New York Central system. Fugit township, including fortyseven sections, constitutes part of the water-shed between the tributaries of White River on the west and Whitewater on the east, having accordingly no streams of any size, and requiring little drainage, which commended it to primitive farming. On its eastern edge begins an almost impenetrable clay formation, which extends east and south, in a broad area to the Ohio River. This area, though heavily timbered, retained so little vegetable mould as to be considered worthless by the first settlers, who called it "The Poor Woods." But about 1850 it began to be thickly settled by emigrants from the Catholic provinces of Germany, who maintain churches and schools of their faith, and for many miles together often constitute the entire population. They have succeeded admirably in getting the best results from their meager soil. The line of division between the clay formation and the fertile lands, stretching hundreds of miles westward, is often so clearly marked, as to be noted within a space of a few feet, where no cause appears for the change.

The Fugit township settlement, in which we are especially inter-

ested, like the older Concord settlement from which nearly all its members came, drew together around the Sandcreek, afterwards Kingston church. The arrangement was not circular, but mainly contiguous to the road from Clarksburg to Greensburg, for two or three miles north and south of Kingston, with outlying connections near Clarksburg and Springhill. Besides the Donnells, two other large families deserve particular mention. First in number and influence were the four sons and seven daughters of Robert and Mary (Eward) Hamilton, who came with their mother, in 1822-23. The father had died in Kentucky, in 1817, but his remains were reinterred in the Kingston cemetery about the same time with those of Mrs. Samuel Donnell, theirs being by some ten years the oldest death dates within its precincts. Mrs. Hamilton was one of the most revered members of the community. Her sons and daughters lived "long in the land," three of them more than eighty-five years, and eight more than seventy-six years. Their characters, personal worth and devotion to the best ideals of the community and church fill a large space in its annals. Their descendants, in spite of many removals, are yet among its foremost citizens.

The six sons and two daughters of William McCoy came over from old Bourbon about the same time with the rest, and joined heartily in the work and aspirations of the new settlement. For many years they constituted a considerable element of its best endeavors for political reform and church growth. None of the name now reside within the bounds of the immediate neighborhood. A history of the family, by Lycurgus McCoy, of Battle Creek, Mich., traces its record in many States, and deserves hearty acknowledgment of the service rendered in the preparation of this work.

Smaller families, the Robisons, Hopkinses and others, contributed their full share to the earlier and later development of this unique community. For it was in no ordinary sense both unique and admirable. In its outward life, it was much like other prosperous farming communities, economical, industrious, attentive to its home affairs. But through all its nearly hundred years' existence, there has been a remarkable union of high principle, tolerant feeling and sound thinking. Its constitution and environment had undoubtedly much to do with achieving this result. Practically the whole neighborhood was of the same way of thinking on the most important questions of the day. There was but one church, which inevitably lessened sectarianism. There was but one party, which always lessens political bickering. There was close family connection both by blood and inter-marriage. In a word, there was an unusual homo-

geneity of interest, opinion and conduct. In all these years, so far as the writer can learn, there has never been a personal or family feud that so often arrays neighbor against neighbor, or a simple suit at law that had like disastrous consequences. These exceptional conditions favored the growth of progressive ideas that had been nurtured through generations of hard pioneer life, and bore fruit in a community, of which its descendants have a just right to be proud. All but four of the forty-five grandchildren of Samuel Donnell were born in Decatur County, and the greater part of his 96 great-grandchildren. Not so large a proportion of the seventy-four grandchildren of Thomas Donnell were native to the county, a complete list has not been obtained. But enough is given in this volume to convince any curious reader that the lineage of these three brothers may in time fulfill the promise to Abraham and become "as the sand which is upon the sea shore, for number." The Donnell clan, for it may fairly be so called, has now its cradles from the Atlantic to the Pacific. May they nourish a stalwart race, and furnish its future historian as worthy a theme as the story of their fathers has afforded the present writers.

ANTI-SLAVERY RECORD.

Nothing in the history of the Donnell family is more remarkable than the attitude of most of its members on the slavery question for more than half a century before its abolition. Samuel Donnell's narrative relates the beginning of a systematic agitation of the subject, as early as 1792. Rev. David Rice, the first Presbyterian minister to cross the mountains from Virginia into Kentucky, appears to have taken the lead in a movement to have an emancipation clause incorporated in the constitution of 1792, which carried by a large majority in Bourbon County, and was lost in the convention by only four votes. The agitation was continued in 1796, when the State constitution was revised, and very nearly prevailed in Bourbon County, but was ignored by the convention. This antislavery sentiment in the very heart of the Blue Grass region is most surprising, and indicates pretty clearly the Northern sympathies of the first settlers; for the emigrants from the older slave States could hardly have shared in this feeling.

In his "Memoir of Samuel Donnell," Rev. John Rankin states that, in 1817, when he became pastor of Concord church, to which all the Donnells belonged, he found there an active abolition society. He notes that this was long before the agitation by Garrison and other Northern Abolitionists began. The following certificate of membership in this society, showing it to have been a branch of a State organization, is of such historic interest as to warrant its reproduction in full:

"THE KENTUCKY ABOLITION SOCIETY.

"To all and singular, to whom these presents shall come, greeting:

"Whereas, numbers of individuals in this State have been and are still deeply impressed with a sense of Divine Goodness in the liberty we enjoy; and wishing the blessing extended to our fellow beings of all nations and colors—lamenting the blot that stains our government by the toleration of unmerited, involuntary, perpetual, absolute, hereditary slavery among us—a system of oppression, pregnant with moral, national and domestic evils, ruinous to national tranquility, honor and enjoyment, and which every good man wishes to be abolished, could such abolition take place upon a plan, which

would be honorable to the State, safe to the citizens and salutary to the slaves—have in several neighborhoods, towns and hamlets in this State, formed and wish to form, societies, to endeavor to bring about a constitutional and legal abolition of slavery in this commonwealth:

"And, whereas, George W. Hopkins has made application to become a member of THE KENTUCKY ABOLITION SOCIETY, agreeably to the 8th and 9th articles of the constitution adopted for the government of said association:

"Know ye, therefore, that the said George W. Hopkins is received as a member of Concord Auxiliary Branch of said society, his name being entered on the 20th day of June, 1819.

"In testimony whereof, I, Samuel Donnell, president of Concord Auxiliary Branch of the Kentucky Abolition Society, have caused the seal of said society to be hereunto affixed.

"Given under my hand, this 25th day of December, 1821.

"Samuel Donnell, President. George H. Hopkins, Secretary."

The seal is of quite elaborate device. It shows the kneeling figure of a shackled slave; and the words, "Am I not a Brother?" Think of such an institution flourishing in Bourbon and Nicholas counties as late as 1822. This unique sentiment appears to have characterized the whole Concord church; for Mr. Rankin mentions in the Memoir, that only one member of the church owned slaves; and he placated the consciences of his brethren by promises to set them free, but failed to do so.

The two branches of the family removing to Indiana carried their anti-slavery sentiments with them. A considerable part of Concord church, especially the more radical element, accompanied or followed the Donnells in their migration, so that the new community they formed in Fugit township, Decatur County, Indiana, was as pronounced and united in anti-slavery sentiment as the original com-In fact, several large families, the Hamiltons, McCoys, Hopkinses and Donnells, including their marriage connections, made up the Sandcreek, afterwards Kingston church; and the church made the community. For the first dozen years, while the heavily timbered farms were being slowly cleared, while log-rollings and cornshuckings were the chief social gatherings, while cabins were building, and scanty crops growing amid the stumps and half-cleared Deadenings, it was doubtless about all the settlers could do to keep the church alive, and that was regarded as the prime requisite. There is a rough draft of the constitution of the Decatur County Anti-slavery Society, drawn up by Samuel Donnell, still preserved.

It is milder, both in name and declaration of principles, than the older Kentucky document. The date of the organization does not appear, but its organization was certainly not later than 1835. Thomas Hamilton, one of the leaders of the organization, in a very impartial manuscript, states that at first, the society included practically the whole church. But as opposition increased, through the systematic agitation of Garrison and others, a majority of the church, under the leadership of its pastor, Rev. John S. Weaver, first wavered in their allegiance to the cause, and finally, in 1836, brought the machinery of Presbytery to bear, in order to suppress its pernicious activity. A vote of the church was ordered to test the acceptability of the session, and the two most pronounced Abolition elders, Samuel Donnell and John C. McCoy, though they had held that office since the organization of the church, were voted out. Mr. Hamilton, as a protest against this vigorous application of the modern doctrine of "the recall," resigned his eldership. The war thus begun, culminated in 1837, with the withdrawal from the church of thirty-seven dissenting members, and the formation by them of a new congregation. The list of seceding members is preserved, and shows that, with two exceptions, all belonged by blood or marriage to the Hamilton, McCoy and Donnell families. The new congregation, though numbering but one-third of the original membership, was active and militant from the start. After the old and new school division of the Presbyterian church in 1838, the Sandcreek dissenters, already organized as Congregationalists, united with the New School body. Later becoming dissatisfied with its conservative attitude toward slavery, in 1850, the congregation united with a small, radical sect, known as the Free Presbyterian church, where it remained, until the abolition of slavery brought the three branches together. In the meantime, the younger local church had gradually absorbed the community, the Old School branch having ceased to exist before the union was consummated.

The political activity of the anti-slavery element of the community began with the publication in the Cincinnati Philanthropist, of a proposal by the local society for a convention, to be held in 1838, for the organization of a State Society, to circulate literature, procure public speakers, and otherwise agitate in favor of a just and reasonable emancipation policy. This call was signed by Samuel Donnell and James McCoy, committee. Several such conventions were afterwards held, and duly attended by representatives of the Decatur County Society, which really meant this single neighborhood. In 1840, when James Burney was the presidential candidate of the Lib-

erty party, and received many anti-slavery votes in Ohio, he had no electoral ticket in Indiana, and could not be voted for. The reformers of this community generally voted for Harrison, but with small enthusiasm, though he was a Free-state candidate, and though the Hard-cider and Log-cabin campaign was the most famous in Indiana history for noise and foolery. Though Kentuckians, they refused to vote for Henry Clay, in 1844, and gave their support to Burney. They supported the Free-Soil ticket in 1848 and 1852. The formation of the Republican party terminated a political isolation of more than twenty years, during which these stout defenders of liberty for the black man, as well as the white, held together gallantly for their cause, in spite of much obloquy and petty persecution.

Widely known as Abolitionists, the Sandcreek or Kingston community naturally came to have a pretty intimate acquaintance with the workings of the "Under-ground Railroad." It would be quite impossible now, to frame even a tolerable guess as to the number of fugitives aided by it to their liberty. Not to mention numerous lesser instances of this sort, two gained rather wide notoriety. In 1849, Luther A. Donnell was indicted and convicted in the Decatur Circuit Court for secreting and abducting a slave woman and her children, escaping from her Kentucky master. The conviction was reversed in the Supreme Court, on the ground that the State statute was unconstitutional by virtue of a decision of the United States Supreme Court. The case is reported in Third Indiana. A civil suit for the value of the slaves was brought by the owner in the United States District Court, at Indianapolis, and judgment obtained for \$3,000. The woman and her children had been secreted in a fodder house near Mr. Donnell's farm, and narrowly escaped capture, but were successfully hidden in the neighborhood, until the search was abandoned, and then conveyed further north, and ultimately to Canada. Full particulars of the affair are given in the Decatur County Atlas.

The other incident occurred in the fall of 1861. Two runaways were concealed in a straw stack on one of the Donnell farms, by Miles Meadows, a colored man, who had been active for years in this sort of the underground traffic. Parties from Greensburg, induced by the offer of a reward, came and searched the premises, even examining the stack, where the fugitives lay. Not finding them, they again undertook the search, but were met by a considerable party of armed and mounted young men of the neighborhood, and ordered to decamp in haste, which they did. That night, two of the young

men escorted the fugitives to the house of T. L. Donnell, north of Clarksburg, whence they were taken farther north. This incident has some historic value, as being probably the very last instance of the attempted recapture of a slave in the State. The war was already begun, which soon rendered needless resistance to such atrocious proceedings.

These conscientious efforts of a few earnest men to battle against a great national wrong have come to seem, even to their descendants. "An old tale, and often told," and for that reason, we have not thought it worth while to dwell upon its incidents. But one feature of the struggle is well worth remembering, and is often not considered. A man, and still more a community, vigorously engaged for a long term of years in battling for a high principle and against a great social or political evil, can not fail to derive decided intellectual and moral advantage from the conflict. The neighborhood we speak of certainly realized this advantage in no small degree. Wherever its descendants have gone, they have carried some inherited share of the traditions of "Plain living and high thinking," that have made reformers everywhere, "The salt of the earth," even to the third and fourth generation.

FLAT-BOATING ON THE MISSISSIPPI.

The following article is made up of extracts from a journal kept by Samuel Donnell, relating some experiences on the lower Mississippi. In February, 1806, he and a neighbor built a flat-boat on the South Licking, loaded it with flour, ground from the produce of their farms, and proceeded down the Licking, Ohio and Mississippi rivers, disposing of the cargo as they had opportunity. Only a fragment of the journal is preserved, beginning with the thirtysixth page, while the boat lay at Bayou Sara, Miss., about seventyfive miles below Natchez. The lost pages must have given a pretty full account of earlier incidents of the journey, including a stop over Sunday at Cincinnati, where our voyager refreshed himself with a sermon, by Rev. Dr. Wilson, a Presbyterian minister. The journal was written on very coarse paper, but the writing is perfectly distinct after 106 years. The French and Spanish names of the lower Mississippi gave Mr. Donnell some trouble, as he spelled them from sound. But his narrative will be found entertaining, as well as characteristic. From New Orleans, where the journal ends, he walked home, a distance of eight hundred miles, much of it unsettled wilderness, doubtless carrying in specie, the proceeds of his venture. Of a second flat-boat journey he made in 1820, over the same route, some of his children recalled that he brought home an Indian pony, purchased from the Cherokees. On that occasion, he carried a thousand dollars, in silver, and some idea of the difficulty and danger of the trip may be imagined from the fact that such a sum in "Dollars of the Daddies" would weigh about a hundred pounds.

It is note-worthy, that while sufficiently critical of the manners and customs of the natives, nothing is said of the "peculiar institution" which he found much more advanced there than at home, or of the drinking customs he is known to have disapproved. Indeed, on the back of the manuscript, is jotted down a list of provisions for the homeward journey, which shows an almost Falstaffian proportion of drinkables to eatables, as follows:

"Natchez sugar," \$.25; at Point Coupee, sugar, \$.25; at Bayou Sara, coffee and sugar, \$.50; do. sugar, \$.25; do. four bottles whisky, \$1.00; do. potatoes, \$.18; do. one quart whisky, \$.25; provisions for crossing the lake, \$2.00; two quarts of whisky, \$.50; provisions laid

in at Natchez for home, \$2.00; for biscuit, \$2.00; for bacon, \$2.00; coffee, tea, sugar, kettle, tin-cup, whisky, \$5.00.

It will be remembeed that in 1806, Louisiana had been United States territory only three years, and the Spanish province of Florida extended to the east bank of the Mississippi. The first entry is not dated; but the context shows it must have been just prior to March 27, 1806.

EXTRACTS FROM JOURNAL.

Nothing new. My desire of returning home still increasing. The weather is now very warm, the river lower than usual at this season of the year and falling very fast. Two nights ago, we had a frost that nipped the cotton. The farmers have generally planted their cotton and a good deal of it is above ground. They are now preparing to plant corn. The farmers on Bayou Sara and, indeed, in every settlement on the river, will get exceedingly rich in a few years if the price of cotton continues. Some of them have more than a hundred slaves. I am told that many of them make from \$1,200 to \$1,500 annually, and the poorest of them seem able to command money more or less. The present price of cotton is \$25 per hundred, and never less than \$20. But without a reformation, I fear most of them will have all their good things in this life. Since I left Cincinnati, I have not met with a single man, whom I heard converse the pilot at the Falls of the Ohio excepted, who was a Methodist), but what swore profanely, and a vast many of them to a shocking degree. The Kentucky boatmen are a full match for any that can be found in any part of the world. Those in Bayou Sara are not far behind them. As for the French, I cannot understand them, but they appear to be a people given to levity and pay no regard to religion. They do not, I think, appear so fond of drink as the Americans, and are said to be temperate in their eating. It is certain that people in warm climates are more moderate in their diet than in more northern parts.

The present governor of West Florida resides in Baton Rouge, thirty miles below Bayou Sara. There are at present no grants given for lands by the King of Spain; but emigrants to this territory apply to the governor for permission to settle (which a small present will easily secure). I am told that from Natchez to the Lake and then to the Mississippi, a space of country 150 miles in length and 70 or 80 in breadth, is equally as good as any in the world, with a number of fine water courses, some of which will afford good mill sites, a

good part of which is yet to be settled. The water courses are, Bayou Sara, Thomson's Creek, Omichitte and Appalachee.

I have seen a great many fig trees in Point Coupee, which have young figs on them, at this time as large as a hickory nut without the shell. They somewhat resemble a paw paw, both in size and looks, but the leaf has notches on it. I am told that apple trees will not grow more than four or five feet high and will bear but a few years. Peach trees are common, but of inferior size. The peaches are now as large as plums. Fish are very plenty, especially in the mouth of creeks. Alligators are very plenty in the bayous and ponds. They are from fifteen to twenty feet in length, and sometimes drag small cattle, hogs and colts into the water and devour them; and sometimes take hold of people, but are not much feared. Negroes sell amazingly high, from \$500 to \$800 or \$900.

28th. After landing at this place, some of the boats' crews reported that I was a Methodist preacher, which was thought to be the case by several, especially by two Irish gentlemen, merchants of this place. One of them called Major Ellis, the other, a Mr. Stewart. These men would frequently engage in argument with me, arguing against the truth as well as the necessity of religion, and in favor of vice. But as their skill in theology was very small, I found it no difficult task to maintain my ground on the side of religion and vir-These gentlemen having business, this day, at Alexander Stirling's, who is one of the Alcaldes under the Spanish government, they invited me to ride out with them. As the distance was nine miles, said to be one of the finest settlements on the Mississippi, I was glad of the opportunity of seeing the country and accordingly went. Perhaps it will be proper to describe what is understood by an Alcalde. Under the Spanish government, there is in every province or territory, a governor appointed, whose judgment is final unless it be in matters of high importance, when there is an appeal to the Court of Madrid. But if I am rightly informed, their power extends so far as to confine a criminal for life in the King's mines or in the galleys. There are no courts, no juries or lawyers. Under these governors there are alcaldes appointed in every district, whose jurisdiction extends in matters of debt to five hundred dollars. The office and jurisdiction of these alcaldes may be compared to that of a magistrate in the United States. The manner of proceeding in cases of debt is different. The creditor goes before the alcalde, produces the debtor's note, bond or other specialty to prove the debt, or by a witness proves the amount of the claim. The alcalde then, without citing the defendant to appear for trial, issues his execution to the constable, directing him to sell immediately and pay the complainant his money.

On our way from the mouth of Bayou Sara, we passed through what may be called a level country, though in many places it was broken by deep gullies and some disagreeable ponds. The land does not appear as good as in Kentucky. It is mixed with a large portion of sand; but the soil is light and certainly well adapted to the raising of cotton, which is the main article of trade attended to in this part. It appears to raise tolerably good corn, but not equal to that raised in Kentucky. A great part of the land has been covered with large cane. The method they practice in clearing their land is to cut down all the timber in August or September, without topping or heaping the tops, let it lie till the ensuing spring, then set fire to it and all the brush and small trash burn off the ground. They then plant the cotton among the logs with the hoe, which produces the best crop.

The most of the farmers have good houses and tolerable farms, and appear to live plentifully. Their extravagance in living appears at least equal to the prospect they have of riches. At several houses where we called, the best of wine, rum, brandy, etc., was always brought forward; and I am told that rone of the farmers ever dine without having their wine to drink before and after dinner. Through this settlement there is an abundance of timber called magnolia, or the bay tree. From its qualities, I think it the same the psalmist alludes to when he says, "I saw the wicked flourishing like a green bay tree." Upon examining into the qualities of the timber, it will appear to be one of the strongest figures that can be found to represent the state and character of wicked men. In the first place, this species of timber is found in greatest abundance, which proves a very great nuisance to the husbandman. It is fit for no manner of use whatever. It knows no change while permitted to stand, being alike green, summer and winter. To behold it growing, it makes a spacious appearance with broad spreading leaves, but when you come near it, it has a disagreeable smell, and when cut down, it soon decays and moulders into dust, being fit only for fuel at best.

l observe that most of the fencing is made of black and white oak. Poplar, beech, dogwood and mulberry are common in this settlement.

But to return to my story, when we arrived at the Alcalde's, my companions introduced me to this gentleman as a Methodist preacher, who had come on purpose to reform the morals of the citizens. I felt awkward, but let them take their own way. This gentleman I found to be an old Scotchman, plain and blunt in his manners, but possessed of an immense fortune, owning eight miles square of the best of this country, with a multitude of slaves, whose annual profit is \$20,000 clear gain.

Shortly after we arrived, a splendid dinner was brought forward and abundance of the very best wine, with which the guests made themselves merry. After dinner was over, Major Ellis observed that the preacher was very much displeased with the wickedness of the people, but especially with the liberty the men took in making free with the females, swearing that it was nothing but priestcraft that had confined one man to one woman; that, as the author of our existence had given us appetites, the gratification of which was pleasing to nature, he never intended any restraint should be laid upon our nature in any respect.

I objected to his principles, as calculated in their nature and tendency, to destroy all happiness in society, and place human nature in the situation as low, if not lower, than the beasts that perish; that the promiscuous intercourse which he proposed, would soon prove the total destruction of the human race, as it was altogether unreasonable to suppose that mothers would be able to provide for their helpless infants, without any other aid than what their own effort would supply; that if the distinction of families were taken away, this consequence must, of course, follow. I could not help adding with some severity, that for the honor of human nature, I hoped never to hear any man, who made any pretentions to be a gentleman, bring forward such an absurd and degrading proposition. I then endeavored to prove that the gratification of the appetites was far inferior to the pleasure which a virtuous mind possesses, when it is conscious of having maintained its dignity in that state of rational existence in which the author of our being has placed us, and feels the consciousness of having acted in conformity to the will of Him who gave us those rational powers for the most noble purposes, to be employed for his glory and the happiness of our fellow mortals; that those who plead for the unlimited gratification of animal nature ought to be considered as pests to society and enemies of the human race.

After I had enlarged on this subject, praising virtue and trying to degrade vice, the Alcalde swore I talked like a philosopher; that my arguments were unanswerable and would do very well in theory, but—damn him, if human nature could come up to my scheme in practice.

Thus I had the mortification to find that a man of the first con-

sequence in the territory rather took the side of the Prince of Darkness; and however strange and distressing the thought, it is a fact
that I have not met with a man in this part but is an advocate of
vice, both by precept and example, particularly the one alluded to,
which appears to be more predominant here than in any part of
the world.

I have since understood that my opponent, Major Ellis, lives in conformity to his principles as far as opportunity will serve, which in this part, I have reason to believe, is very great. Several young gentlemen who were present and had proposed to return with me, looked shy at me afterwards and declined to ride back with me.

30th. Lord's Day. Oh, to be delivered from the company of those who fear not the Lord. Now I am convinced that the rightcous are with propriety called "The excellent of the earth."

(Note—Descendants of the persons referred to in the foregoing entry were living near Bayou Sara a few years ago.)

April 1st. This day we left Bayou Sara at daybreak, having still on hands 42 barrels of flour, which we intend to sell at the mouth of Thomson's Creek. At 10 a. m., landed at the mouth of Thomson's Creek, being twelve miles below Bayou Sara, an extensive settlement up the creek, where we hope to dispose of the balance of our cargo, being obliged to sell our superfine flour at \$5.00 a barrel, and the fine at \$4.50. At the mouth of this creek I have seen a great many alligators on shore. They are the disagreeablest animal that the human eye ever beheld. They are formed somewhat like a lizard. What I have seen are about twelve or fifteen feet long, their skin a blackish gray, exceeding rough and knotty. Keep me from this country if for no other reason but to avoid the sight of an alligator; for I think they are not very dangerous, being slow in motion. They do not like to stay where there is much concourse of people. This evening, sold twenty barrels of flour.

2d. This day proved very rainy. I think the heaviest I have ever seen. Continued raining all night.

3d. This morning, sold the balance of our flour; our boat, also, for \$26. At 12 o'clock, started in our small pirogue with our luggage for Orleans. At 3 o'clock, passed Baton Rouge on the east side of the river, 140 miles above Orleans. This is the only garrison belonging to Spain on the Mississippi. It is situated on an elevated piece of ground, probably ten or fifteen feet higher than any land in sight. The pickets enclose about three acres, and are set slanting outward, with a bank of clay thrown up inside nearly as high as the pickets. Inside there are a number of well-looking houses. There

are, at this time, five or six hundred troops here. But from its appearance, it cannot be a place of any great strength and appears much fallen to decay. The situation is as handsome as any I have seen on the river. Late this evening we passed the mouth of Bayou Manshak, about ten or twel e miles below the garrison. This is an outlet from the Mississippi and runs into a lake back of Orleans, which communicates with the sea. Keel-boats may run through this bayou into the lake. The line between the United States and Spain is with this bayou, and hence through the lake and to the sea. What is contained between this line and the Mississippi is called the Island of Orleans. As the Mississippi is now lower than was ever known at this season and a boat will not float more than twenty-five miles in twelve hours, I was obliged to row very hard all this evening, and continued rowing all night, it being now full moon. At 10 o'clock, we passed the mouth of Placquemine, which is an outlet from the Mississippi, and joining with the Atchafalaya forms a large lake in the Appalusia country, four hundred miles in length and more in breadth, and then communicates with the sea. Through this channel, Appalusia is supplied with flour, and by it they export their cotton and produce in part. There are at this time, troops of the United States stationed on this lake.

(Note-Mr. Donnell was misled, evidently, by boatmen's stories. There is no such lake.)

4th. Continued rowing. At 10 o'clock a. m., landed at the mouth of Bayou La Fourche. This is another outlet from the Mississippi, similar to Placquemine. It also empties into the same lake. I am told that there is a settlement as thick and as rich as any on the Mississippi. At this place there was a large Roman church. This being Good Friday, a large congregation was assembled, but I had no time to inspect their worship. Continued rowing all night, as I am impatient to reach Orleans, dispatch my business and get home.

5th. This day the wind proved very boisterous, which made it very dangerous sailing for my little canoe. Having all our money on board, I bound my saddle-bags to the canoe, so that if she filled or overset, it might not be lost. Mr. Scruggs, my partner, was on board with me. At 5 p. m., we arrived safe at New Orleans, which I shall describe in its proper place. I will mention a few particulars of the voyage from Point Coupee to this place. From Baton Rouge there may be said to be one continuous settlement, except in a few places where the banks are very low. From the mouth of Bayou La Fourche, there is a continuous levee on both sides; and the whole way the banks look like a town with many very elegant houses. The

proprietors have, in some places, not more than thirty or forty poles in front, and in some, perhaps, a hundred poles. On most of these farms you will see large, elegant houses, two stories high, with four or more brick chimneys. Some of these houses are set up on frames, set up and filled with mortar mixed with Spanish moss and plastered with lime, inside and out, and look as white as lime can be. Some are frame, others brick, all built with galleries around each square, for the sake of gathering fresh air. Some distance below Baton Rouge, the sugar plantations begin. Every able farmer has sugar works. I examined several of their fields. The sugar cane is now eight or ten inches high and much resembles broom corn, when small. When grown, the cane is cut and ground in a mill; the juice stilled and then boiled in large kettles. Sugar sells at ten cents per pound by the quantity. There is an abundance of orange trees, now hanging full of ripe oranges. The orange tree somewhat resembles an apple tree; and the orange resembles a red apple, about the same size, but of a sour taste, and to me, not agreeable. There are several other kinds of fruit trees, of which I could not learn the name. Peach trees are common. Many of the gentlemen have very handsome walks from their doors to the brink of the river, planted with weeping willow, so as to shade from the beams of the sun. The banks of the Mississippi at this season of the year are without doubt as delightful a situation as any in the world; but what they appear in the hot, sickly season I know not. The people now look very healthy. There are some pretty good settlements on the river below this place. It is called a hundred miles to the mouth of the river; and it divides into three channels, about seven miles before reaching the sea.

(Note—The service at St. Louis Cathedral, described in the next entry, was probably regarded by the writer very much as it would have been viewed by one of the old Covenanters; but his habitual sense of propriety led him to refrain from any unfavorable comment.

6th. This being Lord's Day and Easter Sunday, at sunrise, I heard the bell of the Roman Chapel. I immediately went in search of it. About the middle of the city I beheld a large brick building, with a flat roof and a balcony at each front corner, with a large bell in each, and I know not how many small ones. The bells continued playing and a multitude of worshipers filled the large cathedral. The upper floor is about twenty feet high, supported by two rows of large pillars, ten in number. There are two doors in front of the house. Near the principal door stood a stone basin full of holy water. After a small space of time, a person came with a lighted

taper and lighted about fifty wax candles, some of them five feet in length. At the further end of this church, there is enclosed in each corner a room, and parallel with these rooms, there is an iron banister across from one room to the other. Beyond this banister, the floor is elevated about five feet. On the middle of this space is something resembling a desk, with abundance of carved work on the top of it, and on the top, a cross. Below the cross, enclosed in a glass door, is a picture of the Virgin Mary, of a small size, but richly ornamented with gold and jewels. On either side of the Virgin is a picture of a lady, two feet in length, dressed in long, flowing robes, their heads ornamented with crowns, their necks and breasts bare, and their legs exposed to a considerable distance above their knees, having large gilt wings affixed behind each shoulder and spread. A little lower down, enclosed in a door, was a picture, in the center of which is a round medal, larger than a dollar, so smooth as glass, and round it a fringe of gold, five or six inches in length, forming as a whole, a circumference twelve or fifteen inches in diameter. There was a foot stool raised about eighteen inches above the floor. After the people had bowed and crossed themselves for some time, a number of choristers appeared, with white shirts thrown over their other dress. After them a number of small boys appearing in the same dress. Then appeared three old men with beards and their heads shaved, all but a ring around the back of the head, from ear to ear. They were dressed in a long, white robe, belted round the waist with a girdle.

(Note—The entry breaks off abruptly here, and a number of pages are left blank, evidently with the intention of completing a description of the city. But two entries remain.)

Left Orleans at 10 o'clock. Went out to the drawbridge across the canal, which runs nearly parallel to the Mississippi at a distance of three miles. We rode down to the large lake called Pontchartrain. It is thirty miles across. When we entered the lake the wind was favorable and we sailed n. 25 w., which is the course of the passage from the little lake into this. When it became dark, we came to anchor near the mouth of the pass. Before we anchored, the wind was very high and blew all night in the most violent manner. Most of the passengers were sea-sick. At daybreak we entered the passage, which is six miles. We had to row against the wind and current. We entered the little lake, which is twelve miles across, at 10 o'clock. The wind being against us, we had to row across this also. Then proceeding up the river Ticfau, we came to anchor at dark.

toth. This morning at daylight, proceeded by rowing to Bookter's Landing, which is twelve miles from the little lake. Landed at 10 o'clock.

THE FAMILY CHURCHES.

Religion was the rock on which the founders of our family builded. It was a thing to them so vital, and filled so large a space in their lives, that at the risk of inevitable repetition, it seems worth while to give a concise account of the different Presbyterian churches with which they were connected.

Their early historian often emphasizes the fact that they were Presbyterians, as far back as we have any knowledge of the family, and to be a Presbyterian of the Scotch-Irish type meant more than we can easily realize in our degenerate days. Changes of environment have connected many of the present generation with other churches. But the reports furnished show that a very large proportion of the family still belong to the church of their fathers. All our ancestors were farmers, and all therefore were members of, and brought up their children in country churches, which have had so great an influence in moulding the characters of the present generation. In each generation our family has furnished an unusual proportion to the church of elders, and trustees, but almost no ministers. In each branch of the family I can recall but one head in the pulpit.

Thomas Donnell, our second ancestor in America, settled in the bounds of Big Spring church, near Carlisle, Cumberland County, Pennsylvania, where he died, in 1755. This church was organized about 1736, and out of it seems to have grown the First Presbyterian church of Carlisle, Pa. These two churches were long united in the support of a pastor. Their first minister was Rev. Samuel Thompson, of Ireland, who was installed in 1739, remaining with them nine years. Rev. George Duffield, a young man of much ability, who was afterwards chaplain to Congress, and was finally tried for heresy, entered on a long pastorate with them in 1759. We are told that one of the younger sons of Thomas Donnell studied theology with him, for a time, afterward becoming a teacher, and that he married our ancestors, James and Catherine Donnell, and baptized their two oldest children.

When they removed to Augusta County, Virginia, in 1767, they connected themselves with Mr. Graham's church, and when they returned to Pennsylvania they were members of Dr. Power's church, in Westmoreland County. Of the names or history of these two

churches we know nothing. In 1784, the year of the migration of our family to Kentucky, and of James Donnell's death, Rev. David Rice crossed the mountains from Tennessee and began gathering the scattered sheep into congregations, and in 1792, Rev. Robert Finly, a pioneer Presbyterian preacher, from North Carolina, organized in Bourbon and Nicholas counties the two churches of Cane Ridge and Concord. These two country churches long united in the support of a minister, and were about six miles apart. Concord, which became the church home of all of James Donnell's children, was three miles from Carlisle. A large majority of the membership of this church and community, as the name of their county seat shows, came from the vicinity of Carlisle, Pa. Rev. Finly, who was a preacher of much ability, was deposed from the ministry and removed to Ohio in 1796. In the same year the two churches united in a call to a gifted young Virginian of twenty-five, an eloquent preacher, who already had doubts about the Confession of Faith, and afterwards became the first apostle of the Christian (Campbellite) denomination, Rev. Barton Warren Stone. With the coming of the new century one of the most remarkable revivals of religion this country has ever known began in Tennessee, under the preaching of two brothers, McGhee, one a Presbyterian and the other a Methodist, and spread over into Kentucky. The meetings were held in the open air, lasting for days, and were participated in by all denominations, camping on the ground together, and giving to them the name afterward so familiar, "camp meeting." In the spring of 1801 Rev. Barton Stone attended one of these meetings, in Logan County, witnessed the wonderful physical manifestations, and returned to his churches filled with the revival spirit. In a iew days a protracted meeting was held at Concord. The whole country flocked to this meeting, all denominations alike joining in it, and an indescribable religious interest began, the same that had characterized all the other camp meetings. The meetings lasted for five days and nights without intermission. The meeting at Concord was followed, in August, by a great camp meeting at Cane Ridge, for which extensive preparation had been made, and which was the greatest and last of the series. On the opening day the roads were thronged with wagons, horsemen and footmen from all over Kentucky and Ohio. By night the scene was most weird and impressive. A half dozen ministers of different denominations spoke at the same time, in different parts of the ground. The glare of the campfires and hundreds of torches, the solemn chanting of hymns, the impassioned exhortations, and prayers, the sobs and shrieks of convicted sinners, all united to produce a powerful effect upon all present. The most indifferent and hostile spectators were often the unwilling victims of the strange physical manifestations of religious excitement. Many fell to the ground in a deathlike trance. Some had the singing exercise, others the laughing exercises, and still others the dancing exercises. Some were attacked by a nervous motion, called the jerks. The head would be drawn back and forth, sometimes so far that it almost touched the ground. From these violent manifestations the subject always emerged unburt, and joyfully praising God. In spite of their hysterical physical peculiarities, they resulted in sincere conversions and changed lives. The three Donnell brothers, Thomas, Samuel and James, doubtless attended these historic camp meetings, which lasted for a week, and closed only because there was no more food in the country for the more than twenty thousand worshipers.

Three years later, in 1804, Rev. Barton Stone resigned his charges at Concord and Cane Ridge, to withdraw from the Presbyterian, and later assist in forming the Christian denomination, and a large numberfollowed him, especially from Cane Ridge. The only subsequent minister of Concord church, of whom we have any record, is Rev. John Rankin, who in the autumn of 1817 left his native State, Tennessee, on account of slavery, intending to settle in Ohio, and stopping in Carlisle, Ky., accepted a call to Concord church, then vacant. Mr. Rankin's ancestors had been members of the same church and community in Cumberland County, Pennsylvania, with the Donnells, and this formed a bond which has lasted through two generations. He was the pastor of Concord church nearly five years, leaving it for his life work in Ripley, Ohio, in 1822, at the time the exodus to Indiana began. In his Memoir of Samuel Donnell he speaks of it as a church of more than two hundred members, and its remarkable anti-slavery record is given in the article on that subject in this volume. In the spring of 1821 the emigration from Concord church and neighborhood so often chronicled in this book began. By the fall of 1823 it was practically completed, and a large and important part of the Concord church and community had been bodily lifted up, and planted again in the free soil of Indiana.

The Concord church never recovered from this loss. Mr. John Donnell, of Carlisle, Ky., writes us: "I am unable to find out from older people, just when Concord ceased to be a Presbyterian church. In 1862, when the first Presbyterian church of Carlisle was built, all the Concord members transferred their membership to it, except my mother and Mr. Ezra Howe. My mother attended Carlisle church after her removal there. Mr. Howe kept the church in good

repair, and provided services while he lived. At his death it became the property of the Christian denomination, and is still used by them."

On December 18, 1823, the Indiana colonists met at the home of William Henry, on what is now a part of the farm owned by the Wesley Throp heirs, and after a sermon by Rev. Moreland, organized the Sandcreek church. They had no building, and no minister, but meetings for prayer and conference were regularly held, at the homes of the members, led by the elders.

In December, 1825, Rev. Samuel Lowry, brother-in-law of Rev. John Rankin, was called as the first pastor. The next spring a log church was built, just west of the present church, in what is now the cemetery enclosure. Each member subscribed a certain number of logs, rafters, shingles, etc., and small sums of money, to pay for other material, and for carpenters.

We quote the following description of this first church from Orville Thomson's early recollections:

"It was a plain, log building, nicely hewed, corners squared down, chinked and daubed inside and out, with native clay, about twenty-five by forty feet square, slab benches, no backs, or cushions. Here sat all the families of the neighborhood, from the aged grandfather and grandmother down to the infant at the breast. I see them now as then. The venerable Squire Samuel Donnell and family, his sons-in-law, old Andy and young Andy Robison, the sons and daughters of Thomas Donnell (I do not remember the old gentleman), Grandmother Hamilton, her four sons, and her married daughters with their growing families, cousins Robert and Samuel Hamilton, the two Uncle Jimmy Thomsons, Singing Jimmy, and Saddler Jimmy, the two Uncle Hopkinses (John and Washington), Uncle John, Judge Angus C. and Alex McCoy, the Arderys, Antrobuses and others too numerous to mention. There they sat through the long, hot, summer days, through two long sermons."

The log church was succeeded by a brick church, a little north of the first building, a long, low, roomy building, with a high boxed pulpit between the two entrance doors, and a low ceiling, supported by many wooden posts. Rev. Lowry was succeeded by Rev. John Weaver, in 1833. The anti-slavery struggle in the church culminated March 13, 1837, by the withdrawal of thirty-seven members, and the formation of a new church, which survived and became the present Kingston church. This dramatic chapter in our history is fully set forth in "The Anti-slavery Record." The seceding mem-

bers built, in 1840, a small frame church, directly east of the present school building, and afterward used as a school house.

It began as a Congregational church, but united with the new school body, on the division of the Presbyterian church, into old and new school in 1838. It joined in forming the Free Presbyterian church in 1850 or 1851, returning to the new school, and remaining until the two bodies were once more united. For twenty-five years two Presbyterian churches existed side by side, in the little village of Kingston, regular services maintained in both, supported by the country community, and in about 1850 a Methodist church was also built, all finally uniting, at the beginning of the war, into one strong Presbyterian church.

In 1850 a branch church was organized at Clarksburg, and a building erected for the accommodation of those members who lived near Clarksburg and Springhill. Almost all the family of Thomas Donnell were connected with this church, in which Luther Donnell, of Clarksburg, and his family, have always been the main supporters. The two churches are still united under one pastor. Among the ministers of the Kingston church have been Rev. Jonathan Cable, 1844 to 1847; Rev. Benjamin Franklin, from 1847 to 1850; Rev. Benjamin M. Nyce, from 1850 to 1854. He was a teacher of great ability, and all of Samuel Donnell's grandchildren and many of Thomas Donnell's, with the other youth of the neighborhood, owed to him all the higher education they received. In 1854 Rev. Daniel Gilmer, an able preacher, took charge of the church, succeeded in 1857 or 1858 by Rev. William Perkins. In December, 1860, Rev. Arthur Tappan Rankin, a son of Rev. John Rankin, entered on a thirty years pastorate of the one united church of Kingston, a time of unexampled growth and prosperity. The pioneer period was past. Comfortable homes, well improved farms, and good schools had succeeded it. It was the golden age of the Kingston neighborhood and church. All the early pioneers had, by industry and careful management, become men of substance without much changing their simple ways of living. Their children married usually in their own community and settled upon farms around them. The whole neighborhood was like one large family. Their political and religious creed had become the creed of all. They were honored where they had once been ridiculed. Mr. Rankin was a young man, and he gave the community his best years. Largely through his efforts a parsonage was built, a tract of land was added to it, and a \$5,000 endowment fund was bequeathed by pioneer members of the church. The large, old-fashioned frame church, built in 1854, and familiar

to all the present generation, was replaced in 1883 by the handsome modern church of today. During the many revival seasons of the period Mr. Rankin gathered the grandchildren and great-grandchildren of the pioneers into the church. He married them, baptized their children, and performed the last sad rites at many of their graves. He followed to their last resting place, five of the children of Thomas Donnell, and seven of the children of Samuel Donnell. In 1911 Rev. Rankin died, and now sleeps among his old parishioners, in the Kingston cemetery. Rev. J. A. Liggitt became pastor in 1890. In 1892 Rev. Harry Nyce, son of Rev. B. M. Nyce; in 1894, Rev. R. A. Bartlett; in 1901, Rev. Charles Adams; in 1905, Rev. William Scoular; in 1910, Rev. W. E. Hogg. The church at Kingston has suffered heavy losses in recent years from deaths and removals.

"And the names we loved to hear Have been carved for many a year, On the tomb, on the tomb."

The places left vacant have been often worthily filled, and we trust the church which our fathers helped to build, and which they so much loved, will remain in the future generations what it has been in the past, the cherished center of an intelligent, vigorous, and progressive community.

FAMILY REUNIONS.

Some thirty years ago, members of the Donnell family began to hold neighborhood picnics, which grew from small affairs to increasing proportions, including all who cared to attend, friends as well as relatives. It became a custom to hold these gatherings almost every summer, at the residence of J. G. Donnell, northeast of Greensburg. They were called "The Donnell Picnics," but everybody was invited and nearly everybody came, bringing their lunch-baskets, with no program arranged for, but a good time. Sometimes the company consented to be photographed. Games were a prominent feature, in which some of the older men showed their juniors how "fields were won" at "baste, town-ball and bull-pen," when they were boys.

The first formal reunion was held at the Kingston church in 1893, by the Donnell and Hamilton families, to celebrate the seventieth anniversary of their coming to the State. The following joint program was rendered on that occasion:

Prayer, Rev. A. T. Rankin.

Opening address by the chairman, Luther Donnell.

Samuel Donnell, paper by J. Q. Donnell.

Mrs. Mary Eward Hamilton, paper, by Mrs. Samuel L. Jackson.

Selections from auto-biography of Samuel Donnell, Miss Clara Robison.

Sketch of Robert Hamilton, by Thomas Hamilton, read by Miss Edith Patton.

The removal from Kentucky, Miss Camilla Donnell.

Some memorials of our grandparents, Arthur Donnell.

Address, "I Have a Goodly Heritage," Rev. Harry Nyce.

In August, 1909, the largest Donnell reunion ever held took place at the Kingston church, and was attended by about 200 descendants, including representatives from many other counties and states. Among others, Robert M. Miller and family, E. C. Miller, A. O. Neal and family, of Franklin, Ind.; Mr. and Mrs. W. B. McIntyre and daughter, of Minneapolis, Minn.; Cortez Donnell and family, of Abilene, Tex.; W. E. Talbert, wife and daughter, of Cincinnati, Ohio; John Donnell, his daughter, and William Parker, Carlisle, Ky. R. M. Miller presided, J. G. Donnell delivered the address of welcome, and Mrs. A. M. Neal the response. Cortez Donnell, Mr.

and Mrs. McIntyre and others spoke briefly. Historical sketch of the Donnell family, by Miss Camilla Donnell. Our forefathers, original poem, Mrs. W. E. Talbert. The Donnell reunion in 2009, Miss Bertha Miller. Arthur Donnell presided at the organ, and appropriate musical selections were rendered by Mrs. Edgar Mendenhall, E. S. Fee and family, Miss Lois McIntyre, and Mr. and Mrs. Ed. D. Donnell.

At a meeting in the summer following, presided over by Miss Emma Donnell, there were present from a distance, Miss Jessie Thomas, Burlington, Iowa; Mr. and Mrs. Chas. De Hass, Indianapolis, Ind.; and Mrs. Cordelia Donnell and daughter, of Mont Clair, N. J. The program was chiefly made up of impromptu addresses by visitors and others. At a business meeting the matter of preparing a family history was discussed, and J. Q. Donnell and Misses Emma and Camilla Donnell were appointed to prepare and publish such a history, to be ready, if possible, for the meeting of 1912. August 29th has been appointed for this reunion, at which time it is hoped to have the volumes ready for distribution.

With such an auspicious occasion for its reception, the authors trust that in many homes and many States, their labor of love, in spite of many short-comings, may long keep green the memory of worthy ancestors, until, perhaps, in the bigger and brighter world of the twenty-first century, some new and abler historian may add to it the less arduous and more thrilling story of succeeding generations.

MISCELLANEOUS NOTES.

It is the intention to bring together, under this head, such odds and ends of information regarding the Donnell family, as could not readily be incorporated in other sections of this work.

In Pennsylvania Archives, Third Series, Volume 24, page 393, occurs the entry, "James Donnell, warrantees of land, 200 acres, date of survey, March 9, 1742." Also in same series, "James Donnell, Newton Township, Cumberland Co., 1781, for taxation, 2 horses, 1 cattle." Also, "Thomas Donald, in first tax, Hamilton Township, Cumberland Co., 1778, 4 acres, 1 cattle.

In list of taxables of Hopewell, in 1762, are found the following: "Thomas Donald, 100 acres, unwarranted. Moses Donald, 100 acres, unwarranted."

These fragmentary records are of value, as proving conclusively the time and location of the family in Cumberland County, Pennsylvania, as early as 1742, and as late as 1781. The different spelling of the name is easily accounted for, as the error of officials. The James Donnell first mentioned is clearly the second son of the first Thomas Donnell, of whom we have no record, except his name and the fact that he left no children. His land was in Lancaster County, because Cumberland was then included in the former county. The later date would appear to indicate that he spent his life in Cumberland County. The Thomas and Moses Donnell of our history were rather young to have acquired land in 1762, as above indicated, but the titles may have been transmitted through their father, who died in 1755.

Some readers may be interested to know that the famous Natural Bridge of Rockbridge County, Virginia, was within the original limits of Augusta County, where Ancestor James Donnell sojourned for a few years; and that Luray Cavern, one of the most beautiful cave formations, is close to the route he must have followed in his removal to Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania. Even if he had chanced to camp over Sunday, in its immediate vicinity, he would doubtless have thought it a desecration of "The Sabbath Day" to visit it. According to Professor Shaler, both these formations have a similar origin. The Natural Bridge is nothing but a broken down

cave, so to speak. What is now the arch of the bridge was in very ancient times part of the roof of a cavern, the rest of which was worn away by the action of water on the soluable limestone, gradually wearing away the surrounding surfaces, until the bridge was left far above the lower levels.

It is an instructive instance of the untrustworthiness of the best memory that Samuel Donnell, to whose painstaking records this history owes so much, was mistaken as to his own birthday. He always gave it as November 23. It was so inscribed upon his monument, and for that reason is followed here. But in the contemporary record, made or dictated by his parents, quoted in the early history sketch, it is stated that he was born on November 26, 1769, on "The Sabbath Day." Now a little calculation shows that November 26 of that year fell on Sunday, fully confirming the record.

Apropos of the claim that the house, an engraving of which forms the frontis-piece of this volume, is the oldest in Decatur County, the evidence of the fact may be worth giving in detail. The deed to the land upon which it stands was executed by Thomas I. Glass and wife on the 5th of April, 1823. It was signed by James Donnell and Andrew Robison, as witnesses, and is in Samuel Donnell's handwriting, showing that all three were in the county at that date. The house was built before the arrival of the rest of his family, in the following September. It was rather a commodious affair for those days, of hewn logs, two stories high, with four rooms, a stairway, closets and presses above and below, and an outside, brick chimney.

It was afterwards weatherboarded. It was occupied as a dwelling nearly 89 years, and is still habitable. It stands on the Kingston and Clarksburg pike, one-fourth mile east of Wilbur Donnell's residence. If not unquestionably the oldest human structure in the county, except the Indian mounds, it has the most conclusive title to that honor.

The total number of Donnells included in this history is 1127. Of these, 18 belong to the first three generations, 747 are descendants of Thomas Donnell, 294 are descendants of Samuel Donnell, and 68 are descendants of James Donnell. This enumeration does not include descendants of a family who have already been counted as belonging to another family, considerably reducing the total descents from some ancestors, especially Samuel Donnell. None of the family has lived to a very unusual age, Mrs. Mary Robison was

the oldest, being just past eighty-seven at her death. The oldest living member of the family is Mrs. Susan Dyer, who was eighty-five, April 16, 1912.

Of the older generations, whose personal appearance is now remembered, there was rather an unusual family resemblance. Both men and women were above medium height, but none exceptionally tall, with light hair, fair and unusually ruddy complexion, and blue eyes, lively and talkative, full of interest in what was going on about them, sensible with all, and of an open, friendly demeanor.

The following old tax receipt is worth preserving historically, and still more for its illustration of old-fashioned economy and newfashioned extravagance in public expenditure:

"Greensburg, December 30, 1846.

"Received of Thomas and John C. Donnell, \$5.15; in full of State and county taxes for the year 1846.

"Jas. Saunders, Treasurer of Decatur County."

This was the tax on 160 acres of land in Fugit township, which had been bought the year before for \$2,000. The State and county tax on the same land in 1911, including road tax and an assessment of \$500 for improvements, was 156.36. The valuation of the land has probably increased about eight fold, while the tax has increased about thirty fold.

From the first four generations of Donnells, but three letters have survived. The oldest was written by Thomas Donnell, to his daughter Catherine Mathers, in 1815. It is now in the possession of Mrs. Walter Elrod, of Okmulgee, Okla. The other two were from Samuel Donnell, and now belong to Ralph Donnell, Kingston, Ind. The first of these was written from Kentucky, in 1826, when the writer was there on a visit, and believed himself not likely to live to return to Indiana. It is mainly a religious exhortation to his children. The other was written from Pittsburgh, Pa., in 1836, while he was a delegate to the Presbyterian General Assembly of that year. Only a fragment of the letter remains, reporting the proceedings of the assembly, which was engaged in the trial of Albert Barnes for heresy, and in trying to effect a compromise between the old and new school parties on slavery, and to prevent the division of the church, which came two years later. Here is a quotation that shows the lively interest of the writer and the strenuous war going on.

"It is conceded on all sides that we can go no further together. A committee of thirty members has been appointed, to take into consideration the state of the church, and, if possible, point out some plan of compromise. It is not expected that anything can be done. Old school, new school, slave holders, and abolitionists have each held caucus meetings almost every night since the assembly began. We are, in the true sense of the word, 'A house divided against itself.'

This sounds like the Republican National convention of 1912.

Another quotation is no less spirited:

"The colonization Society has an agent here. Several meetings have been held in the churches; and a great effort is being made to put down abolition. The Lord reigneth and will overrule all for the good of the church and his own glory."

These three letters, the old book, referred to elsewhere, and the manuscripts of Samuel Donnell, are believed to be positively the only relics left of these four generations of ancestors. Even their most revered book, the family Bible, with its important records, has not escaped the wreck of time, and the predatory instincts of grand-children.

"Little of all they valued here, Waked on the morn of its hundredth year."

After most of this volume was in type, Dr. Clifton Luther Donnell died at his home in Cincinnati, Ohio, of rheumatic gout, August 16, 1912, and was buried in South Park cemetery, Greensburg, Ind.

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